

## FORMAL END OF THE WAR

Instructions Sent to Commanders to Stop Fighting.

PEACE PROTOCOL SIGNED.

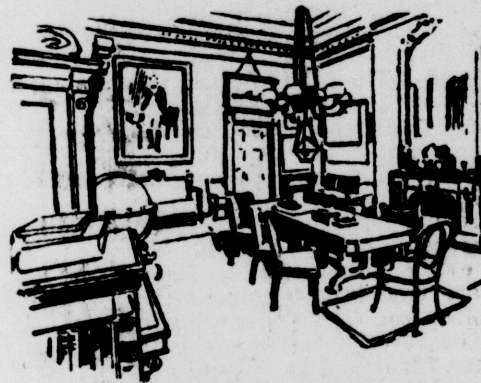
Day Acted For United States and Cambon For Spain.

DONE IN PRESIDENT'S PRESENCE.

The Ceremonies Simple In Keeping With Republican Institutions—Cambon Had Received Cabled Authorization to Sign the Document—President McKinley Thanked, Through the French Ambassador, the Republic of France For the Exercise of Her Good Offices in Helping Bring About Peace.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—With simplicity in keeping with republican institutions the war which has raged between Spain and the United States for a period of three months and 22 days was quietly terminated about 4:23 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Secretary Day, for the United States, and M. Cambon, for Spain, in the presence of President McKinley, signed a protocol which will form the basis of a definite treaty of peace.

At about 2:45 o'clock Secretary Thibaut of the French embassy appeared at the state department to inform Sec



CABINET ROOM, WASHINGTON.

retary Day that the ambassador was in full possession of the note; was fully empowered to sign the protocol for Spain, and only awaited the pleasure of the state department. He intimated that the ambassador would be pleased to have the final ceremony conducted in the presence of President McKinley, where the negotiations were begun. Leaving the secretary of the embassy in his own office, Secretary Day made a short visit to the White House to learn the president's wishes in the matter. The latter immediately consented to accept the suggestion and Mr. Thibaut hastened to inform his principal that the president would receive him at the White House at 4 o'clock.

A driving rainstorm prevailed, obliging all the parties to resort to carriages for transportation to the White House. Secretary Day came first with a large portfolio under his arm, enclosing copies of the protocol, of the proclamation to be issued by the president stopping hostilities and some other necessary papers. He was accompanied by Assistant Secretary Moore, Second Secretary Adee and Third Assistant Secretary Cridler. They went immediately to the cabinet room, where the president sat in waiting. He had invited to be present the assistant secretaries, Pruden and Cortelyou, and Lieutenant Colonel Montgomery.

When Ambassador Cambon reached the White House he and Secretary Thibaut were ushered inside. They went direct to the library, adjoining the cabinet room, on the upper floor. Later they were announced to the waiting party in the cabinet room and were ushered into their presence. After an exchange of diplomatic courtesies, unnecessary loss of time did not occur, and Assistant Secretary of State Cridler, on the part of the United States, and First Secretary Thibaut, on the part of Spain, retired to a window, where there was a critical formal examination of the protocol.

This inspection had all outward formalities due a document of this importance. It was prepared in duplicate at the state department, one copy to be retained by the United States government and the other to become the property of Spain. The text is handsomely engrossed in running old English script.

Each copy of the protocol is arranged in double column, French and English, standing alongside for easy comparison as to the exactness of translation. The two copies are alike, except that this one held by this government has the English text in the first column and the signature of Secretary Day ahead of that of M. Cambon, while the copy transmitted to Spain has French in the first column and the signature of M. Cambon ahead of that of Secretary Day.

The protocol sent to Spain was accompanied by the credentials issued by President McKinley, specially empowering the secretary of state to affix his signature to this document. The authorization was brief and in typewriting, save for the president's bold signature.

Later the American copy of the protocol will be accompanied by the written credentials of the Spanish government sent to M. Cambon, and bearing the signature of Queen Christina. The cable dispatch received by him yesterday conferred full authority to sign the protocol, and stated that the written authorization would follow signed by the queen regent in the name of the king. Prior to the ceremony of yesterday, M. Thibaut showed the cable dispatch to Secretary Day, and it was accepted as sufficient to enable the ambassador to sign in behalf of Spain.

The examination of the protocol was satisfactory and the document was handed to M. Cambon first, and then to Secretary Day, who affixed signatures in that order to each side of the two copies. Then the last detail in making the protocol binding was administered by Assistant Secretary Cridler, in charge of the chancery work, who attached the seal of the United States. Throughout the ceremony all but the two signers remained standing. M. Cambon, in signing for Spain, occupied the seat which Secretary of the Navy Long, now away on a vacation, usually occupied. The president stood at the left hand corner at the head of the great cabinet table. Secretary Day, M. Thibaut and M. Cambon in the order named on left side of the table. The rest of the party were standing in other portions of the room.

No credentials were produced during the meeting at the White House, the president accepting Secretary Day's assurance that this had been settled to his satisfaction at the state department. It was about 4:33 o'clock when the final signatures were attached to the protocol, and within the knowledge of all the officials present this was the first time that a protocol or treaty had been signed at the White House. As this ceremony concluded Acting Secretary Allen of the navy department, Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin appeared, having been summoned to the White House by the president, and they were admitted into the cabinet room just in season to witness one of the most important features of the ceremony when the president requested the hand of the ambassador and through him returned thanks to the sister republic of France for the exercise of her good offices in bringing about peace. He also thanked the ambassador personally for the important part he has played in this matter, and the latter replied in suitable terms. As a further mark of his disposition, President McKinley called for the proclamation which he had caused to be drawn up suspending hostilities, and signed it in the presence of M. Cambon, who expressed his appreciation of the action.

Without delay Acting Secretary Allen hastened to the telephone and directed that cable messages be immediately sent to all of the naval commanders, Dewey in the Philippines, Sampson at Guantanamo, and the various commanders at navy yards and stations to cease hostilities immediately.

There is a dispatch boat at Hongkong and it is believed that it can reach General Merritt in 48 hours at top speed.

On the part of the army, while Secretary Alger availed of the telegraph Adjutant General Corbin braved the storm and rushed across to the war department, where he immediately issued the orders which had been prepared in advance to all of the military commanders, to cease their operations. The state department filled its duty by notifying all diplomatic and consular agents of the action taken.

All the formalities having been disposed of the president spent about half an hour chatting with those present and then at 4:58, the ambassador and his secretary entered their carriage and were driven to the embassy.

### PREPARING CAMP WIKOFF.

Young and Forwood Trying to Get Things Ready at Montauk Point.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Gen Young and Colonel Forwood are trying their utmost to get Camp Wikoff, at Montauk Point, in shape for the great number of troops expected there by rail and transports in the next 36 hours.

### TROOPS FOR MANILA.

Tenth Pennsylvania Recruits and Other Soldiers Likely to Sail Monday Morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—It has been definitely decided at headquarters that the Arizona shall weigh anchor Monday morning. On Sunday afternoon the troops will embark and the vessel will draw into the stream on the evening tide. The Scandia will be ready about Thursday.

It is announced authoritatively that the Third battalion of the Eighteenth infantry, Major Paul commanding; the Third battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, Major Gootale commanding; recruits for Tenth Pennsylvania, Lieutenant Colonel Barnett; recruits for the First Colorado, for the Second Oregon and for the First Nebraska will go to Manila on the Arizona, the capacity of which is 1,600 enlisted men. The Seventh California and part of the Nebraska and Colorado recruits will be assigned to the Scandia.

### The Pope Has Recovered.

ROME, Aug. 13.—The pope has recovered his usual health. He rose yesterday morning and conferred for half an hour with Dr. Laponi, after which he received Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state. During the afternoon the pontiff received others in audience.

## A PROCLAMATION

President Announced the Arrangement of Peace.

WAS SENT TO COMMANDERS.

Spain Expected to Send Similar Instructions to Officers.

WHAT THE PROTOCOL PROVIDES.

An Official Statement Prepared For Publication—The Questions of Cuba, Porto Rico and One of the Ladrone Islands Settled—Two Commissions Provided For—The Peace Commission to Meet in Paris—A Military Commission Is Intended to Meet in Havana.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The president has issued the following proclamation:

By the President of the United States of America. A proclamation:

"Whereas, By a protocol concluded and signed Aug. 12, 1898, by William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and his excellency, Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the republic of France, at Washington, respectively representing for this purpose the government of the United States and the government of Spain, the United States and Spain have formally agreed upon the terms on which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries shall be undertaken; and,

"Whereas, It is in said protocol agreed that upon its conclusion and signature hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military forces;

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do in accordance with the stipulations of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commanders of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts inconsistent with this proclamation.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-third.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY,  
By the president,  
WILLIAM R. DAY,  
Secretary of State

A copy of the proclamation has been cabled to our army and navy commanders. Spain will cable her commanders like instructions.

An official statement for press publication, setting out the provisions of the peace protocol, was read and approved at the cabinet session yesterday.

The protocol in general is a reiteration of the terms of the note given to Spain, with very little difference in the language of those terms, though with considerable supplementary paragraphs of an administrative nature. The most substantial difference is in regard to the evacuation of the captured territory. The note, as handed to Ambassador Cambon, called for immediate evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico, while the protocol leaves the time of evacuation to be subsequently determined upon, the design being to have the date of withdrawal left to be fixed by joint military commission of the United States and Spain.

The protocol provides for two commissions, first, the peace commission, which will meet in Paris, and second, the military commission, which will meet in Havana, probably within 15 days. The military commission will be created immediately on the signing of the protocol. Its duties will be of great importance.

While the particular document signed is properly enough described as a protocol, it is still technically nothing more than that. It is an agreement midway between that and the armistice which usually intervenes between active war and final peace. So far as it goes, this protocol is absolutely a peace treaty. Thus, having provided for the disposition of Cuba, Porto Rico and one of the Ladrone islands, there is nothing more for any peace commission to do in relation to those subjects, their fate is sealed and the protocol in that respect is as binding as any definitive treaty of peace.

Many details remain to be agreed upon, which are not even referred to in the protocol. Such of these as relate to purely military and naval subjects will be referred to a military commission. This commission may encounter some difficulty in making a disposition of the Spanish soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico, and the military and naval prisoners now in the United States. The Spanish government is showing a remarkable unwillingness to provide for the return of soldiers and sailors to Spain.

## NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

Sampson, Schley and Others Advanced, Pending Confirmation by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Among the promotions announced by the naval department yesterday were these, for eminent and conspicuous action in battle, dating from Aug. 10, and dependent on action by the senate:

Commodore William T. Sampson, advanced eight numbers and appointed rear admiral from Aug. 10, 1898, for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle.

Commodore Winfield S. Schley, advanced six numbers and appointed a rear admiral from same date and for same reasons.

Captain John W. Philip, advanced five numbers and appointed a commodore.

Captain Francis J. Higginson, advanced three numbers.

Captain Robley D. Evans, advanced five numbers.

Captain Henry C. Taylor, advanced five numbers.

Captain Francis A. Cook, advanced five numbers.

Captain Charles E. Clark, advanced six numbers.

Captain French E. Chadwick, advanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Richard Wainwright, advanced ten numbers.

Lieutenant Commander John A. Rodgers, advanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Huse, advanced five numbers.

Commander Bowman H. McCalla, advanced six numbers and appointed a captain to restore him to his original place on the navy list.

Among others the following take rank from the same date, but different reasons are assigned for their advancement:

Lieutenant (junior grade) Victor Blue, advanced five numbers for extraordinary heroism.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert W. Huntington, advanced one number and appointed a colonel in the marine corps for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle.

## RAISING OF BLOCKADE.

The Dispatches Sent to Sampson and Remy—Word to Be Hurried to Dewey.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—In accordance with the proclamation issued by the president suspending hostilities orders were issued last evening to the naval commanders at the several stations in the United States, Cuba and the Philippines carrying into effect the directions of the proclamation. The navy department not only transmitted the president's proclamation in full to the several commanders-in-chief, but also gave directions as to the disposition of their vessels. The following orders are in that sense self-explanatory:

NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

Sampson, Santiago

"Suspend all hostilities. Blockade of Cuba and Porto is raised. Howell ordered to assemble vessels at Key West. Proceed with New York, Brooklyn, Indiana, Oregon, Iowa and Massachusetts to Tompkinsville. Place monitors in safe harbor in Porto Rico. Watson transfers his flag to Newark and will remain at Guantanamo. Assemble all cruisers in safe harbors. Order marines north in Resolute.

(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."

NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

Remy, Key West:

"In accordance with the president's proclamation telegraphed you, suspend immediately all hostilities. Commence withdrawal of vessels from blockade. Order blockading vessels in Cuban waters to assemble at Key West.

(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."

The notification to Admiral Dewey was not made public, but Assistant Secretary Allen stated that besides being put in possession of the president's proclamation he was ordered to cease hostilities and raise the blockade of Manila.

In compliance with the orders sent, Admiral Sampson and Commodore Remy will each send a vessel around the coast of Cuba to notify the blockading squadron that the blockade has been raised. Admiral Schley being on the Brooklyn and included in the orders to that vessel will come north with her.

### Shafter Received Word.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—About 11 o'clock last night Adjutant General Corbin received from General Shafter an acknowledgment of the receipt by him of the proclamation of the president. Up to midnight no reply had been received from General Miles, it having been impossible to get into communication with him. All of the corps commanders of the army were notified of the suspension of hostilities.

### Immunes Arrived at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 13.—The Rio Grande arrived yesterday morning with the Fifth volunteer immune regiment, under Colonel Sargent, and the Second regular cavalry. The enlisted men are mainly from Mississippi and Alabama, but there are some from Illinois. The Rio Grande may leave today for Montauk Point with the Ninth and Tenth cavalry.

## RELIEF IS FELT.

President McKinley's Attitude Pleasing to Spain.

LET THE CORTES ALONE.

Did Not Command Its Convocation to Approve Peace Preliminaries.

CHANCE FOR EXTREMISTS TO COOL.

The Cortes Likely Will Not Be Summoned to Meet Until Autumn, by Which Time It Is Thought the Country Will Be More Inclined to Accept Accomplished Facts—The Commission to Meet in the West Indies, It Is Thought, Will Be Composed of Military Men.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—The protocol will be published simultaneously in the official gazettes here and in Washington.

The papers discuss the situation quietly, and great relief is felt in government and court circles that President McKinley has not demanded a convocation of the cortes to approve the peace preliminaries. The cortes will not be summoned until autumn, by which time it is expected that the agitation of the extremists will have cooled down and the country have become more inclined to accept accomplished facts.

The commission to meet in the West Indies will be composed, it is understood, of military officers, and it is believed here that this commission will pave the way for commercial treaties and for a recognition by the United States or Cuba of a portion of the Cuban debt.

The suggestion that Senor Moret, former minister for the colonies, may preside over the Paris commission is not very popular. Various names are mentioned in connection with the commission's personnel, but nothing has yet been settled as to this.

## TO STOP FIGHTING.

The Orders Sent to Merritt, Miles and Shafter to End Hostilities Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The order sent to General Merritt yesterday to suspend hostilities was as follows:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12, 1898.

Merritt, Manila:

"The president directs all military operations against the enemy be suspended. Peace negotiations are nearing completion, a protocol having just been signed by representatives of the two countries. You will inform the commanders of the Spanish forces in the Philippines of these instructions. Further orders will follow. Acknowledge receipt.

"By order of the secretary of war,  
"H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General."

The order sent to General Miles and General Shafter were identical with the above save as to names.

As the order states, further instructions will be sent to each general. General Merritt will be directed to confer with the Spanish commandant at Manila to carry out the terms of the protocol and to occupy Manila immediately. General Miles will put himself in communication with the chief authority in Porto Rico, for the purpose of having Spanish forces turn over San Juan and other points to him preparatory to evacuation. Owing to conditions in Cuba, the orders to General Shafter to be sent hereafter will be much different than those to other generals.

## MILLER REACHED HONOLULU

Believed the Flag Will Not Be Raised Until the Commissioners Arrive From United States.

HONOLULU, Aug. 4, via Victoria, B. C., Aug. 13.—The U. S. S. Philadelphia arrived here yesterday, six days and 30 hours from San Francisco, with Admiral Miller and staff on board, who came for the purpose of raising the American flag over the Hawaiian islands. Admiral Miller has orders to confer with Minister Sewall, and after the conference nothing definite will be decided as to the flag-raising program.

A conference with the Hawaiian government will be held this afternoon. It is generally understood that the flag will not be raised until the commissioners arrive on the 17th inst.

The Japanese imbroglio of 1897 has been settled by the payment of \$75,000 to Japan. In making the payment the government does not admit the justice of the claim or right of Japan to indemnify. The payment was made at the request of President McKinley.

Queen Liliuokalani returned to Hawaii on the 2d inst.

### Weather Forecast.

Fair, preceded by rains in eastern portions; light to fresh northwesterly winds.



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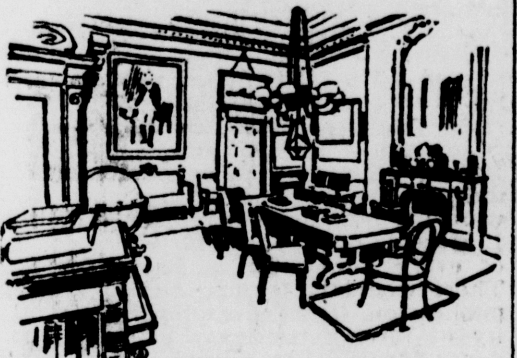
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the part of the United States a suspen-  
sion of hostilities, and do hereby com-  
mand that orders be immediately given  
through the proper channels to the com-  
manders of the military and naval  
forces of the United States to abstain  
from all acts inconsistent with this  
proclamation.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto  
set my hand and caused the seal of the  
United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this  
12th day of August, in the year of our  
Lord, one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-eight, and of the independence  
of the United States, the one hundred  
and twenty-third.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY,  
"By the president,  
"WILLIAM R. DAY,  
Secretary of State

A copy of the proclamation has been  
cabled to our army and navy com-  
manders. Spain will cable her com-  
manders like instructions.

An official statement for press pub-  
lication, setting out the provisions of the  
peace protocol, was read and approved  
at the cabinet session yesterday.

The protocol in general is a reitera-  
tion of the terms of the note given to  
Spain, with very little difference in the  
language of those terms, though with  
considerable supplementary paragraphs  
of an administrative nature. The most  
substantial difference is in regard to the  
evacuation of the captured territory.  
The note, as handed to Ambassador  
Cambon, called for immediate evacua-  
tion of Cuba and Porto Rico, while the  
protocol leaves the time of evacuation to  
be subsequently determined upon, the  
design being to have the date of with-  
drawal left to be fixed by joint military  
commission of the United States and  
Spain.

The protocol provides for two com-  
missions, first, the peace commission,  
which will meet in Paris, and second,  
the military commission, which will  
meet in Havana, probably within 15  
days. The military commission will be  
created immediately on the signing of  
the protocol. Its duties will be of great  
importance.

While the particular document signed  
is properly enough described as a proto-  
col, it is still technically nothing more  
than that. It is an agreement midway  
between that and the armistice which  
usually intervenes between active war  
and final peace. So far as it goes, this  
protocol is absolutely a peace treaty. Thus,  
having provided for the disposition of  
Cuba, Porto Rico and one of the Lad-  
rone islands, there is nothing more for  
any peace commission to do in relation  
to those subjects, their fate is sealed and  
the protocol in that respect is as bind-  
ing as any definitive treaty of peace.

Many details remain to be agreed  
upon, which are not even referred to in  
the protocol. Such of these as relate  
to purely military and naval subjects  
will be referred to a military commis-  
sion. This commission may encounter  
some difficulty in making a disposition  
of the Spanish soldiers in Cuba and  
Porto Rico, and the military and naval  
prisoners now in the United States.  
The Spanish government is showing a  
remarkable unwillingness to provide  
for the return of soldiers and sailors to  
Spain.

## NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

Sampson, Schley and Others Advanced.  
Pending Confirmation by the  
Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Among the  
promotions announced by the naval de-  
partment yesterday were these, for emi-  
nent and conspicuous action in battle,  
dating from Aug. 10, and dependent on  
action by the senate:

Commodore William T. Sampson, ad-  
vanced eight numbers and appointed  
rear admiral from Aug. 10, 1898, for  
eminent and conspicuous conduct in  
battle.

Commodore Winfield S. Schley, ad-  
vanced six numbers and appointed a  
rear admiral from same date and for  
same reasons.

Captain John W. Philip, advanced  
five numbers and appointed a commo-  
dore.

Captain Francis J. Higginson, ad-  
vanced three numbers.

Captain Robley D. Evans, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Henry C. Taylor, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Francis A. Cook, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Charles E. Clark, advanced  
six numbers.

Captain French E. Chadwick, ad-  
vanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Richard  
Wainwright, advanced ten numbers.

Lieutenant Commander John A.  
Rodgers, advanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Huse, ad-  
vanced five numbers.

Commander Bowman H. McCalla, ad-  
vanced six numbers and appointed a  
captain to restore him to his original  
place on the navy list.

Among others the following take  
rank from the same date, but different  
reasons are assigned for their advance-  
ment:

Lieutenant (junior grade) Victor  
Blue, advanced five numbers for extra-  
ordinary heroism. Lieutenant Colonel  
Robert W. Huntington, advanced one  
number and appointed a colonel in the  
marine corps for eminent and conspicu-  
ous conduct in battle.

## RAISING OF BLOCKADE.

The Dispatches Sent to Sampson and  
Remy—Word to Be Hurried  
to Dewey.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—In accord-  
ance with the proclamation issued by  
the president suspending hostilities or-  
ders were issued last evening to the  
naval commanders at the several sta-  
tions in the United States, Cuba and  
the Philippines carrying into effect the  
directions of the proclamation. The  
navy department not only transmitted  
the president's proclamation in full to  
the several commanders-in-chief, but  
also gave directions as to the disposi-  
tion of their vessels. The following or-  
ders are in that sense self-explanatory:

NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

Sampson, Santiago

"Suspend all hostilities. Blockade of  
Cuba and Porto is raised. Howell or-  
dered to assemble vessels at Key West.  
Proceed with New York, Brooklyn, In-  
diana, Oregon, Iowa and Massachusetts  
to Tompkinsville. Place monitors in  
safe harbor in Porto Rico. Watson  
transfers his flag to Newark and will  
remain at Guantanamo. Assemble all  
cruisers in safe harbors. Order marines  
north in Resolute.

(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."  
NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

Remy, Key West:

"In accordance with the president's  
proclamation telegraphed you, suspend  
immediately all hostilities. Commence  
withdrawal of vessels from blockade.  
Order blockading vessels in Cuban  
waters to assemble at Key West.

(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."

The notification to Admiral Dewey  
was not made public, but Assistant Sec-  
retary Allen stated that besides being  
put in possession of the president's  
proclamation he was ordered to cease  
hostilities and raise the blockade of  
Manila.

In compliance with the orders sent,  
Admiral Sampson and Commodore  
Remy will each send a vessel around  
the coast of Cuba to notify the blockad-  
ing squadron that the blockade has  
been raised. Admiral Schley being on  
the Brooklyn and included in the orders  
to that vessel will come north with her.

### Shafter Received Word.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—About 11  
o'clock last night Adjutant General  
Corbin received from General Shafter  
an acknowledgement of the receipt by  
him of the proclamation of the presi-  
dent. Up to midnight no reply had  
been received from General Miles, it  
having been impossible to get into com-  
munication with him. All of the corps  
commanders of the army were notified  
of the suspension of hostilities.

### Immunes Arrived at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 13.—The  
Rio Grande arrived yesterday morning  
with the Fifth volunteer immune regi-  
ment, under Colonel Sargent, and the  
Second regular cavalry. The enlisted  
men are mainly from Mississippi and  
Alabama, but there are some from Illi-  
nois. The Rio Grande may leave today  
for Montauk Point with the Ninth and  
Tenth cavalry.

## RELIEF IS FELT.

President McKinley's Attitude  
Pleasing to Spain.

LET THE CORTES ALONE.

Did Not Command Its Convocation to  
Approve Peace Preliminaries.

CHANCE FOR EXTREMISTS TO COOL.

The Cortes Likely Will Not Be Sum-  
moned to Meet Until Autumn, by Which  
Time It Is Thought the Country Will  
Be More Inclined to Accept Accom-  
plished Facts—The Commission to Meet  
in the West Indies, It Is Thought, Will  
Be Composed of Military Men.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—The protocol will  
be published simultaneously in the offi-  
cial gazettes here and in Washington.

The papers discuss the situation  
quietly, and great relief is felt in gov-  
ernment and court circles that Presi-  
dent McKinley has not demanded a  
convocation of the cortes to approve the  
peace preliminaries. The cortes will  
not be summoned until autumn, by  
which time it is expected that the agi-  
tation of the extremists will have cooled  
down and the country have become  
more inclined to accept accomplished  
facts.

The commission to meet in the West  
Indies will be composed, it is under-  
stood, of military officers, and it is be-  
lieved here that this commission will  
pave the way for commercial treaties  
and for a recognition by the United  
States or Cuba of a portion of the  
Cuban debt.

The suggestion that Senor Moret,  
former minister for the colonies, may  
preside over the Paris commission is  
not very popular. Various names are  
mentioned in connection with the com-  
mission's personnel, but nothing has  
yet been settled as to this.

## TO STOP FIGHTING.

The Orders Sent to Merritt, Miles and  
Shafter to End Hostilities  
Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The order  
sent to General Merritt yesterday to  
suspend hostilities was as follows:  
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12, 1898.

Merritt, Manila:

"The president directs all military  
operations against the enemy be sus-  
pended. Peace negotiations are near-  
ing completion, a protocol having just  
been signed by representatives of the  
two countries. You will inform the  
commanders of the Spanish forces in  
the Philippines of these instructions.  
Further orders will follow. Acknowl-  
edge receipt.

"By order of the secretary of war,  
"H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General."

The order sent to General Miles and  
General Shafter were identical with  
the above save as to names.

As the order states, further instruc-  
tions will be sent to each general.  
General Merritt will be directed to con-  
fer with the Spanish commandant at  
Manila to carry out the terms of the  
protocol and to occupy Manila imme-  
diately. General Miles will put him-  
self in communication with the chief  
authority in Porto Rico, for the pur-  
pose of having Spanish forces turn  
over San Juan and other points to him  
preparatory to evacuation. Owing to  
conditions in Cuba, the orders to Gen-  
eral Shafter to be sent hereafter will  
be much different than those to other  
generals.

## MILLER REACHED HONOLULU

Believed the Flag Will Not Be Raised  
Until the Commissioners Arrive  
From United States.

HONOLULU, Aug. 4, via Victoria, B.  
O., Aug. 13.—The U. S. S. Philadelphia  
arrived here yesterday, six days and 20  
hours from San Francisco, with Ad-  
miral Miller and staff on board, who  
came for the purpose of raising the  
American flag over the Hawaiian isl-  
ands. Admiral Miller has orders to con-  
fer with Minister Sewall, and after the  
conference nothing definite will be de-  
cided as to the flag-raising program.

A conference with the Hawaiian gov-  
ernment will be held this afternoon.  
It is generally understood that the flag  
will not be raised until the commis-  
sioners arrive on the 17th inst.

The Japanese imbroglio of 1897 has  
been settled by the payment of \$75,000  
to Japan. In making the payment the  
government does not admit the justice  
of the claim or right of Japan to in-  
demnify. The payment was made at  
the request of President McKinley.

Queen Liliuokalani returned to Ha-  
waii on the 2d inst.

### Weather Forecast.

Fair, preceded by rains in eastern  
portions; light to fresh northwesterly  
winds.



Clearance  
Bargains  
In Shoes.  
For three days we  
will sell  
Tan Shoes  
at unheard of prices.  
Cost will not be con-  
sidered in this sale.  
What we want is,  
get rid of them.

W. H. GASS,  
220  
Diamond.

PERFECT IN FIELDING

Toadix Carey Made a Record  
Last Week.

SHAW IS GETTING IN FORM

But Nothing Great Has Been Heard From  
Him Since He Returned to Pittsburg  
Sporting Notes of Interest to Local Peo-  
ple.

George Carey in the last six games played with the Minneapolis club, out of 25 times at bat, has made eight hits which gives him a batting average of .320 for the week. In fielding he has 69 putouts and one assist without an error which gives him a perfect fielding average.

Bobby Cargo is playing splendid ball with the Canandaigua team in the New York league.

In the notes Sporting Life says: "Catcher Shaw, of the Pittsburg club who was injured in Little Rock during spring practice, joined the team last week. He had an operation performed on his knee that kept him in the house all summer, but is rounding into form again."

Joe Carey, George Kennedy, Ted Kennedy, Phillip McShane and Emmerring are today in Alliance playing with the Crescents, of Wellsville. If the Liverpool players were taken from the Wellsville team they would have no club.

The boys who will today play ball with New Cumberland against Toronto will do their utmost to win.

STILL IN NEED.

Red Cross Society Wants More Helping  
Hands.

The Red Cross society will hold a meeting at the parish house of St. Stephen's church next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

A letter has come from headquarters which thanks the ladies for the 161 finished garments they have already sent and showing the need of others.

The society would like to have more ladies interested in the work, and earnestly request assistance. Material for garments can be had at the parish house, all of it cut ready for sewing.

On the River.

Yesterday and today 260,000 bushels of coal went south on the river. The shipment was a very small one, and it is the last of the large amount of coal stored in the Pittsburg harbor.

The rain yesterday was general and reports from above indicate a rise in the river. At this point the Ohio fell several feet during the night and this morning the marks showed 14 feet. The present stage will last several days and will prolong packet business.

The Bedford and Cummings were down last night, and the Keystone State is due down tonight. The Virginia, Avalon and Kanawha are due up tomorrow, and all are scheduled to arrive on time.

Synopsis of Middleman.

Act. I. Reception room of Joseph Chandler.  
Act. II. A room in Blenkarm's house.  
Act. III. The kilns.  
Act. IV. Retribution.

Looking For a Boy.

Chief Johnson has been requested by the Washington, D. C., police to look out for a 15-year-old boy who left his home a few weeks ago and went west.  
The youth when last seen was in company with a man about 22 years of age, and was selling medicine.

# THE TREATY OF PEACE.

Formalities Involved In Ending the War With Spain.

## THE COMMISSIONERS OF PEACE.

Their Duties, Rank, Number and Politics.  
The Opening Ceremonies—How a Treaty Is Prepared and Signed—It Will Be In Manuscript Form—Ceremony of Ratification—Commissioners' Seal Rings.

It has been exactly a half century since Uncle Sam has been party to a treaty of peace. Within that time many new chapters have been added to laws of diplomacy. Furthermore, just as we have done in our conduct of the war, we will establish many precedents in the method of its conclusion.

The peace commissioners to treat with Spain will rank as envoys extraordinary. The president is not limited as to who they shall be or how many he may appoint. Neither will it be necessary for him to select the same number as commissioned by our enemy. None of our treaties of peace has thus far been signed by a commission equally divided as to number. Our peace commissioners may be men of almost any position in official or civil life whom the president may select and whom the senate may see fit to confirm. Of course, it would be discourteous to Spain should men of inferior rank and ability be commissioned. It was charged that England endeavored to display her contempt for us by appointing men of little consequence to act for her in the treaty of Ghent, which closed the war of 1812. Our peace commissions thus far have included our most distinguished diplomats, a speaker of the house of representatives, an ex-United States senator, a chief clerk of the state department, and a citizen from private life. In 1814 the senate rejected Albert Gallatin, appointed on the commission to close the second war with Great Britain, because he was then secretary of the treasury, but he was afterward reappointed and confirmed.

Precedent will permit Mr. McKinley to represent both of the great political parties on the commission if it consists of more than one. There is no strict rule as to the place of meeting during the preparations of the treaty. In the usual order of diplomatic events a neutral state would be selected, but a precedent contrary to this was established for us in 1848, when the treaty concluding the Mexican war was signed in Mexican territory.

The peace commission will have attached to it a secretary, with several assistants, private secretaries, stenographers, interpreters and messengers. The first meeting of the two commissions will open with a ceremonious exchange of credentials, each commissioner on each side showing his power, certified in writing by his minister of foreign affairs or secretary of state. The credentials of our commissioners will be modest typewritten sheets, while those of the Spanish commissioners will be very elaborate and verbose, giving at length the full title of each holder. The first named of our commissioners, who will act as president of and chief spokesman for his delegation, will probably begin the practical part of the negotiations by reading at length the demands and ultimatum of President McKinley. An adjournment will then be taken probably until the following day to enable the spokesman of the Spanish side to take time to communicate to his home government by cable if necessary and prepare his reply and the translation of it. A firm demand as to territorial distribution and the continuance of the war up to the ratification of the treaty will reduce parleying and diplomatic fencing to a minimum. Should Spain refuse our demands there will doubtless be an adjournment of the commission, the two delegations returning home and reporting their failure to their respective governments.

The treaty will be drawn upon large sheets of the heaviest white linen paper, folio size. It will be in manuscript throughout. The entire text will be in two columns, one in English and the other, an exact translation, in Spanish. All treaties signed in Washington are carefully written by an expert penman employed by the diplomatic bureau of the state department. He writes a steel plate, copybook hand, using only the very blackest of black inks. A great treaty, such as a treaty of peace, between nations usually commences "In the name of the Most Holy and Undivided Trinity." When Turkey, not a trinitarian nation, is party "In the name of Almighty God" is substituted. The former was written in bold, shaded letters across the head of the treaty of Paris, neither was employed in the treaty of Ghent, and the latter in the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, which concluded the Mexican war. At least two original copies and perhaps several certified copies will be signed, the latter for convenience. One original copy will be placed on file in the ministry of foreign affairs in Spain, the other in our state department. The latter will be kept in a large manilla envelope upon a pigeonhole shelf marked "Spain," in

one of a series of cupboards in the division of rolls and library. The pages will be bound together with silk baby ribbon, both ends of which will be brought around over the last page, bearing the signatures of the commissioners and sealed with the same wax as will be placed opposite each name. The signatures will be in a column running lengthwise with the page. Each American commissioner will do well to take with him on his mission a handsome seal ring. A peace commissioner is permitted to use his personal seal opposite his signature. These impressions will be to the left of the signatures, in red wax. The Spaniards' seals will doubtless be very elaborate, bearing their family coat of arms.

The treaty of peace having been signed, it need not even then be accepted by the president unless it thoroughly satisfies him. If it be consistent with his instructions to the commissioners, he will immediately transmit it to the senate, convened probably in special session for the occasion. The direct representatives of the people will have no vote upon it, and therefore will have no hand in the conclusion of the war. The senate's deliberations prior to ratification of the last treaty of peace lasted three weeks. Some interesting discussions are bound to occur pending ratification of the forthcoming treaty. By the stands they will take for and against so called "imperialism" senators will be the first legislators to lay what will doubtless be foundation stones for brand new political divisions in the future. After having been referred to the committee on foreign relations the treaty will be printed and considered if necessary behind closed doors. On the final vote two-thirds of the senators present will be necessary to ratify it. Then the final step in the making of peace will be the proclamation of the treaty by the president.

Should there be prospects of long drawn out deliberation by the peace commission over minor details it might be agreed to submit first a preliminary treaty. This would settle such points as the disposition of Spain's island possessions, other matters holding over for more leisurely treatment after the close of hostilities. A preliminary treaty, however, would be binding in every detail so far as it might go. The minor details would relate to the return of prisoners, the regulation of proprietary and personal rights and obligations, the resumption of commerce and the distribution of the lesser spoils of war.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### A Wise Answer.

It takes but an ordinary man to return an angry answer to an insult. The extraordinary man is he who, under such circumstances, holds himself so well under control that he controls his adversary also.

Persia once possessed such a man and was clear sighted enough to make him a judge. He was the chief judge of Bagdad in the reign of Caliph Hadee, and his name was Abou Yousuf. He was a very wise man, for he knew his own deficiencies and was actually sometimes in doubt as to whether he possessed sufficient wisdom to give a just decision in cases peculiarly shrouded in mystery.

It is related of him that on one occasion, after patient investigation of facts, he decided that he had not sufficient knowledge to pronounce on the case before him. There was in his presence a pert courtier, one of those men who take long to learn that wisdom and impudence are not closely related.

"Pray, do you expect that the caliph is to pay you for ignorance?" he asked, hoping to place the judge at a disadvantage.

"I do not," was the mild reply. "The caliph pays me—and pays me well—for what I do know. Were he to attempt to pay me for what I do not know the treasures of his empire would not suffice."—Youth's Companion.

### A Fascinating Stranger.

"A Worcester man," says the Worcester Gazette, "who makes frequent trips to Europe fell in with a fascinating stranger the last time he was across. The stranger, who may be designated as Ferguson because that does not sound at all like his real name, was an American, his manners were those of a gentleman, and he seemed to be well supplied with money and to know a great many people worth knowing. In conversation with the Worcester man one day Ferguson said: 'Worcester is a charming city, and I have some very dear friends there. I presume you know Colonel E. J. Russell? He is an old and highly esteemed friend, to whom I am deeply indebted for many favors.'

"When the Worcester man returned home, he met Colonel Russell one day and in course of conversation remarked that he had met a man in Europe who said that he was an old friend. Colonel Russell thought for a moment, and then he replied: 'Oh, yes, I remember Ferguson very well! I ought to, for he lived with me for seven years once. It was when I was warden of the state prison at Charlestown, and I will say that Ferguson was one of the quietest and best behaved prisoners that I ever had.'

### A New Industry.

Mrs. Marion Leland of New York has developed a new industry by giving readings from newspaper clippings of Hobson's exploit and the cutting of the cables at Cardenas.

# EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Lesson For the Week Beginning Aug. 14.  
Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M.  
Topic, Helping Others.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Isa. xli, 6, 7. "They helped every one his neighbor, and every one said to his brother, Be of good courage."  
That is the way true Israelites do. That is practical Christianity. It is not the spirit or style of the Ishmaelites. With them every man's hand is against his neighbor. It is a fight in which every man is for himself. One against all and all against every one.

Slowly the world is learning the lesson of mutual helpfulness. For long ages noblemen have been those who compelled others to serve them. Slaves were the ones compelled to serve. It has seemed impossible for any society to exist that was not founded on this distinction in classes. Physical strength, intellectual acuteness, hereditary transmission or whatever basis was assumed, the result was largely the same—some are destined to be servants and others to be served. The noble ones are the served, the base ones are the forced workers.

Oftentimes it has been held that the ignoble must have no hope of bettering their condition. Their highest virtue was submission and contentment in serving. Sometimes it has been recognized that the base could under favoring circumstances and in isolated cases rise into the ranks of the refined and masterful.

The spirit of Israelism is in direct antagonism to this genius of heathenism. It bases all human society on the recognition of the mutual rights of men and their mutual obligation to helpfulness. God is the Father of all. Hence men are brothers and should be brotherly in spirit and action. The world and its powers are the vineyard of Jehovah, where all must work as His children. This labor is the duty of all. Envy, jealousy, strife, should have no place.

Some are weak in body, others deficient in mind and many lack in the true spirit of manliness and godliness. Those more richly endowed are not to be contemptuous over their less favored fellows, but compassionate. No one lives or can live by himself. Each is in large measure dependent upon others. Each needs the love and helpfulness of all.

Not only is there the individual good to be reached. Society itself is to be enlarged and enriched. Combination is inevitable and necessary to the highest development and the noblest achievement. Co-operation of bodies, minds and spirits will bring grander results than any system of forced subordination can do. Slavery is as bad for the master as for the slave and ruinous to the free neighbor in competition.

The only possible permanent society of men must be based on mutual respect, regard and helpfulness. This is Christianity at work.

### Secretary A. B. Leonard.

The Missionary society is the most prominent connectional benevolent organization of the Methodist Episcopal church. Its secretaries are elected by the general conference every four years. Men of recognized ability in the management of affairs have always been sought for these positions. Dr. Leonard is recognized as a leader of great force of character, decided convictions and resourceful tact. He is an ardent advocate of total abstinence and prohibition as well as an inspiring leader of the



missionary forces. On the platform he speaks with energy and carries conviction to the minds of his hearers. He has traveled extensively among the conferences in the States and has made a visit to our missions in China and Japan. Two other secretaries share with him the work of administration of the affairs of the society. It needs men of strong physique, alert minds and genuine piety for these positions.

### Vacation.

"The devil never takes a vacation." How often that has been thrust at some overworked and tired out minister or Christian layman who was seeking change of scene and recuperation of exhausted energies. If the devil never rests, that is no reason men should not. The Master often called the disciples away from the crowd and from the perplexities of the work to rest body, brain and spirit. Some people boast that they never took a vacation in all their lives. Most likely they never needed or deserved one. Some never work hard



What infinite care and pride a woman takes in her wedding trousseau. How fine and fit every dainty gown and filmy bit of lingerie must be. But how about herself, her own fine and delicate physical organism? Has this most important of all considerations been neglected? Has she any weakness or ailment which is going to unfit and incapacitate her for happy marriage?

No woman is fit to marry who has any unhealthy condition of the special structure most intimately concerned in wifehood and motherhood. No modest reluctance should prevent her seeking immediate relief from such troubles. There is no need of the mortifying examinations so detestable to sensitive-minded women. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is daily curing thousands of women of these troubles in the privacy of their homes.

The "Favorite Prescription" is the only proprietary remedy of its kind prepared by an educated, authorized physician. There is hardly a case so obstinate that it will not completely and permanently cure.

Mrs. Emma G. Clover, of Redkey, Jay Co., Indiana, in a letter to Dr. Pierce, says: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to anyone who suffers with any female disease. When I was in my teens I was always sick. I took your medicines before I was married, and now I am a well person. I am now twenty-three. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and can recommend them all."

It is a druggist's business to sell you, not to tell you, what you want.

# VETERAN ANDERSON

Talks of War and the Legacy That Was Left Him for His Share in It.

Like every city in our republic, East Liverpool has its share of veterans, who, in spite of pensions, are paying dearly for the privilege that they had in enduring the exposure, hardships, toil, sickness and risk of death for the glory of their country in the "late unpleasantness." If the testimonials received from old soldiers who endorse all the claims for Doan's Kidney Pills—and these same are now disappearing in the localities where they were unearthed—were published in East Liverpool, they would fill every column of every newspaper in East Liverpool. There would be nothing gained by their publication, for neither quantity nor quality of foreign testimony can touch evidence furnished by a local citizen. Read what Mr. Wm. Anderson, of 305 Lisbon street, says:

"During the Civil War I enlisted and served three years in the 43d Ohio Infantry. From the exposure during the war I attribute my late trouble which bothered me more or less ever since, some attacks being much worse than others. Severe aching and weakness in the loins so bad at times that I could scarcely get around, and muscular rheumatism of recent years, all seemed to have centered in my kidneys. In the mornings when first getting up I was very dizzy until I had moved around for a time, and my nervous system became affected, causing a fluttering and fullness around the heart. Seeing an advertisement in the Review, I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the W. & W. Pharmacy, and took them. The first few doses gave me relief. The improvement was gradual, but continued as the medicine got more thoroughly in the system. I firmly believe Doan's Kidney Pills will, in every case, as they did in mine, prove the justness of the claims made for them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

# MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Falling Memory, Insanity, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CENTS in each case or refund the money. Price \$1.00 per package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$5.00. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

enough to feel tired and never carried enough weight on shoulders or heart to need much change.

The great mass of people need change and ought to get it. The more exhausting the work the more time is needed for restoration of the balance of energy. Take time to get away from your work. Rest the eyes by change of scene. See how beautiful the world is. Breathe deep, see afar. Rest every power in the best way. Sleep, eat, enjoy things, go slowly, take in much even if you do not go far. Avoid hurry and worry and work of your common kind. Rest that you may work better and longer.

### Gladstone and Ireland.

Only a stern sense of duty induced Mr. Gladstone in his seventy-seventh year to endeavor to bring about the pacification of Ireland. "I shall win," he said when he appealed to the country, "or be hunted out of public life." "What do you think of Mr. Gladstone now?" asked a Liberal M. P. of Mr. Healy at the close of Mr. Gladstone's speech introducing home rule. "I think," replied Mr. Healy, "that he has elected to be crucified for Ireland."—Birmingham (England) Post.



## Clearance Bargains In Shoes.

For three days we will sell

## Tan Shoes

at unheard of prices. Cost will not be considered in this sale. What we want is, get rid of them.

W. H. GASS, 220 Diamond.

## PERFECT IN FIELDING

Toadix Carey Made a Record Last Week.

### SHAW IS GETTING IN FORM

But Nothing Great Has Been Heard From Him Since He Returned to Pittsburg. Sporting Notes of Interest to Local People.

George Carey in the last six games played with the Minneapolis club, out of 25 times at bat, has made eight hits which gives him a batting average of .320 for the week. In fielding he has 69 putouts and one assist without an error which gives him a perfect fielding average.

Bobby Cango is playing splendid ball with the Canandaigua team in the New York league.

In the notes Sporting Life says: "Catcher Shaw, of the Pittsburg club who was injured in Little Rock during spring practice, joined the team last week. He had an operation performed on his knee that kept him in the house all summer, but is rounding into form again."

Joe Carey, George Kennedy, Ted Kennedy, Phillip McShane and Emmerring are today in Alliance playing with the Crescents, of Wellsville. If the Liverpool players were taken from the Wellsville team they would have no club.

The boys who will today play ball with New Cumberland against Toronto will do their utmost to win.

### STILL IN NEED.

Red Cross Society Wants More Helping Hands.

The Red Cross society will hold a meeting at the parish house of St. Stephen's church next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

A letter has come from headquarters which thanks the ladies for the 161 finished garments they have already sent and showing the need of others.

The society would like to have more ladies interested in the work, and earnestly request assistance. Material for garments can be had at the parish house, all of it cut ready for sewing.

### On the River.

Yesterday and today 260,000 bushels of coal went south on the river. The shipment was a very small one, and it is the last of the large amount of coal stored in the Pittsburg harbor.

The rain yesterday was general and reports from above indicate a rise in the river. At this point the Ohio fell several feet during the night and this morning the marks showed 14 feet. The present stage will last several days and will prolong packet business.

The Bedford and Cummings were down last night, and the Keystone State is due down tonight. The Virginia, Avalon and Kanawha are due up tomorrow, and all are scheduled to arrive on time.

### Synopsis of Middleman.

Act. I. Reception room of Joseph Chandler.

Act. II. A room in Blenkarm's house.

Act. III. The kilns.

Act. IV. Retribution.

### Looking For a Boy.

Chief Johnson has been requested by the Washington, D. C., police to look out for a 15-year-old boy who left his home a few weeks ago and went west.

The youth when last seen was in company with a man about 22 years of age, and was selling medicine.

## THE TREATY OF PEACE.

Formalities Involved In Ending the War With Spain.

### THE COMMISSIONERS OF PEACE.

Their Duties, Rank, Number and Politics. The Opening Ceremonies—How a Treaty Is Prepared and Signed—It Will Be In Manuscript Form—Ceremony of Ratification—Commissioners' Seal Rings.

It has been exactly a half century since Uncle Sam has been party to a treaty of peace. Within that time many new chapters have been added to laws of diplomacy. Furthermore, just as we have done in our conduct of the war, we will establish many precedents in the method of its conclusion.

The peace commissioners to treat with Spain will rank as envoys extraordinary. The president is not limited as to who they shall be or how many he may appoint. Neither will it be necessary for him to select the same number as commissioned by our enemy. None of our treaties of peace has thus far been signed by a commission equally divided as to number. Our peace commissioners may be men of almost any position in official or civil life whom the president may select and whom the senate may see fit to confirm. Of course, it would be discourteous to Spain should men of inferior rank and ability be commissioned. It was charged that England endeavored to display her contempt for us by appointing men of little consequence to act for her in the treaty of Ghent, which closed the war of 1812. Our peace commissions thus far have included our most distinguished diplomats, a speaker of the house of representatives, an ex-United States senator, a chief clerk of the state department, and a citizen from private life. In 1814 the senate rejected Albert Gallatin, appointed on the commission to close the second war with Great Britain, because he was then secretary of the treasury, but he was afterward reappointed and confirmed.

Precedent will permit Mr. McKinley to represent both of the great political parties on the commission if it consists of more than one. There is no strict rule as to the place of meeting during the preparations of the treaty. In the usual order of diplomatic events a neutral state would be selected, but a precedent contrary to this was established for us in 1848, when the treaty concluding the Mexican war was signed in Mexican territory.

The peace commission will have attached to it a secretary, with several assistants, private secretaries, stenographers, interpreters and messengers. The first meeting of the two commissions will open with a ceremonious exchange of credentials, each commissioner on each side showing his power, certified to in writing by his minister of foreign affairs or secretary of state. The credentials of our commissioners will be modest typewritten sheets, while those of the Spanish commissioners will be very elaborate and verbose, giving at length the full title of each holder. The first named of our commissioners, who will act as president of and chief spokesman for his delegation, will probably begin the practical part of the negotiations by reading at length the demands and ultimatum of President McKinley. An adjournment will then be taken probably until the following day to enable the spokesman of the Spanish side to take time to communicate to his home government by cable if necessary and prepare his reply and the translation of it. A firm demand as to territorial distribution and the continuance of the war up to the ratification of the treaty will reduce parleying and diplomatic fencing to a minimum. Should Spain refuse our demands there will doubtless be an adjournment of the commission, the two delegations returning home and reporting their failure to their respective governments.

The treaty will be drawn upon large sheets of the heaviest white linen paper, folio size. It will be in manuscript throughout. The entire text will be in two columns, one in English and the other, an exact translation, in Spanish. All treaties signed in Washington are carefully written by an expert penman employed by the diplomatic bureau of the state department. He writes a steel plate, copybook hand, using only the very blackest of black inks. A great treaty, such as a treaty of peace, between nations usually commences "In the name of the Most Holy and Undivided Trinity." When Turkey, not a trinitarian nation, is party "In the name of Almighty God" is substituted. The former was written in bold, shaded letters across the head of the treaty of Paris, neither was employed in the treaty of Ghent, and the latter in the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, which concluded the Mexican war. At least two original copies and perhaps several certified copies will be signed, the latter for convenience. One original copy will be placed on file in the ministry of foreign affairs in Spain, the other in our state department. The latter will be kept in a large manilla envelope upon a pigeonhole shelf marked "Spain," in

one of a series of cupboards in the division of rolls and library. The pages will be bound together with silk baby ribbon, both ends of which will be brought around over the last page, bearing the signatures of the commissioners and sealed with the same wax as will be placed opposite each name. The signatures will be in a column running lengthwise with the page. Each American commissioner will do well to take with him on his mission a handsome seal ring. A peace commissioner is permitted to use his personal seal opposite his signature. These impressions will be to the left of the signatures, in red wax. The Spaniards' seals will doubtless be very elaborate, bearing their family coat of arms.

The treaty of peace having been signed, it need not even then be accepted by the president unless it thoroughly satisfies him. If it be consistent with his instructions to the commissioners, he will immediately transmit it to the senate, convened probably in special session for the occasion. The direct representatives of the people will have no vote upon it, and therefore will have no hand in the conclusion of the war. The senate's deliberations prior to ratification of the last treaty of peace lasted three weeks. Some interesting discussions are bound to occur pending ratification of the forthcoming treaty. By the stands they will take for and against so called "imperialism" senators will be the first legislators to lay what will doubtless be foundation stones for brand new political divisions in the future. After having been referred to the committee on foreign relations the treaty will be printed and considered if necessary behind closed doors. On the final vote two-thirds of the senators present will be necessary to ratify it. Then the final step in the making of peace will be the proclamation of the treaty by the president.

Should there be prospects of long drawn out deliberation by the peace commission over minor details it might be agreed to submit first a preliminary treaty. This would settle such points as the disposition of Spain's island possessions, other matters holding over for more leisurely treatment after the close of hostilities. A preliminary treaty, however, would be binding in every detail so far as it might go. The minor details would relate to the return of prisoners, the regulation of proprietary and personal rights and obligations, the resumption of commerce and the distribution of the lesser spoils of war.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### A Wise Answer.

It takes but an ordinary man to return an angry answer to an insult. The extraordinary man is he who, under such circumstances, holds himself so well under control that he controls his adversary also.

Persia once possessed such a man and was clear sighted enough to make him a judge. He was the chief judge of Bagdad in the reign of Caliph Hadeed, and his name was Abou Yusuph. He was a very wise man, for he knew his own deficiencies and was actually sometimes in doubt as to whether he possessed sufficient wisdom to give a just decision in cases peculiarly shrouded in mystery.

It is related of him that on one occasion, after patient investigation of facts, he decided that he had not sufficient knowledge to pronounce on the case before him. There was in his presence a pert courtier, one of those men who take long to learn that wisdom and impudence are not closely related.

"Pray, do you expect that the caliph is to pay you for ignorance?" he asked, hoping to place the judge at a disadvantage.

"I do not," was the mild reply. "The caliph pays me—and pays me well—for what I do know. Were he to attempt to pay me for what I do not know the treasures of his empire would not suffice."—Youth's Companion.

### A Fascinating Stranger.

"A Worcester man," says the Worcester Gazette, "who makes frequent trips to Europe fell in with a fascinating stranger the last time he was across. The stranger, who may be designated as Ferguson because that does not sound at all like his real name, was an American, his manners were those of a gentleman, and he seemed to be well supplied with money and to know a great many people worth knowing. In conversation with the Worcester man one day Ferguson said: 'Worcester is a charming city, and I have some very dear friends there. I presume you know Colonel E. J. Russell? He is an old and highly esteemed friend, to whom I am deeply indebted for many favors.'

"When the Worcester man returned home, he met Colonel Russell one day and in course of conversation remarked that he had met a man in Europe who said that he was an old friend. Colonel Russell thought for a moment, and then he replied: 'Oh, yes, I remember Ferguson very well! I ought to, for he lived with me for seven years once. It was when I was warden of the state prison at Charlestown, and I will say that Ferguson was one of the quietest and best behaved prisoners that I ever had.'

### A New Industry.

Mrs. Marion Leland of New York has developed a new industry by giving readings from newspaper clippings of Hobson's exploit and the cutting of the cables at Cardenas.

## EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Lesson for the Week Beginning Aug. 14.

Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M.

Topic, Helping Others.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Isa. xli, 6, 7. "They helped every one his neighbor, and every one said to his brother, Be of good courage."

That is the way true Israelites do. That is practical Christianity. It is not the spirit or style of the Ishmaelites. With them every man's hand is against his neighbor. It is a fight in which every man is for himself. One against all and all against every one.

Slowly the world is learning the lesson of mutual helpfulness. For long ages noblemen have been those who compelled others to serve them. Slaves were the ones compelled to serve. It has seemed impossible for any society to exist that was not founded on this distinction in classes. Physical strength, intellectual acuteness, hereditary transmission or whatever basis was assumed, the result was largely the same—some are destined to be servants and others to be served. The noble ones are the served, the base ones are the forced workers.

Often times it has been held that the ignoble must have no hope of bettering their condition. Their highest virtue was submission and contentment in serving. Sometimes it has been recognized that the base could under favoring circumstances and in isolated cases rise into the ranks of the refined and masterful.

The spirit of Israelism is in direct antagonism to this genius of heathenism. It bases all human society on the recognition of the mutual rights of men and their mutual obligation to helpfulness. God is the Father of all. Hence men are brothers and should be brotherly in spirit and action. The world and its powers are the vineyard of Jehovah, where all must work as His children. This labor is the duty of all. Envy, jealousy, strife, should have no place.

Some are weak in body, others deficient in mind and many lack in the true spirit of manliness and godliness. Those more richly endowed are not to be contemptuous over their less favored fellows, but compassionate. No one lives or can live by himself. Each is in large measure dependent upon others. Each needs the love and helpfulness of all.

Not only is there the individual good to be reached. Society itself is to be enlarged and enriched. Combination is inevitable and necessary to the highest development and the noblest achievement. Co-operation of bodies, minds and spirits will bring grander results than any system of forced subordination can do. Slavery is as bad for the master as for the slave and ruinous to the free neighbor in competition.

The only possible permanent society of men must be based on mutual respect, regard and helpfulness. This is Christianity at work.

### Secretary A. B. Leonard.

The Missionary society is the most prominent connexional benevolent organization of the Methodist Episcopal church. Its secretaries are elected by the general conference every four years. Men of recognized ability in the management of affairs have always been sought for these positions. Dr. Leonard is recognized as a leader of great force of character, decided convictions and resourceful tact. He is an ardent advocate of total abstinence and prohibition as well as an inspiring leader of the



REV. A. B. LEONARD, D. D.

missionary forces. On the platform he speaks with energy and carries conviction to the minds of his hearers. He has traveled extensively among the conferences in the States and has made a visit to our missions in China and Japan. Two other secretaries share with him the work of administration of the affairs of the society. It needs men of strong physique, alert minds and genuine piety for these positions.

### Vacation.

"The devil never takes a vacation." How often that has been thrust at some overworked and tired out minister or Christian layman who was seeking change of scene and recuperation of exhausted energies. If the devil never rests, that is no reason men should not. The Master often called the disciples away from the crowd and from the perplexities of the work to rest body, brain and spirit. Some people boast that they never took a vacation in all their lives. Most likely they never needed or deserved one. Some never work hard



What infinite care and pride a woman takes in her wedding trousseau. How fine and fit every dainty gown and filmy bit of lingerie must be. But how about herself, her own fine and delicate physical organism? Has this most important of all considerations been neglected? Has she any weakness or ailment which is going to unfit and incapacitate her for happy marriage?

No woman is fit to marry who has any unhealthy condition of the special structure most intimately concerned in wifehood and motherhood. No modest reluctance should prevent her seeking immediate relief from such troubles. There is no need of the mortifying examinations so detestable to sensitive-minded women. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is daily curing thousands of women of these troubles in the privacy of their homes.

The "Favorite Prescription" is the only proprietary remedy of its kind prepared by an educated, authorized physician. There is hardly a case so obstinate that it will not completely and permanently cure.

Mrs. Emma G. Clover, of Redkey, Jay Co., Indiana, in a letter to Dr. Pierce, says: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to anyone who suffers with any female disease. When I was in my teens I was always sick. I took your medicine before I was married, and now I am a well person. I am now twenty-three. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and can recommend them all."

It is a druggist's business to sell you, not to tell you, what you want.

## VETERAN ANDERSON

Talks of War and the Legacy That Was Left Him for His Share in It.

Like every city in our republic, East Liverpool has its share of veterans, who, in spite of pensions, are paying dearly for the privilege that they had in enduring the exposure, hardships, toil, sickness and risk of death for the glory of their country in the "late unpleasantness." If the testimonials received from old soldiers who endorse all the claims for Doan's Kidney Pills—and these same are now disappearing in the localities where they were unearthed—were published in East Liverpool, they would fill every column of every newspaper in East Liverpool. There would be nothing gained by their publication, for neither quantity nor quality of foreign testimony can touch evidence furnished by a local citizen. Read what Mr. Wm. Anderson, of 305 Lisbon street, says:

"During the Civil War I enlisted and served three years in the 43d Ohio Infantry. From the exposure during the war I attribute my late trouble which bothered me more or less ever since, some attacks being much worse than others. Severe aching and weakness in the loins so bad at times that I could scarcely get around, and muscular rheumatism of recent years, all seemed to have centered in my kidneys. In the mornings when first getting up I was very dizzy until I had moved around for a time, and my nervous system became affected, causing a fluttering and fullness around the heart. Seeing an advertisement in the Review, I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the W. & W. Pharmacy, and took them. The first few doses gave me relief. The improvement was gradual, but continued as the medicine got more thoroughly in the system. I firmly believe Doan's Kidney Pills will, in every case, as they did in mine, prove the justness of the claims made for them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

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## WELLSVILLE.

### TWO CROWDED TRAINS

Carried Railroadmen and Their Families

### TO THE ANNUAL PICNIC

Twenty-two Cars Loaded With Wellsville People, While Six Cars Came From Bellaire—Profane Language Caused an Arrest—All the News of Wellsville.

Wellsville was lost to a great many people today, the occasion being the twentieth annual picnic of the employees of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road.

All arrangements were completed some time ago, and this morning when the trains were ready to leave there were enough people to fill 22 coaches from Wellsville alone, while Bellaire sent six filled with a merry crowd. The train was made up of two sections, and the run to Alliance was made in sufficient time to give all a pleasant day's outing in Rockhill grove.

The morning was taken up with races, and in the afternoon the Crescents faced a ball team from Cleveland. A purse of \$20 doubtless made Wellsville's plucky team play their best. A balloon ascension by Professor Kincaid followed the game, and the Pennsylvania volunteers, on guard at the works of the Morgan Engineering company, gave an exhibition drill. Haines' band of Liverpool, and a Cleveland band were engaged for the day.

The excursionists will be home early this evening.

#### Church News.

Christian church, Rev. H. W. Miller, pastor—Owing to the pastor's absence there will be no preaching tomorrow. Other church services will be held as usual.

Methodist Episcopal church — The pastor being absent the regular morning and evening services will be dispensed with. Sabbath school and Epworth league services will be held at the usual hours.

First Presbyterian church—In the absence of the pastor Rev. C. S. McClelland, of Pittsburg, will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor—Services will be held morning and evening at the usual hours, conducted by the pastor.

Methodist Protestant church, Reverend Stephenson pastor—Morning and evening services will be conducted by the pastor at the usual hours.

#### Tendered a Reception.

A large number of people assembled at the United Presbyterian church last night, the occasion being a reception tendered Rev. J. G. Kennedy. Not only were many of his former parishioners present, but other friends in the city gathered to greet him.

Refreshments were served, and a delightful evening spent.

#### Chicken Fights.

A number of Wellsville boys crossed the river to Oongo yesterday afternoon, and before they returned had lost almost all the money they had on the chickens they hoped would whip the Liverpool birds present. It is also said a number of parties from Chester were in the crowd. The number of birds is not known.

#### An Arrest.

Joseph E. Wilkinson was arrested on complaint made by W. J. Horten, and taken before Squire Riley. Wilkinson was charged with using profane and threatening language. The case was dismissed.

#### Vacation Ended.

The vacation of the attorneys ended today, and as almost all have returned from their visits business will be brisk Monday morning, when every office will be open.

#### The News of Wellsville.

Miss Maggie Smith, who has been visiting Mrs. Ed Anderson for three weeks, was summoned to Wheeling this morning by the death of her little niece at that place.

Reverend and Mrs. R. C. Ackerman, of Elizabeth, Pa., are spending a short vacation with Mrs. Ackerman's parents Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Tarr. Reverend Ackerman will fill the pulpit of a brother minister in Youngstown tomorrow and return again to complete his visit.

Many people from this place have attended campmeeting during the week, and others will be at Hollow Rock next week.

The parties who are interested in the

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

## SPECIALS

For Friday, Saturday and Monday.

### Table Linens, Towels and Crashes.

500 yards 5c bleached cotton crash, 3c a yard.  
1000 yards 7c bleached and checked linen crash, 5c a yard.  
10 pieces good Turkey red damask, 15c a yard.  
5 pieces 64 inch wide 60c bleached damask, 39c yd.  
10 doz. 20c linen towels, 18x36, for 12½c each.  
5 doz. 40c fine linen towels, 24x45, 25c each.

### Ready Made Garments.

All our 39c wash waists for 25c each,  
All our \$1.25 and \$1.35 wash waists for 95c.  
All our \$1 light wrappers for 50c each.  
All our \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 light wrappers for 98c each.  
A lot of \$1.75 and \$2.00 separate skirts for \$1.25 each.  
A lot of \$5 and \$6 separate skirts for \$3.50 each.  
A lot of 50 and 59c ladies' corsets for 38c a pair.  
Odd lots of ladies' muslin underwear, in gowns,

skirts, corset covers and drawers, at about 50c on the dollar.

A lot of children's lace caps at 9c each.  
A lot of children's dresses at 24c each.

### Wash Goods and Domestic.

A lot of 10 and 12½c wash goods; your choice 5c a yard.  
A lot of 15 and 18c wash goods; your choice 7½c a yard.  
25 yards good white tennis flannel for \$1.  
Remnants of 10c unbleached canton flannel, 7c a yard.  
The best 5c light calicos 3c a yard.

### Three Drives in Umbrellas.

A good 26 inch school umbrella at 38c each.  
A better grade, plain or fancy handle, 48c each.  
A regular \$1 grade, steel rod, celluloid handle, 79c each.

## A Ribbon Bargain.

Selling lots of Ribbons, and why not, when we are selling 35c Fancy Ribbons at 14c a yard. You can buy yourself rich this week by taking advantage of these Special Bargains. Don't forget to visit our Remnant Counter.

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

extension of the street railway through the West End are not discouraged, and propose to push the matter until it is finally settled.

#### The English Smart Set.

To what a condition has "smart society" fallen! Any one may become a leading light in it, provided that he or she is ready to pay the footing. He or she can at any moment find a person to bid guests to their feasts and any number of guests, guaranteed to be "smart people," will accept the invitations. A year or two ago an American lady intent on fashion took a large house, and an introducer sent out her invitations. At her first party there were many of her own friends present. The introducer explained to her that the right set of people would not come if they were exposed to this promiscuity with those who were not in it. Finally it was agreed that the hostess might invite ten friends to each party, but not more.

What I have never understood is where the pleasure comes in of going to several parties the same evening. Yet there are many apparently sane persons who do this every evening during the season. At each party they probably have to wait at least half an hour before getting out of their carriage and getting back into it when they want to go away. They struggle up stairs, show themselves, stay perhaps half an hour and then hurry off to the next party. Why they should like this mode of spending their evenings no one except themselves can imagine. There is no costermonger's donkey so overworked as a woman bent on society. — London Truth.

#### Land For Homesteads.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Three hundred and sixty-seven thousand acres of land will be restored to the public domain in Minnesota, and on Oct. 5 next entries for homestead titles can be made. The land is in the Duluth and Crookston districts and is a part of the Red Lake Indian reservation.

#### WANTED.

WANTED—A limited number of persons to do writing at their homes. Twenty-five cents paid for every hundred words. Promptness and good work necessary. Applications must be accompanied by ten cents for particulars. Address The Sioux City Business College, Sioux City, Ia.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

#### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three front rooms for offices. Inquire of the Eagle Hardware company.

## SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



### Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

## ELECTRICITY!

THE OHIO ELECTRIC CO.

Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

J. A. SWANEY.

Telephone 130-3.

### Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM \$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY, Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

The Press OF THE NEWS REVIEW. RUMS CONSTANTLY

## Have You Inspected It?— Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

### News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.



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Wellsville was lost to a great many people today, the occasion being the twentieth annual picnic of the employees of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road.

All arrangements were completed some time ago, and this morning when the trains were ready to leave there were enough people to fill 22 coaches from Wellsville alone, while Bellaire sent six filled with a merry crowd. The train was made up of two sections, and the run to Alliance was made in sufficient time to give all a pleasant day's outing in Rockhill grove.

The morning was taken up with races, and in the afternoon the Crescents faced a ball team from Cleveland. A purse of \$20 doubtless made Wellsville's plucky team play their best. A balloon ascension by Professor Kincaid followed the game, and the Pennsylvania volunteers, on guard at the works of the Morgan Engineering company, gave an exhibition drill. Haines' band of Liverpool, and a Cleveland band were engaged for the day.

The excursionists will be home early this evening.

#### Church News.

Christian church, Rev. H. W. Miller, pastor—Owing to the pastor's absence there will be no preaching tomorrow. Other church services will be held as usual.

Methodist Episcopal church—The pastor being absent the regular morning and evening services will be dispensed with. Sabbath school and Epworth league services will be held at the usual hours.

First Presbyterian church—In the absence of the pastor Rev. C. S. McClelland, of Pittsburg, will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor—Services will be held morning and evening at the usual hours, conducted by the pastor.

Methodist Protestant church, Reverend Stephenson pastor—Morning and evening services will be conducted by the pastor at the usual hours.

#### Tendered a Reception.

A large number of people assembled at the United Presbyterian church last night, the occasion being a reception tendered Rev. J. G. Kennedy. Not only were many of his former parishioners present, but other friends in the city gathered to greet him.

Refreshments were served, and a delightful evening spent.

#### Chicken Fights.

A number of Wellsville boys crossed the river to Congo yesterday afternoon, and before they returned had lost almost all the money they had on the chickens they hoped would whip the Liverpool birds present. It is also said a number of parties from Chester were in the crowd. The number of birds is not known.

#### An Arrest.

Joseph E. Wilkinson was arrested on complaint made by W. J. Horten, and taken before Squire Riley. Wilkinson was charged with using profane and threatening language. The case was dismissed.

#### Vacation Ended.

The vacation of the attorneys ended today, and as almost all have returned from their visits business will be brisk Monday morning, when every office will be open.

#### The News of Wellsville.

Miss Maggie Smith, who has been visiting Mrs. Ed Anderson for three weeks, was summoned to Wheeling this morning by the death of her little niece at that place.

Reverend and Mrs. R. C. Ackerman, of Elizabeth, Pa., are spending a short vacation with Mrs. Ackerman's parents Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Tarr. Reverend Ackerman will fill the pulpit of a brother minister in Youngstown tomorrow and return again to complete his visit.

Many people from this place have attended campmeeting during the week, and others will be at Hollow Rock next week.

The parties who are interested in the

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

## SPECIALS

For Friday, Saturday and Monday.

### Table Linens, Towels and Crashes.

500 yards 5c bleached cotton crash, 3c a yard.  
1000 yards 7c bleached and checked linen crash, 5c a yard.  
10 pieces good Turkey red damask, 15c a yard.  
5 pieces 64 inch wide 60c bleached damask, 39c yd.  
10 doz. 20c linen towels, 18x36, for 12½c each.  
5 doz. 40c fine linen towels, 24x45, 25c each.

### Ready Made Garments.

All our 39c wash waists for 25c each,  
All our \$1.25 and \$1.35 wash waists for 95c.  
All our \$1 light wrappers for 50c each.  
All our \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 light wrappers for 98c each.  
A lot of \$1.75 and \$2.00 separate skirts for \$1.25 each.  
A lot of \$5 and \$6 separate skirts for \$3.50 each.  
A lot of 50 and 59c ladies' corsets for 38c a pair.  
Odd lots of ladies' muslin underwear, in gowns,

skirts, corset covers and drawers, at about 50c on the dollar.

A lot of children's lace caps at 9c each.  
A lot of children's dresses at 24c each.

### Wash Goods and Domestic.

A lot of 10 and 12½c wash goods; your choice 5c a yard.  
A lot of 15 and 18c wash goods; your choice 7½c a yard.  
25 yards good white tennis flannel for \$1.  
Remnants of 10c unbleached canton flannel, 7c a yard.  
The best 5c light calicos 3c a yard.

### Three Drives in Umbrellas.

A good 26 inch school umbrella at 38c each.  
A better grade, plain or fancy handle, 48c each.  
A regular \$1 grade, steel rod, celluloid handle, 79c each.

## A Ribbon Bargain.

Selling lots of Ribbons, and why not, when we are selling 35c Fancy Ribbons at 14c a yard. You can buy yourself rich this week by taking advantage of these Special Bargains. Don't forget to visit our Remnant Counter.

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

extension of the street railway through the West End are not discouraged, and propose to push the matter until it is finally settled.

#### The English Smart Set.

To what a condition has "smart society" fallen! Any one may become a leading light in it, provided that he or she is ready to pay the footing. He or she can at any moment find a person to bid guests to their feasts and any number of guests, guaranteed to be "smart people," will accept the invitations. A year or two ago an American lady intent on fashion took a large house, and an introducer sent out her invitations. At her first party there were many of her own friends present. The introducer explained to her that the right set of people would not come if they were exposed to this promiscuity with those who were not in it. Finally it was agreed that the hostess might invite ten friends to each party, but not more.

What I have never understood is where the pleasure comes in of going to several parties the same evening. Yet there are many apparently sane persons who do this every evening during the season. At each party they probably have to wait at least half an hour before getting out of their carriage and getting back into it when they want to go away. They struggle up stairs, show themselves, stay perhaps half an hour and then hurry off to the next party. Why they should like this mode of spending their evenings no one except themselves can imagine. There is no costermonger's donkey so overworked as a woman bent on society.—London Truth.

#### Land For Homesteads.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Three hundred and sixty-seven thousand acres of land will be restored to the public domain in Minnesota, and on Oct. 5 next entries for homestead titles can be made. The land is in the Duluth and Crookston districts and is a part of the Red Lake Indian reservation.

#### WANTED.

WANTED—A limited number of persons to do writing at their homes. Twenty-five cents paid for every hundred words. Promptness and good work necessary. Applications must be accompanied by ten cents for particulars. Address The Sioux City Business College, Sioux City, Ia.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

#### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three front rooms for offices. Inquire of the Eagle Hardware company.

## SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



### Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

## ELECTRICITY!

THE OHIO ELECTRIC CO.

Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

J. A. SWANEY.

Telephone 130-3.

### Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM

\$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the

POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY

Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

OF THE  
The Press NEWS REVIEW.  
HUMS CONSTANTLY

## Have You Inspected It?

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent  
JOB and BOOK WORK  
turned out at the....

### News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the  
News Review  
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LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

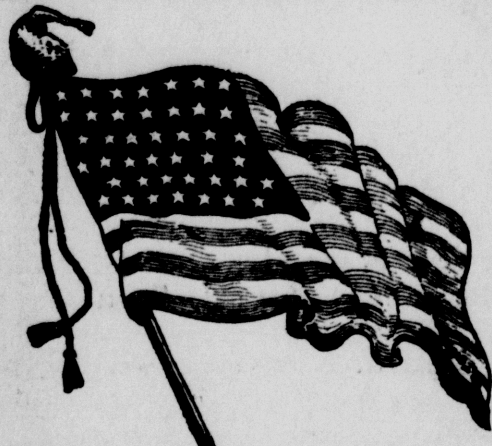
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 13.



## UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



## "REMEMBER THE MAINE."

THE handsome posters announcing the Labor day demonstration are from the job department of the News Review.

SPAIN'S position is, if anything, worse now than at any time since the recent troubles began. She now stands shorn of her power, and the world is anxiously awaiting that display of honor it has heard so much about.

SOME of the Democratic leaders have been talking of the probable issues of the campaign. They should get together before submitting to interviews, and thus prevent swallowing some nasty words before election day.

## OUR SOLDIERS.

The story has been sent out from Santiago that East Liverpool's soldiers have broken away from the restraint of military discipline and among other things have looted a jewelry store, returning to camp with the sparkling evidences of the guilt on their fingers.

The News Review has at present no definite information on the matter, but its correspondent, Sergeant Trump, reported the trip to Santiago in question in his last letter, and said nothing of robbery and lawlessness, hinting only that some of the members of the company had neglected the formality of a pass and were being punished.

The News Review does not believe that any members of Company E are guilty of the crime charged to them. When the boys marched away on that bright morning last April they were young men of good character. Everybody knows almost all of them, and no one could question their morals. They have since that time been located at Columbus, Camp Alger and Santiago, but never until this time has there been one word against them. They have done their duty like the men they are, each one feeling that they had the honor of the city they represented in their keeping. They have been praised because they proved to be the best company of the best regiment of Ohio, and have always been recognized as good soldiers. Their friends visited them before they left the country, and in every instance the report they brought to this place was one which made the average citizen feel proud of Captain Hill and his men.

Since leaving the country we have heard nothing except from members of the command and the correspondent of a Pittsburg paper who seems to have lost cast in the regiment. The boys have recounted their joys and sorrows on Cuban soil, and the other source of information uses a portion of his paper to brand certain of the company as guilty of robbery. East Liverpool prefers to believe the boys, and will take the word of its townsmen before they swallow that which seems to be the imagination of a stranger. The city is glad Company E is made up of Liverpool men, and looking upon everyone as innocent until he is convicted on evidence better than the word of a sensational correspondent, takes off its hat and cheers the boys. They deserve it, for have they not done their duty to their country, are they not worthy the highest confidence? And one word spoken against them at this time is treason to the city.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hill, of Third street, spent the day in Pittsburg.

# WILL KNOW SOON

Whether the Trust Will Be a Reality.

## FOREIGN CAPITAL INVESTED

While Some New York Men Are Interested, the Greater Part of the Purchase Price Is to Come From Over the Sea. Personal Representative of Intending Investors Will Be Here Next Week to Look Over the Plants—All Options Have Been Turned Over to the Company—Fear of a Strike Is One Cause Assigned For the Willingness of Local Men to Sell.

Since it was announced a few months ago that an effort was being made to place all the potteries of the United States under one management so much mystery has surrounded the matter that it was next to impossible to secure facts. Every manufacturer approached either did not know anything about the negotiations, or he had given his promise to say nothing. As the weeks passed and the deal was not consummated there were leading men connected with the enterprise who feared it would never become a success. This week, however, has brought out some developments, and now it is known that the very near future will see the matter settled.

The first really important bit of information to come to light is the fact that J. P. Morgan, the great New York trust maker, has nothing whatever to do with it, even if he knows of the existence of the project. The men who will go down into their pockets for the millions required to buy the potteries of East Liverpool and Trenton are foreigners, with the possible exception of a few New York capitalists, and they are not heavily interested. They have, as a matter of course, abundant means at their command, and are in position to make the deal, provided they can see in it the return they expect from all large investments. Whether they are English, German or French is not known, but there are reasons for the belief that the last named nationality will at least be represented very well. Any Americans who may become interested will not control a sufficient amount of stock to dictate the policy of the combination. That will be done by the others.

Another matter of importance is that the agent who visited this place a few months ago and took options upon almost all the potteries in town, has transferred the options to the personal representative of the syndicate. He in turn went to Europe recently to confer with the men of means who are behind the plan. He was expected home this week, and if he arrived he will come to East Liverpool next week. Then will begin the real work of purchasing plants. The business of each will be carefully gone over, and the value of the good will, placed at a high figure by some corporations, will be determined. The plants will also be inspected with care, the equipment and capacity for turning out ware being given special attention. The coming visit of this representative is eagerly expected because on it depends in a large measure the success of the enterprise.

It is learned upon the highest authority that a number of manufacturers who did not favor the trust have during recent weeks agreed to sell their plants to the combination. Some who own a considerable amount of real estate have felt that it will not be to the city's interests to have the potteries operated by the combination and have steadily refused to sell, but now they have taken a different position, and on this argue that they would rather be out than experience trouble.

This position is that it is only a matter of time until there will be differences between manufacturers and men which may result in a strike of more or less proportions. Trade at this time, they say, is such that it is necessary to put new things on the market almost constantly, and there is always more or less friction in arranging the price of production. Some say they cannot stand any further advance, yet the tendency is in that direction, without any hope of increase in the market price. They claim that profits are by no means what they were when men made fortunes in the manufacture of crockery, and if it must come to what they seem to think it is tending, they would much prefer to see a strike handled by a trust than themselves be at variance with men they have known for years, it matters not whether the strike be two years or five years away.

"These are the reasons why," said a prominent potter last night to the News Review, "that the indications say that

within the next few weeks, the majority of potteries of America will likely be in the hands of a syndicate. I am sorry to be obliged to leave a business with which I have been identified all my life, and at first I refused to listen to such a proposition as I felt it would not be to the best interests of the city. But prices are cut to pieces, and the cost of manufacture is such that I hesitate to make contracts ahead. I am therefore now ready to enter the trust."

Another manufacturer in speaking of the trust and its prospects said he believed it would be a paying investment and the men who were looking for an investment would find it so. He said Trenton had jumped at the chance and it seemed as though a part of Liverpool had done likewise while a number of others had afterward come in. He believes that when potteries can get along as well as have the American potteries separately there was no reason, with office expenses reduced and the cost of marketing goods placed at a minimum, why the syndicate could not make as much if not more money from its investment, even though it did happen to be big.

There, however, is many a slip, as the old adage hath it, and not all the manufacturing potters of this place at least believe the project will ever go any farther than the visit of the representative next week. They argue that there are many things to consider in the purchase of a pottery, and when it comes to considering so many potteries the chances are not so bright and shining. The News Review questioned a number of manufacturers, and while some were enthusiastic in their belief the trust would be formed others shook their heads and remarked that there had been talk of pottery trusts before.

## CHURCH CHIMES.

Rev. George H. Vibbert will preach a temperance sermon tomorrow morning at the First U. P. church and in the evening at the First Presbyterian. Services at the tent when all young people's societies are invited at 7 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor—Services at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 o'clock.

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Taggart, pastor—Sabbath school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching by the temperance evangelist, Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert, at 11 a. m.; Y. P. C. E. meeting at 7 p. m.; preaching service at 8 p. m.; Mr. John Hanley will preach.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer, 10:45 a. m.; by Reverend Weary; evening service, 7:30 p. m.

Christian, Prof. O. S. Reed, pastor—Morning, "Questions Answered;" evening, "Joy In Christ."

West End chapel—Preaching by Reverend George in the evening 8 o'clock.

Preaching at the Methodist Protestant by the pastor on Sabbath at 10:45 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. O. F. Swift, pastor, subject for both morning and evening "The Power and Light of the Present Day." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Junior meeting at 8:30 p. m., Young People's meeting 6:30 p. m. Educational offering will be made by the congregation tomorrow.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. Nelson M. Crowe, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m., "The Science of Divine Mensuration;" 8 p. m., "Paul and Rome;" 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor; Sabbath school 10 a. m. All are invited, and members of the church are urgently requested to attend these services.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R. Green, pastor—Services in Taggart building, East End, at 11 a. m., "Will Your Life's Work Stand?" at 8 p. m., "Impressions From Saratogo."

Second M. E. church, Rev. S. B. Salmon, pastor—At 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., preaching, subject, "The Church;" 2 p. m., Junior League; 7:15 p. m., Epworth League; 8 p. m., preaching, subject, "Peace."

## A FLAG OF PEACE

Will Be Raised Over the Association Thursday Evening.

Secretary Sully is collecting subscriptions for a flag raising to take place at the Young Men's Christian association rooms next Thursday evening, to commemorate the end of the present war. A handsome flag has been ordered, and appropriate ceremonies will be held.

## No More Street Car Jumping.

Chief Johnson is determined to break the practice of small boys jumping on street cars.

The arrest of young Rollin yesterday was more for the purpose of warning others, and if any more are captured for the same offense, they will be severely dealt with.

The great pottery play for the last time. Opera house Saturday evening, Aug. 13.

There is no Kodak but the . . . . Eastman Kodak.

1898 Kodaks are up to date.

# HAMMOCKS.

Large assortment to select from at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers and Bicycles.

~AT~

# THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

134 and 136 Fifth Street.



## EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

## Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O. For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

# At Kinsey's.

## WALL PAPER. WINDOW BLINDS.

Many are taking advantage of our SUMMER SALE of Wall Paper and Window Blinds.

10 patterns 25c grade paper at .....12 to 15c  
 10 patterns 15c grade paper at ..... 8 to 10c  
 Odd bolts paper at.....1, 2 and 3c  
 Hammocks at Closing Out Prices.  
 Floor Oil Cloths.....20, 25 and 30c  
 Mrs. Potts' sad irons, set.....85c

KINSEY'S 5 & 10,  
 Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

## THE LADRONE ISLANDS.

Facts Concerning the New Acquisition of the United States.

Original inhabitants of the Ladrone were called "Chamorrors."

Swine and oxen run wild in the islands. They are hunted when desired.

There are 17 islands in the Ladrone group.

Rice is the most valuable product.

"Isles de Ladrone" means "Islands of the Thieves." Before Magellan they were called the Mariana islands.

Only five of the 17 islands are inhabited.

Thirty-five rivers traverse the country.

There are few high mountains; the highest is 2,700 feet.

Numerous birds of variegated colors occupy the dense, impenetrable forests.

Fish abound on the seashore and in the rivers.

Women wear petticoats of many colors and white chemisettes or jackets of white cotton stuff.

Women weave the native cloth and make the fish lines and nets.

Guns and sticks are used for hunting weapons.

Boys in the Mariana islands marry between the ages of 15 and 18.

When working, the men and women strip to the waist.

The Spanish king claimed the Mariana islands on the right of discovery.

There are no schools in the islands.

In 1897 an epidemic carried off nearly one-third of the population.

Before the conquest by Spain the population of the islands was between 40,000 and 60,000.—San Francisco Examiner.

## Queer Reckoning.

Indian street peddlers throughout Mexico sell bananas for 12 cents a dozen, but when offered 24 cents on payment for two dozen bananas the peddlers refused it and demanded 25 cents. The course of reasoning is that 1 real is 12 cents; 2 reals, 25 cents; 8 reals make a dollar. So the traveler must pay a real for one dozen bananas, but 25 cents for two dozen, and no amount of argument will convince the peddler that this is not right.



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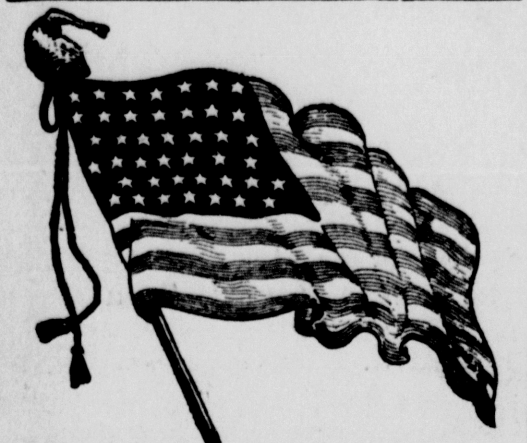
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 felt that it will not be to the city's in-  
 terests to have the potteries operated by  
 the combination and have steadily re-  
 fused to sell, but now they have taken  
 a different position, and on this argue  
 that they would rather be out than ex-  
 perience trouble.

This position is that it is only a mat-  
 ter of time until there will be differ-  
 ences between manufacturers and men  
 which may result in a strike of more or  
 less proportions. Trade at this time,  
 they say, is such that it is necessary to  
 put new things on the market almost  
 constantly, and there is always more or  
 less friction in arranging the price of  
 production. Some say they cannot  
 stand any further advance, yet the ten-  
 dency is in that direction, without any  
 hope of increase in the market price. They  
 claim that profits are by no means what  
 they were when men made fortunes in  
 the manufacture of crockery, and if it  
 must come to what they seem to think  
 it is tending, they would much prefer to  
 see a strike handled by a trust than  
 themselves be at variance with men  
 they have known for years, it matters  
 not whether the strike be two years or  
 five years away.

"These are the reasons why," said a  
 prominent potter last night to the News  
 Review, "that the indications say that

within the next few weeks, the majority  
 of potteries of America will likely be in  
 the hands of a syndicate. I am sorry to  
 be obliged to leave a business with which  
 I have been identified all my life, and at  
 first I refused to listen to such a proposi-  
 tion as I felt it would not be to the best  
 interests of the city. But prices are cut  
 to pieces, and the cost of manufacture is  
 such that I hesitate to make contracts  
 ahead. I am therefore now ready to  
 enter the trust."

Another manufacturer in speaking of  
 the trust and its prospects said he be-  
 lieved it would be a paying investment  
 and the men who were looking for an  
 investment would find it so. He said  
 Trenton had jumped at the chance and  
 it seemed as though a part of Liverpool  
 had done likewise while a number of  
 others had afterward come in. He be-  
 lieves that when potteries can get along  
 as well as have the American potteries  
 separately there was no reason, with  
 office expenses reduced and the cost of  
 marketing goods placed at a minimum,  
 why the syndicate could not make as  
 much if not more money from its invest-  
 ment, even though it did happen to be  
 big.

There, however, is many a slip, as the  
 old adage hath it, and not all the manu-  
 facturing potters of this place at least  
 believe the project will ever go any  
 farther than the visit of the representa-  
 tive next week. They argue that  
 there are many things to consider in the  
 purchase of a pottery, and when it comes  
 to considering so many potteries the  
 chances are not so bright and shining.  
 The News Review questioned a number  
 of manufacturers, and while some were  
 enthusiastic in their belief the trust  
 would be formed others shook their  
 heads and remarked that there had been  
 talk of pottery trusts before.

### CHURCH CHIMES.

Rev. George H. Vibbert will preach a  
 temperance sermon tomorrow morning  
 at the First U. P. church and in the even-  
 ing at the First Presbyterian. Services  
 at the tent when all young people's  
 societies are invited at 7 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G.  
 Reinartz, pastor—Services at 10:30 a.  
 m.; Sunday school at 9 o'clock.

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Tag-  
 gart, pastor—Sabbath school, 9:45 a.  
 m.; preaching by the temperance evan-  
 gelist, Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert, at 11 a.  
 m.; Y. P. C. E. meeting at 7 p. m.;  
 preaching service at 8 p. m.; Mr. John  
 Hanley will preach.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church—Sun-  
 day school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer,  
 10:45 a. m., by Reverend Weary;  
 evening service, 7:30 p. m.

Christian, Prof. O. S. Reed, pastor—  
 Morning, "Questions Answered;" even-  
 ing, "Joy In Christ."

West End chapel—Preaching by Rev-  
 erend George in the evening 8 o'clock.

Preaching at the Methodist Protestant  
 by the pastor on Sabbath at 10:45 a. m.,  
 and 7:45 p. m. C. F. Swift, pastor, sub-  
 ject for both morning and evening "The  
 Power and Light of the Present Day."  
 Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Junior  
 meeting at 8:30 p. m., Young People's  
 meeting 6:30 p. m. Educational offer-  
 ing will be made by the congregation  
 tomorrow.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev.  
 Nelson M. Crowe, pastor—Preaching at  
 11 a. m., "The Science of Divine Men-  
 suration;" 8 p. m., "Paul and Rome;"  
 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor; Sabbath  
 school 10 a. m. All are invited, and  
 members of the church are urgently re-  
 quested to attend these services.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R.  
 Green, pastor—Services in Taggart  
 building, East End, at 11 a. m., "Will  
 Your Life's Work Stand?" at 8 p. m.,  
 "Impressions From Saratogo."

Second M. E. church, Rev. S. B.  
 Salmon, pastor—At 10 a. m., Sunday  
 school; 11 a. m., preaching, subject,  
 "The Church;" 2 p. m., Junior League;  
 7:15 p. m., Epworth League; 8 p. m.,  
 preaching, subject, "Peace."

### A FLAG OF PEACE

Will Be Raised Over the Association  
 Thursday Evening.

Secretary Sully is collecting subscrip-  
 tions for a flag raising to take place at  
 the Young Men's Christian association  
 rooms next Thursday evening, to com-  
 memorate the end of the present war.  
 A handsome flag has been ordered, and  
 appropriate ceremonies will be held.

### No More Street Car Jumping.

Chief Johnson is determined to break  
 the practice of small boys jumping on  
 street cars.

The arrest of young Rollin yesterday  
 was more for the purpose of warning  
 others, and if any more are captured for  
 the same offense, they will be severely  
 dealt with.

The great pottery play for the last  
 time. Opera house Saturday evening,  
 Aug. 18.

There is no Kodak  
 but the . . .

**Eastman Kodak.**

1898 Kodaks are up to date.

**HAMMOCKS.**

Large assortment to select from  
 at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn  
 Mowers and Bicycles.

~AT~

**THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,**

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

134 and 136 Fifth Street.



## EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and  
 the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

**Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills**

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disap-  
 point. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.  
 For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

At **Kinsey's.**

**WALL PAPER. WINDOW BLINDS.**

Many are taking advantage of  
 our **SUMMER SALE** of  
 Wall Paper and Window Blinds.

10 patterns 25c grade paper at ..... 12 to 15c  
 10 patterns 15c grade paper at ..... 8 to 10c  
 Odd bolts paper at ..... 1, 2 and 3c  
 Hammocks at Closing Out Prices.  
 Floor Oil Cloths..... 20, 25 and 30c  
 Mrs. Potts' sad irons, set..... 85c

**KINSEY'S 5 & 10,**  
 Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

### THE LADRONE ISLANDS.

Facts Concerning the New Acquisition of  
 the United States.

Original inhabitants of the Ladrone  
 were called "Chamorro."

Swine and oxen run wild in the is-  
 lands. They are hunted when desired.

There are 17 islands in the Ladrone  
 group.

Rice is the most valuable product.

"Isles de Ladrone" means "Islands  
 of the Thieves." Before Magellan they  
 were called the Mariana islands.

Only five of the 17 islands are inhab-  
 ited.

Thirty-five rivers traverse the coun-  
 try.

There are few high mountains; the  
 highest is 2,700 feet.

Numerous birds of variegated colors  
 occupy the dense, impenetrable forests.

Fish abound on the seashore and in  
 the rivers.

Women wear petticoats of many col-  
 ors and white chemisettes or jackets of  
 white cotton stuff.

Women weave the native cloth and  
 make the fish lines and nets.

Guns and sticks are used for hunting  
 weapons.

Boys in the Mariana islands marry  
 between the ages of 15 and 18.

When working, the men and women  
 strip to the waist.

The Spanish king claimed the Mari-  
 ana islands on the right of discovery.

There are no schools in the islands.

In 1897 an epidemic carried off near-  
 ly one-third of the population.

Before the conquest by Spain the  
 population of the islands was between  
 40,000 and 60,000.—San Francisco Ex-  
 aminer.

### Queer Reckoning.

Indian street peddlers throughout  
 Mexico sell bananas for 12 cents a  
 dozen, but when offered 24 cents on  
 payment for two dozen bananas the  
 peddlers refused it and demanded 25  
 cents. The course of reasoning is that  
 1 real is 12 cents; 2 reals, 25 cents;  
 8 reals make a dollar. So the trav-  
 eler must pay a real for one dozen ban-  
 anas, but 25 cents for two dozen, and  
 no amount of argument will convince  
 the peddler that this is not right.



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## CAPTAIN HILL'S COLLECTION

He Has Enough Bugs on Hand to Satisfy Even His Craving For Science—Lieutenant Anderson Talks In His Sleep, and Lieutenant Hall at Times Looks Sad. Sergeant Kinsey Has a Suggestion and Corporal Hackworth Would Have the Regiment Garrison Babb's Island.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE]

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 1.—The boys are jubilant. News has been received that our regiment will move to Long Island as soon as transports can be secured. It is also said that the war is over, but at this writing the report has not been verified. This is the one thing that makes life miserable—a week's wait for news from Washington. Of course all important news is cabled to headquarters promptly, but only such as they choose is given to the soldiers.

We are still located at Camp Lookout, and will not be moved until orders come that means a march to Santiago harbor. Something must be done by the government, and that at once, to remove the troops, or there will be a greater death rate by disease than violence. Every command has more or less sickness, in some cases as high as 60 per cent. Two more soldiers from our regiment have passed away, and there are several others whose deaths are momentarily expected. Our battalion, comprising the companies from home, Alliance, Akron and Wadsworth, is by far the most healthy on the island. We have perhaps a dozen cases of sickness, which are serious, and about 80 cases that only incapacitate the patient from duty. In Company E Privates Eck and Gladfelter are suffering from a peculiar fever, which is epidemic in other camps. It is a sort of malaria, and termed by the Cuban physicians as mountain fever and swamp fever. Under proper care a week or ten days is sufficient to restore the patient to health, but the suffering during this time is almost unbearable. The symptoms are excruciating pains in all parts of the body, a bad stomach and dull headache. Our two cases are getting along nicely, and by the time this letter reaches you the boys will be as spry as fighting cocks. Measles is still in camp, and each day sees a victim enroute to the hospital. There have been no fatalities from this disease as the cases are all mild, and a few days always sees the boys back in camp none the worse for their illness. We have two cases in our camp, and one patient was discharged today. Dysentery is the fatal malady, and all the fatalities thus far have resulted from this disease. Fortunately Company E is free from that which is most feared. Battalion Adjutant Weybrecht is a victim of malaria, and was placed on board one of the hospital ships.

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Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

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Lieutenant Anderson talks in his sleep, and the boys would like to know why he talks continually of dairy farms, etc., as they cannot see what that has to do with one who is so well versed in the sewer pipe business.

Lieutenant Hall is invariably jolly, and making the best of army life, but has a fit of the blues every time he gazes upon the picture of a boyish looking young man and Wooster maiden mounted on a tandem, and his sighs can be heard a block.

Company E has been fitted out with the pretty fatigue uniforms, and are endeavoring to keep them in good shape for their arrival in East Liverpool. They are made of light brown canvas, trimmed in ultramarine blue, and, while intended for fatigue work, make a very dressy appearance.

Private Tim Williams left his command several days ago, and on his return will get a salty dose from a court martial. The charges that will be preferred against him will consist of absence without leave, insubordination and threatening an officer, which means a term in Leavenworth, should the charges be prosecuted.

Another mail for our regiment arrived yesterday, and Company E received its share. Still there were a great many disappointments when the mail was distributed.

TRUMP.

### THE KOUNTZ JURY.

Names From Which the Jurors Will Be Chosen.

Mayor Bough is preparing for the trial of John Kountz next Monday afternoon, and the following jurors have been drawn, 12 of whom will constitute the jury:

H. Davidson, Robert Andrews, Joshua Poole, J. G. Tolbert, Rev. S. B. Salmon, Frank Croxall, Thomas Manley, Doctor Ogden, James McCormick, H. L. Simms, John Orr, N. T. Ashbaugh, William Brunt, Sr., R. B. Watson, Hon. David Boyce, J. S. Mear.

### A CONSUMPTIVE

Was Sent to the Infirmary This Morning.

The township trustees this morning sent Samuel Reed, aged 23, to the infirmary.

The young man came here from Sistersville several weeks ago and has been living with a family in a shanty boat. He is in the last stages of consumption, and being an orphan without any person to care for him the trustees took pity on him and placed him in the county institution.

### NOT ON PUBLIC GROUND.

That Pottery Is Right, According to the Recent Survey.

The members of council have lately listened to numerous complaints to the effect that one of the river potteries was building a new addition on the road. The matter was investigated, and it was found that the pottery in question was building upon its own ground, as determined by the recent survey of the road.

### A GOOD BOOK.

New City Directories Are Being Distributed Today.

The new city directory, published by the Polk company, is being distributed today, and a handsome book it is. The directory is complete in every detail, and is remarkably free from errors. It shows a great many more streets than the last directory, and indicates a largely increased population.

### New Revenue Stamps.

Harry Yates, day manager of the telegraph office, has received a large supply of internal revenue stamps. The stamps are blue in color, and are of the one-cent denomination.

## LIQUOR PAYMENT MADE

The Amount Paid In by Saloonkeepers.

### HOW THE COUNTY IS DIVIDED

Liverpool Leads, With Salem Second and Wellsville Third—Of the Smaller Towns Leetonia Leads—A Divorce Action Was Filed.

LISBON, Aug. 13.—[Special]—The semi-annual liquor settlement made in July shows the total assessment for the liquor traffic for the year in Columbiana county to be \$44,511.76, and the semi-annual payments as made by the different corporations is as follows:

East Liverpool, \$7,271.54; Wellsville, \$2,359.23; Columbiana, \$826.05; Salineville, \$1,417.88; Lisbon, \$1,896.88; Washingtonville, \$522.38; Leetonia, \$2,743.38; Salem, \$3,692.33; Unity township, \$648.48; Salem township, \$118.63.

Annie Cornish asks for a divorce from Samuel W. Cornish claiming that he has been guilty of extreme cruelty. She says that they were married in October 1895 and asks to be restored to her maiden name, Annie McPherson. Cornish is now out of the state and the plaintiff does not know his place of residence.

### WONDERFUL RECOVERY

Strange Case of Mrs. W. J. Moore, of West End.

For over a year Mrs. W. J. Moore, a highly esteemed resident of West End, has been a hopeless cripple from rheumatism, her body being racked with pain whenever she attempted to move. It was impossible for her to sit at the table without support, and had not walked farther than the yard for a year, when it was necessary for someone to stand by and support her. For eight years had she been afflicted with rheumatism, and each year the disease seemed to grow in power.

Dr. E. F. Larkins was called to give the lady treatment without medicine, and after the third treatment she threw away her canes and crutches. She found she could walk without difficulty, and was soon going around West End. Her pain is almost all gone, and she and all her neighbors are rejoicing over her wonderful recovery.

The matter has become noised around, and people have come some distance to see Mrs. Moore. She, when she retires at night, is fearful that she will awake in the morning and find it all a dream.

### FOUND A GRIP.

It Was Floating In the River, but the Mystery Was Cleared.

Thursday afternoon a man named Guideralee, living near Georgetown, caught, while crossing the river, a satchel, which gave promise of furnishing the clew of a mystery. When the satchel was taken ashore the name of Mr. Rill, 14 Amber street, Pittsburg, was found inside. A message was sent to that address, and last night a message was received in Georgetown stating that Mr. Rill was employed by Best, Fox & Co. as a salesman, and several weeks ago was robbed.

This morning the satchel was forwarded to the firm, and the finder is now awaiting a reward.

### LIBRARY PICNIC.

It Will Be Held at Columbian Park Next Wednesday.

The trustees of the public library have decided to hold the benefit picnic next Wednesday. Following is the program for the afternoon, beginning at 4 o'clock:

One mile open colored bicycle race. Mile open bicycle race. Two mile open bicycle race. Five mile open bicycle race. Half mile dash, horses under saddle. Mile horse race, for a purse. Dancing during the afternoon and evening. Admission 10 cents.

### A SOLDIER'S WIFE

Is Sick and Sadly In Need of Assistance.

When Company E marched away from the city some of the members left their wives at home to care for themselves.

This morning an extreme case of destitution was called to the attention of several people by a prominent citizen. The wife of one of the members of the company is seriously ill and has no support for herself and child and is wanting for the necessities of life. The case should be looked after at once.

See facsimile of the McNicol kilns, opera house, Saturday evening. \*



W. A. HILL

5 AND 10,

Wholesale and Retail.

Wagons at 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Mason's 1 qt. jars.....50c 4 qt. coffee pot.....10c  
Mason's 1/2 qt. jars.....85c 3 qt. granite coffee pot.....25c  
Tin cans (warranted).....25c Clark's O. N. T.....4  
Hammocks.....50c to \$3.00 Window Shades.....10c, 15c, 25c

TABLE OIL CLOTH 12 1/2c and 15c.

Wall Paper Remnants. Having gone stock and assorted out all odds and ends, we have yet a lot of Remnants to sell you at less than half price. Come now, they will not last long.

Two Second Hand Bikes Cheap.

W. A. HILL, 5 & 10.

### Poisons In Food.

Decomposition in animal products of ten develops poisonous alkaloids, and cases of illness from eating canned goods are usually traced to this source. There is also an element of danger in salts that may be formed by the action of the contents of the can. Both these sources of danger have been reduced to a minimum by improved methods of canning, but it is idle to deny that they exist, and they demand reasonable precaution in purchasing and using canned goods.

### Not James Cannon.

In the report of police court, as it appeared in the News Review yesterday, was the name of James Canan. Some people confounded this with James Cannon, a well known resident of Franklin avenue, but there was no occasion for it, although it gave the gentleman some annoyance. Mr. Cannon was not arrested for being drunk or on any other charge.

### Not Much to Do.

The board of education will hold its regular meeting next Monday evening.

The only important business to transact is the payment of bills and the electing of a primary teacher for the Third street building in the place of Miss Gould, resigned. This is the second meeting before the opening of the new school year.

### Did It Over Again.

Section Foreman Hickey and his force today were busily engaged in repairing the damage to the tracks caused by yesterday's heavy rain. Just before the rain yesterday the tracks at the Walnut street had been repaired, but now they are worse than ever.

### Ready to Drill.

Drilling for gas on the Cunningham farm two miles back of Chester, will begin next Tuesday morning. For several days men have been engaged in placing the machinery. The work will be completed Monday afternoon.

### Took a Swing.

Rev. M. E. Chatley, of this city, swung around the circle lately, visiting Wellsville, East Liverpool, Pittsburg, Allegheny, Darlington, and succeeded in reaching home safely, and none the worse from the trip.—Lisbon Patriot.

### In Their Old Places.

Conductor Jordan, of the pony crew, who has been spending a two-weeks' vacation in New York state, has resumed his run. Harry Phillips, who was acting in his place, has been transferred to the Wellsville yards.

### Attended an Institute.

Superintendent Rayman, after attending the annual teachers' institute of Jefferson county at Toronto yesterday, returned to the city last evening. The institute was in session all week.

### Nancy Made Repairs.

The trolley wire yesterday afternoon was down for some distance between the Jethro and Walker switches. It caused no inconvenience, and was soon repaired by Nancy Hanks.

### Temperance Meetings.

Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will conduct meetings this evening in the Diamond at 7:30 and in the tent at 8 o'clock.

The meetings last evening were largely attended.

Special arrangement has been made for street cars after the play Saturday night.

Bright and spicy—News Review.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

—Miss Mary Mahony, daughter of Officer Mahony, is visiting her grandparents in Vanport.

—Miss Minnie Brown, of Toronto, who has been spending days in the city, has returned to her home.

—Mr. Sample, of Seventh street, who has been spending several weeks with friends in Columbus, has returned to the city.

—Miss Mayme Adams, Miss Bessie Adams and Miss Millicent Thompson left yesterday afternoon for Chautauque, where they will remain several weeks.

### A Lost Opportunity.

The Chicago Record says that some time ago a young organist secured permission to practice on the big organ in the Auditorium. An elderly man walked in and took a seat a few rows away from the musician. The young organist noticed him, and was encouraged to "show off" and do a few tricks of playing for his audience. He rambled on for an hour, and the elderly man sat there, apparently impressed. The young man tired at last and was about to look the organ when the elderly man approached him and said in broken English that he wished to play for a few minutes.

"They don't allow any one but an experienced organist to touch the instrument," said the young man loftily.

With a little gesture, suggestive of meekness and humility, the stranger presented his card, "Alexandre Guillemant, Paris."

Then it was time for the young organist to swoon. He had missed the chance of his life. For an hour he had been entertaining the great master with homemade drivel.

### Well Rebuked.

It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host.

The latter looked at them and said: "Yes, it is a pretty stone. I have a mantelpiece made of it in the next room."

Nature has given us two ears, two eyes and but one tongue, to the end that we should hear and see more than we speak.—Socrates.

A whale of 50 tons weight exerts 145 horsepower in swimming 13 miles an hour.

## Spring Grove

CAMP MEETING,

EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

## Glorious Meetings

Every Day and Night.

MINISTERS IN CHARGE.

Rev. B. S. TAYLOR,

Rev. J. H. NORRIS,

Rev. J. DAWSON,

Rev. S. SPRAGUE,

Rev. A. B. RIGGS,

and others.

## Splendid Music.

Admission -----10c

Hack from street cars to ground 10 cents.

Everybody Invited.



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it alive until he reaches the states. It is about 14 inches in length, of emerald hue, and derives its name from its fleetness. They are not rare hereabouts, but are very seldom captured alive.

Lieutenant Anderson talks in his sleep, and the boys would like to know why he talks continually of dairy farms, etc., as they cannot see what that has to do with one who is so well versed in the sewer pipe business.

Lieutenant Hall is invariably jolly, and making the best of army life, but has a fit of the blues every time he gazes upon the picture of a boyish looking young man and Wooster maiden mounted on a tandem, and his sighs can be heard a block.

Company E has been fitted out with the pretty fatigue uniforms, and are endeavoring to keep them in good shape for their arrival in East Liverpool. They are made of light brown canvas, trimmed in ultramarine blue, and, while intended for fatigue work, make a very dressy appearance.

Private Tim Williams left his command several days ago, and on his return will get a salty dose from a court martial. The charges that will be preferred against him will consist of absence without leave, insubordination and threatening an officer, which means a term in Leavenworth, should the charges be prosecuted.

Another mail for our regiment arrived yesterday, and Company E received its share. Still there were a great many disappointments when the mail was distributed.

TRUMP.

#### THE KOUNTZ JURY.

Names From Which the Jurors Will Be Chosen.

Mayor Bough is preparing for the trial of John Kountz next Monday afternoon, and the following jurors have been drawn, 12 of whom will constitute the jury:

H. Davidson, Robert Andrews, Joshua Poole, J. G. Tolbert, Rev. S. B. Salmon, Frank Croxall, Thomas Manley, Doctor Ogden, James McCormick, H. L. Simms, John Orr, N. T. Ashbaugh, William Brunt, Sr., R. B. Watson, Hon. David Boyce, J. S. Mear.

#### A CONSUMPTIVE

Was Sent to the Infirmary This Morning.

The township trustees this morning sent Samuel Reed, aged 23, to the infirmary.

The young man came here from Sistersville several weeks ago and has been living with a family in a shanty boat. He is in the last stages of consumption, and being an orphan without any person to care for him the trustees took pity on him and placed him in the county institution.

#### NOT ON PUBLIC GROUND.

That Pottery Is Right, According to the Recent Survey.

The members of council have lately listened to numerous complaints to the effect that one of the river potteries was building a new addition on the road. The matter was investigated, and it was found that the pottery in question was building upon its own ground, as determined by the recent survey of the road.

#### A GOOD BOOK.

New City Directories Are Being Distributed Today.

The new city directory, published by the Polk company, is being distributed today, and a handsome book it is. The directory is complete in every detail, and is remarkably free from errors. It shows a great many more streets than the last directory, and indicates a largely increased population.

#### New Revenue Stamps.

Harry Yates, day manager of the telegraph office, has received a large supply of internal revenue stamps. The stamps are blue in color, and are of the one-cent denomination.

## LIQUOR PAYMENT MADE

The Amount Paid In by Saloonkeepers.

### HOW THE COUNTY IS DIVIDED

Liverpool Leads, With Salem Second and Wellsville Third—Of the Smaller Towns Leetonia Leads—A Divorce Action Was Filed.

LISBON, Aug. 13.—[Special]—The semi-annual liquor settlement made in July shows the total assessment for the liquor traffic for the year in Columbiana county to be \$44,511.76, and the semi-annual payments as made by the different corporations is as follows:

East Liverpool, \$7,271.54; Wellsville, \$2,359.23; Columbiana, \$826.05; Salineville, \$1,417.88; Lisbon, \$1,896.88; Washingtonville, \$522.88; Leetonia, \$2,743.38; Salem, \$3,692.33; Unity township, \$643.48; Salem township, \$118.63.

Annie Cornish asks for a divorce from Samuel W. Cornish claiming that he has been guilty of extreme cruelty. She says that they were married in October 1895 and asks to be restored to her maiden name, Annie McPherson. Cornish is now out of the state and the plaintiff does not know his place of residence.

### WONDERFUL RECOVERY

Strange Case of Mrs. W. J. Moore, of West End.

For over a year Mrs. W. J. Moore, a highly esteemed resident of West End, has been a hopeless cripple from rheumatism, her body being racked with pain whenever she attempted to move. It was impossible for her to sit at the table without support, and had not walked farther than the yard for a year, when it was necessary for someone to stand by and support her. For eight years had she been afflicted with rheumatism, and each year the disease seemed to grow in power.

Dr. E. F. Larkins was called to give the lady treatment without medicine, and after the third treatment she threw away her canes and crutches. She found she could walk without difficulty, and was soon going around West End. Her pain is almost all gone, and she and all her neighbors are rejoicing over her wonderful recovery.

The matter has become noised around, and people have come some distance to see Mrs. Moore. She, when she retires at night, is fearful that she will awake in the morning and find it all a dream.

### FOUND A GRIP.

It Was Floating In the River, but the Mystery Was Cleared.

Thursday afternoon a man named Guilderslee, living near Georgetown, caught, while crossing the river, a satchel, which gave promise of furnishing the clew of a mystery. When the satchel was taken ashore the name of Mr. Rill, 14 Amber street, Pittsburg, was found inside. A message was sent to that address, and last night a message was received in Georgetown stating that Mr. Rill was employed by Best, Fox & Co. as a salesman, and several weeks ago was robbed.

This morning the satchel was forwarded to the firm, and the finder is now awaiting a reward.

### LIBRARY PICNIC.

It Will Be Held at Columbian Park Next Wednesday.

The trustees of the public library have decided to hold the benefit picnic next Wednesday. Following is the program for the afternoon, beginning at 4 o'clock:

One mile open colored bicycle race. Mile open bicycle race. Two mile open bicycle race. Five mile open bicycle race. Half mile dash, horses under saddle. Mile horse race, for a purse. Dancing during the afternoon and evening. Admission 10 cents.

### A SOLDIER'S WIFE

Is Sick and Sadly In Need of Assistance.

When Company E marched away from the city some of the members left their wives at home to care for themselves.

This morning an extreme case of destitution was called to the attention of several people by a prominent citizen. The wife of one of the members of the company is seriously ill and has no support for herself and child and is wanting for the necessities of life. The case should be looked after at once.

See facsimile of the McNicol kilns, opera house, Saturday evening. \*



W. A. HILL

5 AND 10,

Wholesale and Retail.

Wagons at 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Mason's 1 qt. jars.....50c  
Mason's 1/2 qt. jars.....85c  
Tin cans (warranted).....25c  
Hammocks.....50c to \$3.00  
4 qt. coffee pot.....10c  
3 qt. granite coffee pot.....25c  
Clark's O. N. T.....4  
Window Shades.....10c, 15c, 25c

TABLE OIL CLOTH 12 1/2c and 15c.

Wall Paper Remnants. Having gone through our stock and assorted out all odds and ends, we have yet a lot of Remnants to sell you at less than half price. Come now, they will not last long.

Two Second Hand Bikes Cheap.

W. A. HILL, 5 & 10.

### Poisons In Food.

Decomposition in animal products often develops poisonous alkaloids, and cases of illness from eating canned goods are usually traced to this source. There is also an element of danger in salts that may be formed by the action of the contents of the can. Both these sources of danger have been reduced to a minimum by improved methods of canning, but it is idle to deny that they exist, and they demand reasonable precaution in purchasing and using canned goods.

### Not James Cannon.

In the report of police court, as it appeared in the News Review yesterday, was the name of James Canon. Some people confounded this with James Cannon, a well known resident of Franklin avenue, but there was no occasion for it, although it gave the gentleman some annoyance. Mr. Cannon was not arrested for being drunk or on any other charge.

### Not Much to Do.

The board of education will hold its regular meeting next Monday evening. The only important business to transact is the payment of bills and the electing of a primary teacher for the Third street building in the place of Miss Gould, resigned. This is the second meeting before the opening of the new school year.

### Did It Over Again.

Section Foreman Hickey and his force today were busily engaged in repairing the damage to the tracks caused by yesterday's heavy rain. Just before the rain yesterday the tracks at the Walnut street had been repaired, but now they are worse than ever.

### Ready to Drill.

Drilling for gas on the Cunningham farm two miles back of Chester, will begin next Tuesday morning. For several days men have been engaged in placing the machinery. The work will be completed Monday afternoon.

### Took a Swing.

Rev. M. E. Chatley, of this city, swung around the circle lately, visiting Wellsville, East Liverpool, Pittsburg, Allegheny, Darlington, and succeeded in reaching home safely, and none the worse from the trip.—Lisbon Patriot.

### In Their Old Places.

Conductor Jordan, of the pony crew, who has been spending a two-weeks' vacation in New York state, has resumed his run. Harry Phillips, who was acting in his place, has been transferred to the Wellsville yards.

### Attended an Institute.

Superintendent Rayman, after attending the annual teachers' institute of Jefferson county at Toronto yesterday, returned to the city last evening. The institute was in session all week.

### Nancy Made Repairs.

The trolley wire yesterday afternoon was down for some distance between the Jethro and Walker switches. It caused no inconvenience, and was soon repaired by Nancy Hanks.

### Temperance Meetings.

Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will conduct meetings this evening in the Diamond at 7:30 and in the tent at 8 o'clock. The meetings last evening were largely attended.

Special arrangement has been made for street cars after the play Saturday night.

Bright and spicy—News Review.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

—Miss Mary Mahony, daughter of Officer Mahony, is visiting her grandparents in Vanport.

—Miss Minnie Brown, of Toronto, who has been spending days in the city, has returned to her home.

—Mr. Sample, of Seventh street, who has been spending several weeks with friends in Columbus, has returned to the city.

—Miss Mayme Adams, Miss Bessie Adams and Miss Millicent Thompson left yesterday afternoon for Chautauqua where they will remain several weeks.

### A Lost Opportunity.

The Chicago Record says that some time ago a young organist secured permission to practice on the big organ in the Auditorium. An elderly man walked in and took a seat a few rows away from the musician. The young organist noticed him, and was encouraged to "show off" and do a few tricks of playing for his audience. He rambled on for an hour, and the elderly man sat there, apparently impressed. The young man tired at last and was about to look the organ when the elderly man approached him and said in broken English that he wished to play for a few minutes.

"They don't allow any one but an experienced organist to touch the instrument," said the young man loftily.

With a little gesture, suggestive of meekness and humility, the stranger presented his card, "Alexandre Guillemant, Paris."

Then it was time for the young organist to swoon. He had missed the chance of his life. For an hour he had been entertaining the great master with homemade drivel.

### Well Rebuked.

It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host.

The latter looked at them and said: "Yes, it is a pretty stone. I have a mantelpiece made of it in the next room."

Nature has given us two ears, two eyes and but one tongue, to the end that we should hear and see more than we speak.—Socrates.

A whale of 50 tons weight exerts 145 horsepower in swimming 12 miles an hour.

## Spring Grove

CAMP MEETING,  
EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

## Glorious Meetings

Every Day and Night.

MINISTERS IN CHARGE.

Rev. B. S. TAYLOR,

Rev. J. H. NORRIS,

Rev. J. DAWSON,

Rev. S. SPRAGUE,

Rev. A. B. RIGGS,

and others.

## Splendid Music.

Admission -----10c

Hack from street cars to ground 10 cents.

Everybody Invited.







# WARE WILL BE SCARCE

For Imports From England Have Fallen Off.

## DEALERS HAVE VERY LITTLE

When the Rush Comes the American Potteries Will Get Their Share of the Business—It Will Be a Boom, and an Unusual Condition Is Expected.

The Crockery Journal, in reviewing the trade, has an important prophecy. It follows:

"With an occasional exception, buyers say that their stocks are under the average, and that they will undoubtedly require many goods. Where, one would like to ask, do they expect to get them, if they wait much longer before placing their orders? We wonder if buyers will see that imports have fallen off to an alarming extent, and that the stocks in the hands of importers and in bond are very light in all classes of goods except French china. Owing to the 'hold up' by the custom authorities, French china has accumulated in the public stores till there is said to be about \$1,000,000 worth in bond. English crockery has fallen off nearly 20,000 crates, and most of the English potteries are running on short time and short handed, waiting for trade on this side to pick up. They are not piling up stock. The American potters have started up, and are making goods in anticipation; but when their warehouses are full they have only a stock sufficient for a short time, and the entire capacity will only satisfy three-fifths of the consumption in a normal year. With this state of things, it looks very much as if somebody will be wanting crockery and china later on and find it hard to get desirable goods."

## SCHIVEREA'S WORK.

He Is Converting the Soldiers Down South.

Rev. D. L. Moody, the great evangelist, has issued an address to the public concerning the work done among soldiers in various camps of the country, and among others compliments Reverend Schivera who is so well known to East Liverpool people. He says:

"Ferdinand Schivera has just gone to Jacksonville and reports that the spirit of God is already doing mighty work there. Everywhere the interest in the meetings is unabated; from all the camps comes the news of scores of men earnestly seeking Christ. At one of Mr. Schivera's meetings last week, over 200 men made a public confession of their desire to live Christian lives."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, {  
LUCAS COUNTY, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 9th day of December, A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.  
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

At Spring Grove.

The services at the campground last evening were very largely attended, and resulted in several conversions.

Tomorrow will be the last day of campmeeting, and a few families will move to the city next week, but the majority will remain at the ground for several weeks.

The Tombstones will endeavor to make arrangements to play one more ball game before the season closes.

See the discovery of the "lost art" by the Middleman, Saturday evening, Aug. 13. Prices, 35c, 25c and 15c. Reserved seats now on sale at Reed's drug store. \*

Will Finish Monday.

The water works force will next Monday complete the work of laying 300 feet of six inch pipe about the East End flint mill.

## MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

As was announced in the News Review several days ago, contributions for the Red Cross society will be received at this office.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 14.

Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC—Exalt Christ.—Math. xxi, 1-11.

This passage in Matthew tells us the familiar story of Christ's triumphant entry into Jerusalem a few days before His crucifixion. It is the one solitary instance in the life of Christ where He allowed Himself to receive the homage and adoration due Him. It was a magnificent, spontaneous demonstration, showing the estimation in which He was held by the multitudes of His countrymen, but the fact that perhaps a few days later the voices that cried, "Hosanna!" then cried "Crucify Him!" makes it stand forever as an illustration of the fickleness of the human heart and of the ease with which the minds of the masses of the people may be swayed by artful and designing men. But it was an exaltation of Christ at the time and suggests to us a study in the exaltation of Christ.

1. The triumphant entry was an enthusiastic exaltation of Christ. Enthusiasm characterized the demonstration throughout. The multitudes were wildly enthusiastic. They stripped the trees of branches and spread them before Him; they took off their cloaks and with these made paths for Him; they cheered and cried "Hosanna!" Christ is worthy of enthusiastic exaltation. Enthusiasm is a good thing when there is anything to be enthusiastic over. What is worthier of our greatest enthusiasm than the life and work of Christ?

2. The triumphant entry was a public exaltation of Christ. In a sense it was national as well as local. People from various parts of the nation participated in it. Christ should be exalted publicly, in the community, in the state, in the nation. Every Endeavorer should throw all the influence of his public life strongly in favor of the exaltation of Christ.

3. The triumphant entry was an exaltation of the real Christ. Christ was there before the people. He was a real Christ. To many Christians Christ is not as real as He ought to be. Many have some sort of a hazy idea that away back in the centuries such a person lived, but their ideas about Him are very unsatisfactory and indistinct. We should study more thoroughly the life of Christ, live more closely to Him in prayer, so that He may become as real as an earthly friend standing beside us. Then we will present a real Christ to the world, and this is what the world needs.

4. The triumphant entry was an exaltation of Christ that produced results. When He came into Jerusalem, "all the city was moved, saying, 'Who is this?'" One great object of our exaltation of Christ should be to lead men to inquire about Him and to learn to admire Him. If we exalted Christ more in our daily walk and conversation, in all our private and public actions, men would more often say, "Who is this?" And this would give us the opportunity to tell them who our Christ is and to urge them to believe in, profess and exalt Him.

Bible Readings.—Ps. xxiv, 1-10; xxxiv, 3; Isa. xlv, 22-25; Math. xvi, 13-20; xxviii, 18-20; John xiii, 31, 32; Acts i, 1-11; iv, 10-12; xv, 25, 26; Rom. xiv, 7-12; Gal. ii, 20, 21; Phil. ii, 1-12; Col. iii, 1-4, 16, 17; Rev. v, 1-14.

## The True Church.

The note of the true church is not correctness, but catholicity. We long for a church that shall indeed be "the mother of us all." She is not the mother of the saints and of the confessors only; she is also the mother of heretics and reformers. She has room for all. Her children must not only have food and discipline, but they must also have freedom and light. She does not cast them off when they make mistakes. They must have room to grow; they must have opportunity for experiment and adventure. The great thing, after all, is not a well kept house, but a healthy, happy household.—Christian Register.

## Friendship.

Friendship is the nearest thing we know to what religion is. God is love, and to make religion akin to friendship is simply to give it the highest expression conceivable by man.—Ruskin.

## Into the Life.

To be "without natural affection" is to lack that element of character upon which the Holy Spirit lays His hand in lifting us out of the life of sin and into the life of holiness.—American Friend.

## The Blackest Misery.

A closed heaven represents the blackest misery that humanity is capable of suffering.—Rev. W. S. Cassmore.

## Resist Its Arrogance.

Try to cultivate the moral courage that will resist the arrogance of fashion.—Philadelphia Methodist.

## Dwell With Me.

Gracious Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would gracious be,  
And with words that help and heal  
Would Thy life in mine reveal,  
And with actions bold and meek  
Would for Christ my Saviour speak.

Truthful Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would truthful be,  
And with wisdom kind and clear  
Let Thy life in mine appear,  
And with actions brotherly  
Speak my Lord's sincerity.

Tender Spirit, dwell with me!



# GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,  
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

## ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

## ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

## How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

I myself would tender be.  
Shut my heart up like a flower  
At temptation's darksome hour.  
Open it when shines the sun,  
And His love by fragrance own.

Mighty Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would mighty be—  
Mighty so as to prevail  
Where, unaided, man must fail,  
Ever by a mighty hope  
Pressing on and bearing up.

Holy Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would holy be.  
Separate from sin, I would  
Choose and cherish all things good  
And, whatever I can be,  
Give to him who gave me Thee.  
—Thomas T. Lynch.

## REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To Richmond, Ind.—August 19th and 20th, good returning until August 28th, account Society of Friends Conference.

To Indianapolis, Ind.—August 20th, 21st and 22d, for Knights of Pythias Grand Encampment and Supreme Lodge Session. Return limit August 30th, with privilege to extend until September 10th.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the G. A. R. National Encampment. Good returning until September 13th, with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to the nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

## Summer In Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a summer haven. The climate is remarkable for its invigorating effect, and the state is rich in grand scenery and points of interest where a vacation may be pleasantly spent. Special arrangements are being made for the entertainment of visitors who are this season expected to be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of the Rockies and the hills and canyons of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in former years. The fast schedules of the Pennsylvania route and connecting lines bring the centennial state within easy reach, and the cost of a trip thither is no longer a luxury. The special low rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania lines places the cost for transportation within the limit of the usual allowance for vacation trips. For special information about rates, time of trains and other details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket agent or address J. K. Dillon, D. P. agt., Pittsburgh, Pa. \*

## Summer Havens.

Illustrated information about America's popular summer resorts is being distributed by passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. It includes descriptions of leading places of summer resort along the coast, in the mountains of the east, and in the lake region and Northern Michigan, all of which are within easy reach over the Pennsylvania route. For a copy please apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket agent, or address your requests to J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:55	3:57	3:59	4:01	4:03
Pittsburgh	lv.	4:45	4:47	4:49	4:51
Rochester	lv.	6:40	6:42	6:44	6:46
Beaver	lv.	6:45	6:47	6:49	6:51
Vanport	lv.	6:50	6:52	6:54	6:56
Industry	lv.	7:00	7:02	7:04	7:06
Cooks Ferry	lv.	7:03	7:05	7:07	7:09
Smiths Ferry	lv.	7:11	7:13	7:15	7:17
East Liverpool	lv.	7:20	7:22	7:24	7:26
Wellsville	lv.	7:33	7:35	7:37	7:39
Wellsville	lv.	7:42	7:44	7:46	7:48
Wellsville Shop	lv.	7:45	7:47	7:49	7:51
Yellow Creek	lv.	7:52	7:54	7:56	7:58
Hammondsville	lv.	8:01	8:03	8:05	8:07
Ironton	lv.	8:06	8:08	8:10	8:12
Salineville	lv.	8:25	8:27	8:29	8:31
Bayard	lv.	9:09	9:11	9:13	9:15
Alliance	lv.	9:40	9:42	9:44	9:46
Ravenna	lv.	10:05	10:07	10:09	10:11
Hudson	lv.	10:40	10:42	10:44	10:46
Cleveland	lv.	12:10	12:12	12:14	12:16
Wellsville	lv.	7:47	7:49	7:51	7:53
Wellsville Shop	lv.	7:52	7:54	7:56	7:58
Yellow Creek	lv.	7:57	7:59	8:01	8:03
Port Homer	lv.	8:03	8:05	8:07	8:09
Empire	lv.	8:10	8:12	8:14	8:16
Elliottsville	lv.	8:17	8:19	8:21	8:23
Toronto	lv.	8:21	8:23	8:25	8:27
Oaktonia	lv.	8:28	8:30	8:32	8:34
Steubenville	lv.	8:44	8:46	8:48	8:50
Mingo Jo	lv.	8:51	8:53	8:55	8:57
Brilliant	lv.	8:58	9:00	9:02	9:04
Rush Run	lv.	9:07	9:09	9:11	9:13
Portland	lv.	9:14	9:16	9:18	9:20
Yorkville	lv.	9:19	9:21	9:23	9:25
Bridgeport	lv.	9:23	9:25	9:27	9:29
Bellaire	lv.	9:30	9:32	9:34	9:36

Eastward.	4:03	4:05	4:07	4:09	4:11
Bellaire	lv.	4:45	4:47	4:49	4:51
Bridgeport	lv.	4:53	4:55	4:57	4:59
Yorkville	lv.	5:01	5:03	5:05	5:07
Portland	lv.	5:15	5:17	5:19	5:21
Rush Run	lv.	5:20	5:22	5:24	5:26
Brilliant	lv.	5:28	5:30	5:32	5:34
Mingo Jo	lv.	5:35	5:37	5:39	5:41
Steubenville	lv.	5:44	5:46	5:48	5:50
Oaktonia	lv.	5:44	5:46	5:48	5:50
Toronto	lv.	6:07	6:09	6:11	6:13
Elliottsville	lv.	6:11	6:13	6:15	6:17
Empire	lv.	6:13	6:15	6:17	6:19
Port Homer	lv.	6:20	6:22	6:24	6:26
Yellow Creek	lv.	6:26	6:28	6:30	6:32
Wellsville Shop	lv.	6:31	6:33	6:35	6:37
Wellsville	lv.	6:35	6:37	6:39	6:41
Wellsville	lv.	7:42	7:44	7:46	7:48
Wellsville Shop	lv.	7:45	7:47	7:49	7:51
Yellow Creek	lv.	7:52	7:54	7:56	7:58
Hammondsville	lv.	8:01	8:03	8:05	8:07
Ironton	lv.	8:06	8:08	8:10	8:12
Salineville	lv.	8:25	8:27	8:29	8:31
Bayard	lv.	9:09	9:11	9:13	9:15
Alliance	lv.	9:40	9:42	9:44	9:46
Ravenna	lv.	10:05	10:07	10:09	10:11
Hudson	lv.	10:40	10:42	10:44	10:46
Cleveland	lv.	12:10	12:12	12:14	12:16
Wellsville	lv.	6:45	6:47	6:49	6:51
East Liverpool	lv.	6:51	6:53	6:55	6:57
Smiths Ferry	lv.	7:01	7:03	7:05	7:07
Cooks Ferry	lv.	7:01	7:03	7:05	7:07
Industry	lv.	7:25	7:27	7:29	7:31
Vanport	lv.	7:31	7:33	7:35	7:37
Beaver	lv.	7:40	7:42	7:44	7:46
Rochester	lv.	7:50	7:52	7:54	7:56
Pittsburgh	lv.	8:50	8:52	8:54	8:56

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-98, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



IS YOUR HEAD CLEAR? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. Or, stipulation Cured, 25 cts. for one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample. S. E. FILL & CO., Cleveland, O.

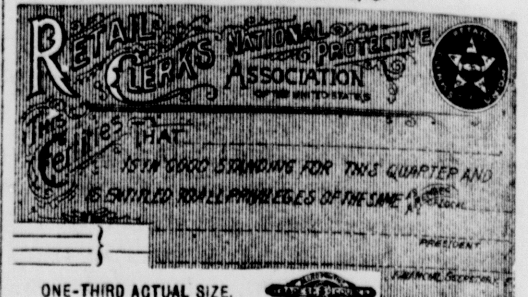
## UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

## PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

## UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark, when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

## CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.

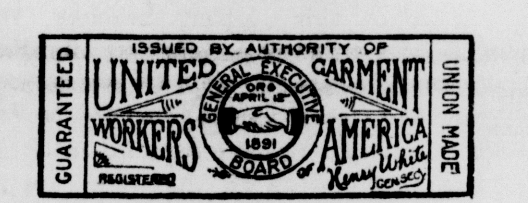


The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

## UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union-made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

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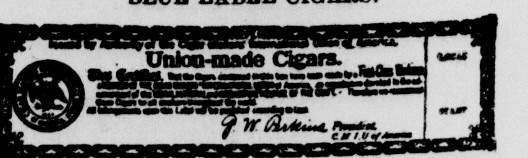


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

## BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

## BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

## TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

## UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' Union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:





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I am sending on your letter to be read by others, for I think your proposed "campaign" would be worth to us far more than a dozen Wei-Hai-Wei's or Sudans and to the United States far more than Cuba, Manila and the whole kingdom of Ferdinand and Isabella thrown in. I will let you know by and by. With very kind regards to you and Mrs. Maxim, believe me to be very truly yours,  
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"Recent talk of complications with Russia," says Mr. Maxim, "have brought the attention of England still more to the discussion of an alliance with the United States. It is the general feeling that Russia is trying to crowd England out of the trade with China. Englishmen feel that they should have the moral support of the United States and that in matters of keeping open the ports of China for trade the two nations who are so near akin should stand together."

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Manuel Argueso is a member of the firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. Like the head of the firm, he is a citizen of the United States. The firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. represents the Spanish transatlantic steamship line which has received the contract to return the Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain. Mr. Argueso is a native of Porto Rico, but a naturalized American. His interests and his family relations are in the island. Mr. Argueso says the natives of the entire island will welcome Americans with open arms just as they have done at Ponce and Yauco. But there are 40,000 to 50,000 wealthy Spaniards who will be so bitter that they will feel they can no longer live in Porto Rico. These people, Mr. Argueso says, constitute a landlord class and own some of the most valuable plantations on the island. He thinks they will be so anxious to leave that they will sell for what they can get and hurry to Spain. Mr. Argueso thinks it will be a great thing for the island if these estates are bought by Americans and the Spanish owners find the way easy to leave.

Americans, he says, would introduce improved machinery and enterprise in the management of the estates and greatly increase the productivity. The agricultural labor of the country is divided four-fifths in sugar raising and one-fifth on coffee plantations. The sugar estates are in the eastern part. Most of the product goes to the United States. The coffee plantations are on the slopes of the hilly west. The Porto Rican coffee goes to France, where it holds first rank as a favorite. The people of Porto Rico, Mr. Argueso says, do not want independence. They will hail annexation as the best for them. There is a large illiterate population which is incapable of self government. Annexation, the intelligent believe, will bring in American enterprise and capital. The island is very rich and nearly all investments yield large returns, but under the policy of Spanish government the resources and earnings of the island have for three centuries been drained by Spain. The people understand this thoroughly, and that is why they so enthusiastically welcome the Americans and want nothing so much as annexation.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## BACK FROM THE WAR

Brave Charles Escudero Carried Water to Fighting Soldiers.

Went With His Father's Company to Santiago—Ministered to the Comfort of the Wounded and Dying at San Juan Hill. Had Fever, but Recovered.

Bronzed by the sun of a southern clime and in his ears still ringing the whiz of Mauser bullets which he heard at the battles of San Juan hill and Santiago, there arrived in New York recently Charles Escudero, 18 years old, who marched by the side of his father, a regular army soldier, during the campaign in Cuba. This lad carried by his side during the battles a canteen, which he replenished from time to time with cold spring water, drafts of which he gave to those who were active in battle or lying helpless and wounded on the field.

This child started at 8 o'clock the other night over the Pennsylvania railroad to join his mother and little brothers and sisters in Columbus, O., to tell them stories of the scenes he had witnessed. He was sent home by the Children's Aid society, for he arrived here almost penniless and without a friend to greet him. He wore a dirty campaign hat on which he had inked his initials, "C. E.," and the figure "9" to tell that he was of the Ninth United States infantry. Over a blue flannel shirt, much the worse for wear, the lad wore a seersucker coat, wrinkled and worn. His trousers, of the same material, were spotted and grimy, and it needed no words to tell that these garments had been worn night and day while fighting men about him depended upon him for aid and comfort.

The boy's father, William A. Escudero, joined the army 26 years ago, and is now a member of Company F, Ninth infantry. The company was stationed at Madison barracks, Sacket's Harbor, N. Y., when orders were received to start for Tampa. It happened that Charlie had left his home in Columbus a few weeks before to visit his father, and when the orders came he was visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Louise Escudero, in Sacket's Harbor.

Charles is a bright little chap and became a great favorite with his father's companions. So when the orders came for the company to go to the front the men and even the boy's father asked Charles to accompany them. Since then he has seen the hardships of war, and the other day there were still upon him the effects of malarial fever that has claimed so many victims. He was stricken with the fever, and at one time his life was despaired of, but the sturdy lad overcame disease, and on his father's suggestion came north on the transport Louisiana, which arrived the other night.

The lad left the transport and inquired his way to the army building, where in a manly fashion he told his story to Major William Ewall, in charge of transportation. Major Ewall wrote this letter to Samuel Carpenter, general eastern passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad:

"This will introduce to you Charles Escudero, a young soldier who has returned from Santiago, Cuba, on one of the transports, where he was engaged in carrying water for the soldiers during the fight. He is very anxious to get to his home at Columbus, O., and being without means I recommend him to you for your consideration."

Mr. Carpenter was ready to give Charles reduced rates, but as the lad had no money save a few pennies Mr. Carpenter wrote a letter to Ernest H. Opitz of the Children's Aid society, and Charles presented it. Mr. Opitz scanned the boy closely and questioned him minutely. Mr. Opitz noticed that the lad's shoes were torn and mutely told the story of his long marches.

"All right, my lad, we'll send you home," Mr. Opitz said. "When? Why, tonight, if you are in a hurry. You are, eh? Well, we'll give you new clothes and something to eat and put you on the train for Columbus."

"All right," Charles replied. "I'm nervous and want to get home. I don't want to waste any time. I've been through enough."

"I don't want to talk," the boy said when I accosted him. "I'm too tired and nervous. All I want is to get home."

"Tell me how you came to go away."

"Why, the fellers, the boys of my father's company, asked me to and I did; that's all. They said I'd be their mascot. We staid in Tampa for two months. I worked as 'helper' to the cooks. Then we took the Santiago to Cuba from Port Tampa. We landed in the sand at Siboney. We staid there one day and then moved up six miles the next day, and then we got into the fight. That was the battle of San Juan hill. Only one man in our company was wounded. He was shot in the foot before we got into battle."

"Where was I? Why, by my father's side most of the time, but I carried water to all the fellers. I kept filling my canteen. I got water from a spring. Why, the further we marched the further away the spring was. Say, the Spaniards had sharpshooters up in trees, but we got on to them, and the negro troops just hunted those sharpshooters like squirrels."

"Tell me how the battle looked to you."

"Looked to me? Why, it looked to me as if they ought to massacre the Americans. I didn't have time to look around much. I was too busy. Certainly I was scared at first, but I was too busy to look round. I was giving water to the men on the fighting line and the wounded men. I couldn't keep track to see what was going on. Yes, I saw the battle of Santiago, but that was just like the other. Father's company is quartered in a theater in Santiago now—that is, it was when I left him."—New York Herald.

## THE CUBAN ALLIES.

Experiences of General Young With the Insurgent Soldiers at Santiago.

Since he came back from Santiago General S. B. M. Young has been telling his experiences with the Cuban soldiers. On the day before the battle of



GENERAL S. B. M. YOUNG.

July 1 General Castillo came over to General Young's headquarters, and this conversation took place:

General Young—We are going into the battle early in the morning. Can you give us some help?

General Castillo—Certainly, sir.

General Young—How many men can you put in?

General Castillo—I will have 800 ready to obey any command you give.

General Young—Very well. We shall open the battle at 5 o'clock in the morning. That means 5 o'clock—no later. Will you be ready?

General Castillo—We will.

General Young—Send a staff officer to me at 4:30 in the morning for orders. Whom will you send?

General Castillo—I will send no one. I will come myself to receive the orders.

The time appointed came and went without the appearance of General Castillo or any staff officer of the Cubans. Five o'clock passed, without any Cubans. The day went by, and General Young saw no Cubans.

"But," said General Young, "when the fighting was over and supper time arrived the Cubans were on hand."—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Wanted—A Patent.

Among the strange applications which reach the patent office one, filed some years ago, was most extraordinary, it being a petition for a patent for an anti-guard which consisted in merely drawing a chalk mark around a table or other place by which it was claimed the approach of ants was stopped. It seems that chalk makes an ant's legs slip as soaping a track prevents a railway engine from starting. The petition was novel and caused considerable amusement. The application, however, was refused on the ground that there was nothing new in the invention, that chalk had been used for such purposes before and that such ideas were not patentable.

## Jes' Keep Yer Eye on Miles!

Our hero list is stretching out  
In hefty shape, an, full of glee,  
The people whoop, hooray an shout  
For valiant men on land an sea,  
And while yer watchin them same Yanks  
An floodin 'em with grateful smiles  
An loadin 'em with joyful thanks  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

We sing of Dewey's gallant work,  
Of Schley in that Cervera play,  
Of Hobson an his collier cork,  
Down there at Santiago bay;  
Of Shafter chasin Spanish dons  
Through tangled brakes an deep defiles,  
But while ye cheer these noble sons  
Jes' keep an eye on Miles!

We snickered at his gaudy dress,  
His overshoot of golden lace,  
An hinted that sich gorgeousness  
Was dandified an out of place.  
His famous bathtub was the brunt  
Of volleys of contemptuous smiles,  
But now that he is at the front  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Back in the civil war he made  
A name that echoed o'er the earth.  
He caught a fightin hand an played  
The game for all that it was worth.  
He stacked up martial glory then  
In frequent an heroic piles,  
An now that he's at work again  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Out here back in the troublous days  
When savage reds was huntin hair  
His fightin glory seemed to blaze  
Like gleamin meteors in the air,  
An, though of late his martial fame  
Was built on flashy, dressy styles,  
He's that same fighter jes' the same,  
So keep yer eye on Miles!

Jes' watch the Porto Rican news,  
An one of these hot summer days  
You'll feel like jumpin from yer shoes  
An spit the echoes with his praise!  
Won't be a bit of ridicule,  
But up in air will go yer tiles,  
Accompanied with whoops, if ye'll  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

—Denver Post.

# HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSHING, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

## Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

## Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

## Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

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Tells the Story.

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Manuel Argueso Says the Natives Want Nothing So Much as Annexation.

Manuel Argueso is a member of the firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. Like the head of the firm, he is a citizen of the United States. The firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. represents the Spanish transatlantic steamship line which has received the contract to return the Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain. Mr. Argueso is a native of Porto Rico, but a naturalized American. His interests and his family relations are in the island. Mr. Argueso says the natives of the entire island will welcome Americans with open arms just as they have done at Ponce and Yauco. But there are 40,000 to 50,000 wealthy Spaniards who will be so bitter that they will feel they can no longer live in Porto Rico. These people, Mr. Argueso says, constitute a landlord class and own some of the most valuable plantations on the island. He thinks they will be so anxious to leave that they will sell for what they can get and hurry to Spain. Mr. Argueso thinks it will be a great thing for the island if these estates are bought by Americans and the Spanish owners find the way easy to leave.

Americans, he says, would introduce improved machinery and enterprise in the management of the estates and greatly increase the productiveness. The agricultural labor of the country is divided four-fifths in sugar raising and one-fifth on coffee plantations. The sugar estates are in the eastern part. Most of the product goes to the United States. The coffee plantations are on the slopes of the hilly west. The Porto Rican coffee goes to France, where it holds first rank as a favorite. The people of Porto Rico, Mr. Argueso says, do not want independence. They will hail annexation as the best for them. There is a large illiterate population which is incapable of self government. Annexation, the intelligent believe, will bring in American enterprise and capital. The island is very rich and nearly all investments yield large returns, but under the policy of Spanish government the resources and earnings of the island have for three centuries been drained by Spain. The people understand this thoroughly, and that is why they so enthusiastically welcome the Americans and want nothing so much as annexation.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat

## BACK FROM THE WAR

Brave Charles Escudero Carried Water to Fighting Soldiers.

Went With His Father's Company to Santiago—Ministered to the Comfort of the Wounded and Dying at San Juan Hill. Had Fever, but Recovered.

Bronzed by the sun of a southern clime and in his ears still ringing the whiz of Mauser bullets which he heard at the battles of San Juan hill and Santiago, there arrived in New York recently Charles Escudero, 13 years old, who marched by the side of his father, a regular army soldier, during the campaign in Cuba. This lad carried by his side during the battles a canteen, which he replenished from time to time with cold spring water, drafts of which he gave to those who were active in battle or lying helpless and wounded on the field.

This child started at 8 o'clock the other night over the Pennsylvania railroad to join his mother and little brothers and sisters in Columbus, O., to tell them stories of the scenes he had witnessed. He was sent home by the Children's Aid society, for he arrived here almost penniless and without a friend to greet him. He wore a dirty campaign hat on which he had inked his initials, "C. E.," and the figure "9" to tell that he was of the Ninth United States infantry. Over a blue flannel shirt, much the worse for wear, the lad wore a seersucker coat, wrinkled and worn. His trousers, of the same material, were spotted and grimy, and it needed no words to tell that these garments had been worn night and day while fighting men about him depended upon him for aid and comfort.

The boy's father, William A. Escudero, joined the army 26 years ago, and is now a member of Company F, Ninth infantry. The company was stationed at Madison barracks, Sacket's Harbor, N. Y., when orders were received to start for Tampa. It happened that Charlie had left his home in Columbus a few weeks before to visit his father, and when the orders came he was visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Louise Escudero, in Sacket's Harbor.

Charles is a bright little chap and became a great favorite with his father's companions. So when the orders came for the company to go to the front the men and even the boy's father asked Charles to accompany them. Since then he has seen the hardships of war, and the other day there were still upon him the effects of malarial fever that has claimed so many victims. He was stricken with the fever, and at one time his life was despaired of, but the sturdy lad overcame disease, and on his father's suggestion came north on the transport Louisiana, which arrived the other night.

The lad left the transport and inquired his way to the army building, where in a manly fashion he told his story to Major William Ewall, in charge of transportation. Major Ewall wrote this letter to Samuel Carpenter, general eastern passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad:

"This will introduce to you Charles Escudero, a young soldier who has returned from Santiago, Cuba, on one of the transports, where he was engaged in carrying water for the soldiers during the fight. He is very anxious to get to his home at Columbus, O., and being without means I recommend him to you for your consideration."

Mr. Carpenter was ready to give Charles reduced rates, but as the lad had no money save a few pennies Mr. Carpenter wrote a letter to Ernest H. Opitz of the Children's Aid society, and Charles presented it. Mr. Opitz scanned the boy closely and questioned him minutely. Mr. Opitz noticed that the lad's shoes were torn and mutely told the story of his long marches.

"All right, my lad, we'll send you home," Mr. Opitz said. "When? Why, tonight, if you are in a hurry. You are, eh? Well, we'll give you new clothes and something to eat and put you on the train for Columbus."

"All right," Charles replied. "I'm nervous and want to get home. I don't want to waste any time. I've been through enough."

"I don't want to talk," the boy said when I accosted him. "I'm too tired and nervous. All I want is to get home."

"Tell me how you came to go away."

"Why, the fellers, the boys of my father's company, asked me to and I did; that's all. They said I'd be their mascot. We staid in Tampa for two months. I worked as 'helper' to the cooks. Then we took the Santiago to Cuba from Port Tampa. We landed in the sand at Siboney. We staid there one day and then moved up six miles the next day, and then we got into the fight. That was the battle of San Juan hill. Only one man in our company was wounded. He was shot in the foot before we got into battle."

"Where was I? Why, by my father's side most of the time, but I carried water to all the fellers. I kept filling my canteen. I got water from a spring. Why, the further we marched the further away the spring was. Say, the Spaniards had sharpshooters up in trees, but we got on to them, and the negro troops just hunted those sharpshooters like squirrels."

"Tell me how the battle looked to you."

"Looked to me? Why, it looked to me as if they ought to massacre the Americans. I didn't have time to look around much. I was too busy. Certainly I was scared at first, but I was too busy to look round. I was giving water to the men on the fighting line and the wounded men. I couldn't keep track to see what was going on. Yes, I saw the battle of Santiago, but that was just like the other. Father's company is quartered in a theater in Santiago now—that is, it was when I left him."—New York Herald.

## THE CUBAN ALLIES.

Experiences of General Young With the Insurgent Soldiers at Santiago.

Since he came back from Santiago General S. B. M. Young has been telling his experiences with the Cuban soldiers. On the day before the battle of



GENERAL S. B. M. YOUNG.

July 1 General Castillo came over to General Young's headquarters, and this conversation took place:

General Young—We are going into the battle early in the morning. Can you give us some help?

General Castillo—Certainly, sir.

General Young—How many men can you put in?

General Castillo—I will have 800 ready to obey any command you give.

General Young—Very well. We shall open the battle at 5 o'clock in the morning. That means 5 o'clock—no later. Will you be ready?

General Castillo—We will.

General Young—Send a staff officer to me at 4:30 in the morning for orders. Whom will you send?

General Castillo—I will send no one. I will come myself to receive the orders.

The time appointed came and went without the appearance of General Castillo or any staff officer of the Cubans. Five o'clock passed, without any Cubans. The day went by, and General Young saw no Cubans.

"But," said General Young, "when the fighting was over and supper time arrived the Cubans were on hand."—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Wanted—A Patent.

Among the strange applications which reach the patent office one, filed some years ago, was most extraordinary, it being a petition for a patent for an ant guard which consisted in merely drawing a chalk mark around a table or other place by which it was claimed the approach of ants was stopped. It seems that chalk makes an ant's legs slip as soaping a track prevents a railway engine from starting. The petition was novel and caused considerable amusement. The application, however, was refused on the ground that there was nothing new in the invention, that chalk had been used for such purposes before and that such ideas were not patentable.

## Jes' Keep Yer Eye on Miles!

Our hero list is stretchin' out  
In hefty shape, an, full of glee,  
The people whoop, hooray an shout  
For valiant men on land an sea,  
And while yer watchin' them same Yanks  
An floodin' 'em with grateful smiles  
An loadin' 'em with joyful thanks  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

We sing of Dewey's gallant work,  
Of Schley in that Cervera play,  
Of Hobson an his collier cork,  
Down there at Santiago bay;  
Of Shafter chasin' Spanish dons  
Through tangled brakes an deep defiles,  
But while ye cheer these noble sons  
Jes' keep an eye on Miles!

We snickered at his gaudy dress,  
His overshow of golden lace,  
An hinted that sich gorgeousness  
Was dandified an out of place.  
His famous bathtub was the brunt  
Of volleys of contemptuous smiles,  
But now that he is at the front  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Back in the civil war he made  
A name that echoed o'er the earth.  
He caught a fightin' hand an played  
The game for all that it was worth.  
He stacked up martial glory then  
In frequent an heroic piles,  
An now that he's at work again  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Out here back in the troublous days  
When savage reds was huntin' hair  
His fightin' glory seemed to blaze  
Like gleamin' meteors in the air,  
An, though of late his martial fame  
Was built on flashy, dressy styles,  
He's that same fighter jes' the same,  
So keep yer eye on Miles!

Jes' watch the Porto Rican news,  
An one of these hot summer days  
You'll feel like jumpin' from yer shoes  
An split the echoes with his praise!  
Won't be a bit of ridicule,  
But up in air will go yer tiles,  
Accompanied with whoops, if ye'll  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

—Denver Post.

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Owner and Manager.

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**LOCAL BREVITIES.**  
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Asa Greer, of Gardendale, a son.  
George Travis spent the day in New Cumberland on legal business.  
The pressers at the Brunt knob pottery were laid off yesterday for a few days.  
The steamer Princess passed up this morning with several flats of fire brick in tow.  
Mrs. John A. Saint, of Calcutta road, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is slowly improving.  
A valuable horse owned by Charles Forster died this morning at the stables at the foot of Washington street.  
There will be no meetings in the Salvation Army barracks tomorrow as the improvements are not yet completed.  
Workmen at the East End flint mill are making excellent progress, and it will not be long until all the machinery is installed.  
A large number of young people are this evening expected to leave the city on the Keystone State for Cincinnati. They will return to the city next Friday afternoon.  
A number of men from this place left at noon for Pittsburg where they this afternoon attended the races at McKee's Rocks. They will return home tonight at 1:30 o'clock.  
The train due in the city at 8:20 this morning, did not arrive until 8:55. The delay was caused at Rochester, where the train was delayed by freights on the Ft. Wayne road.  
A meeting of the Women's Good Citizen's union will be held at the First M. E. church, Monday evening, at 7:30. A full attendance is desired, and all others are invited.  
The household effects of M. J. Allison, from Toronto, were received at the freight depot yesterday afternoon. It is the first moving to be received from the west for many weeks.  
Paul Rhoades, a checkman at the freight depot, who sprained his back Tuesday is now able to be out. He is unable to lift anything, and can only walk with the aid of a cane.  
Reverend Weary returned to the city this morning from Sandusky, and will conduct the usual services at St. Stephen's church tomorrow. He will return to the lakes next week.  
Rev. George Menon, of New Cumberland, arrived in the city, this morning, and went to Columbiana where he will preach tomorrow. He is pastor of the Christian church at Cumberland.  
Since Officer White took Jim Sharp to the workhouse the officers are counting how many are now spending their time in that institution. So far only two, including Sharp, are at the works from this place.  
Evangelist Ditmore and several others of the church he represents spoke in the Diamond last evening and attracted a large crowd. He is here for the purpose of establishing, if possible, a branch of his church in this city.  
The Sunday schools of Empire and Toronto are holding their annual outing on the Virginia side today. A special train composed of seven coaches and containing about 400 people arrived in the city at 9:15 this morning.  
Yesterday at the freight depot a large amount of business was handled, and a large number of cars were sent out from the outbound platform. Receipts were very large, and business for the day was up to any day during the week.  
Jethro street sidewalks in several places between Lisbon and Division streets are completely covered with dirt and pedestrians have to climb over small heaps of dirt in order to get along the street. The pavements in Eighth street are in very much the same condition and the newly paved gutters are used by pedestrians a great deal more than the sidewalks.

## MISSIONARIES KILLED.

Two Ladies, One From Ohio, Victims of a Frightful Accident In Yokohama Harbor.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 13.—The steamer Victoria, from the Orient, yesterday brought news of a frightful accident in Yokohama harbor, whereby two lady missionaries of the American mission board, Misses Simmons and Allen, lost their lives. The two ladies had a number of friends who were journeying to this side of the Pacific by the Empress of India, and they went out in a launch to see them off. While going ashore a junk struck the launch. Miss Simmons was killed instantly and Miss Allen died of her injuries in the Yokohama hospital on July 30, a few hours before the Victoria sailed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Miss Belle J. Allen and Miss Maude E. Simmons, the two missionaries who were killed in Yokohama harbor July 30, were graduates of the Chicago Methodist Training school for missionaries, and were well known in religious circles. Miss Allen came from Darbyville, O.

## THANKED GEN. SHAFTER.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union Pleased With His Stand Against Liquor Selling in the Army.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The last session of the national convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence union was held yesterday in Faneuil hall. The first business was the adoption of a resolution thanking General Shafter for the stand he had taken against the use and sale of intoxicating liquors in canteens in the army at Santiago and for his refusal to permit cargoes of beer from the United States to be landed there. It was voted to hold the next national convention at Chicago on the second Wednesday in August, 1899.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, Bishop Tierney of Hartford; first vice president, J. Washington Logue, Washington; second vice president, Walter J. Gibbons, Chicago; third vice president, Mrs. Leonora M. Lake, St. Louis; treasurer, Rev. D. F. McGillicuddy, Worcester; secretary, Rev. A. P. Doyle, New York.

**May Canonize Bishop Newmann.**  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The tribunal of priests that has been conducting the investigations in connection with the effort to secure the canonization of the late Bishop Newmann, fourth bishop of Philadelphia, has completed its work as far as this city is concerned. Rev. Joseph Wissel of St. Joseph's Catholic church, will leave for Rome on Aug. 20 with a copy of the acts of the tribunal.

**Our Expanding Boundaries.**  
Hereafter the man who says that he doesn't want to go to Europe until he has been all over his own country first will have to spend a pile going to Porto Rico and another pile going to Cuba and another on Manila before he can dream of dating his letters Paris and London.—Atchison Globe.

**A Union Bouquet.**  
As flowers gathered here and there,  
From mountain, grove and dingle,  
A singleness of beauty bear  
When in a mass they mingle.  
So will the hero deeds that grow  
In fields of Cuban story  
Blend in sweet harmony to show  
A welded nation's glory.  
—Richmond Dispatch.

**Spain's Big Three.**  
It is intimated in Paris that Polo, the late Spanish minister to Washington, will be named by Spain as one of her commissioners to negotiate peace with the United States. If he is chosen, De Lome and Weyer should also be appointed.—New York Mail and Express.

**As Well as Vexatious.**  
When American enterprise begins to build railroads in Cuba, it will be curious to hear conductors calling out the names of some of those stations.—Philadelphia Times.

## THRIFTY SOLDIERS.

A Guthrie (Mo.) soldier boy began his letter home from Siboney: "Inclosed find \$50, my army pay. Buy calves with it for me."

Not a few of the First Kentucky men in camp at Chickamauga have profited handsomely by playing their vocations. Private Lucas Seifker, the pugilist, is a barber. Last pay day he collected from the regiment over \$150. Private Becker, a saddler, has made \$100 or more in repairing leggings.

A Kentucky volunteer, Private Sam Tudor of Company L, Second regiment, has started a day school at Chickamauga for the instruction of those of his comrades who cannot read or write and who do not understand arithmetic. Tudor has about 20 pupils, and new applications are being filed every day.

One of the odd ways of making money at Chickamauga has been by tattooing the soldiers. The tattooing artist reached the camp of the First Missouri and in two days carried away \$170 from the regiment. He charged from \$5 to 50 cents for a set of initials inclosed with a fancy scroll. Both officers and men patronized him liberally, and some of the "spread eagle," "flag" and other patriotic designs are quite artistic.—New York World.

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## INCREASE IN TRADE.

Dun's Review Says the Peace Prospects Caused Large Orders to Be Placed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Prospects of peace have had a curious influence on business contracts, not quite explainable on common sense grounds. Nobody really feared disaster, or exhaustion of national resources and nobody feared that anybody else was afraid of either. Yet orders unusual in number and size have been placed since Spain asked for peace. In some industries the gains have been large for about two weeks, while in some textile manufactures it has only begun to appear this week, but involves a considerable increase in the working force. Crop prospects are on the whole more encouraging for the government's last report as to corn is much larger than the commercial estimates. Rarely has the financial outlook been more nearly unclouded.

While wheat is 4 cents higher for the week there is less doubt than a week ago that it will rule lower during the coming year. The general holding back of grain by farmers and consequent heavy shrinkage in western receipts have reduced the visible supply below all past records, but everybody understands that at this date many times that quantity is almost within a day's run of Chicago. The more effective change is the decrease in exports.

The price of corn has declined a shade for cash.

The iron and steel trade fully supports inferences drawn from recent events. The demand for steel is so heavy that some of the biggest concerns have been buying, one taking 40,000 tons, advancing the price at Pittsburg from \$14.50 to \$15.25, which was at last refused. Bessemer pig is steady, and other pig there and at eastern and western markets generally, but rails have been advanced by eastern makers to \$18 per ton, the makers of structural beams have advanced the price \$1 per ton and makers of merchant pig have advanced the price 5 per cent, while plate makers are crowded to the point of refusing orders, both east and west, and bars are stronger, with many mills engaged for weeks ahead.

The demand for woolen goods is now much better, although not yet extensive enough to warrant paying the prices asked for new wool, and nearly all of the buying has been of old stock. The aggregate sales at three chief markets have been only 5,432,700 pounds for the week, about a third of the sales in the same week of 1897, while in 1892 for the corresponding week sales were 7,164,600 pounds.

For the week failures have been 196 in the United States, against 239 last year, and 18 in Canada, against 39 last year.

## Put Flags on Confederate Graves.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The Confederate soldiers of the rebellion, members of Pickett's division, who are visiting this city, yesterday placed small American flags on the graves of their fallen comrades who are buried in the National cemetery in Germantown. Rev. S. A. Grimsley, a Baptist minister of Richmond, who was in the thick of the fight at Gettysburg, delivered the oration. A volley was fired over the graves by the Sixty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers.

## ADMIRAL KIRKLAND DEAD.

An Operation on the Naval Officer Resulted Fatally.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug. 13.—Rear Admiral Kirkland, U. S. N., died at about 7 o'clock last evening. His death was the result of an operation.

The funeral will take place from St. Vincent's Catholic church of Vallejo on Sunday. The remains have been embalmed and will be placed temporarily in the vault at St. Vincent's cemetery. Later they will be removed to Brooklyn, for interment beside the remains of his daughter, who is buried there.

## Reber Appointed Chaplain.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Rev. John E. Reber of Rosborough was yesterday appointed by Governor Hastings chaplain of the Third Pennsylvania regiment at Fernandina, Fla.

## SPEECH OF THE QUEEN.

Little to Say on Eastern Controversy. Referred to Peace Negotiations.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Parliament was prorogued yesterday. The queen's speech of prorogation contained nothing of importance on the eastern question except the following:

"The changes which have taken place in the territorial relation of other powers with the Chinese empire have induced me to conclude agreements by which the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei and certain positions adjacent to my colony of Hongkong have been leased to me by the emperor of China.

"I trust that these arrangements will conduce to the maintenance of the independence and the sanctity of his empire, and will be favorable to the development of the extensive commerce which is carried on between the people of Great Britain and China."

Concerning the Spanish-American war the queen says:

"Her majesty has witnessed with the deepest sorrow the hostilities between Spain and the United States. The present negotiations give hope of an honorable and enduring peace."

## DAY TO BE A JUDGE.

Reported He Will Be Appointed to the Sixth U. S. Circuit.

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 13.—Secretary of State Day will be appointed United States judge for the Sixth circuit court as soon as he resigns from the cabinet at the close of the war. This was learned from the most reliable authority here yesterday.

## Condition of Mrs. McKinley's Uncle.

CANTON, O., Aug. 13.—Physicians have found that Joseph S. Saxton, Mrs. McKinley's uncle, was not injured internally when he was knocked down by a motor, therefore, they declare he will recover.

## Young Withdrew His Application.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Harry P. Young, one of the owners of the land near Middletown where the Second division of the Second army corps will camp, yesterday withdrew his application for an injunction to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad company from putting down sidings on the property.

Utah has the only deposit of pure pumice stone in the United States.

## YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—Boston, 8 runs, 10 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 2 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Kloebanz and Bergen; Young and O'Connor. Umpires, Snyder and Connolly. Attendance, 3,500.

At New York—New York, 4 runs, 5 hits and 1 error; Chicago, 3 runs, 12 hits and 6 errors. Batteries, Rusie and Warner; Callahan and Donahue. Umpires, Emslie and Hunt. Attendance, 3,000.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Cincinnati, 4 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Breitenstein and Peitz. Umpires, Lynch and Andrews. Attendance, 500.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; St. Louis, 2 runs, 5 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Platt and McFarland; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires, Swartwood and Warner. Attendance, 1,119.

Baltimore-Pittsburg game postponed on account of rain.

Washington-Louisville game postponed on account of rain.

## League Standing.

	W	L	Pc.		W	L	Pc.
Cincinnati	66	35	.653	Pittsburg	50	44	.528
Boston	62	35	.639	Philadelphia	44	49	.473
Cleveland	59	37	.615	Brooklyn	36	58	.383
Baltimore	53	38	.582	Louisville	36	61	.371
New York	54	43	.557	Washington	33	61	.351
Chicago	55	45	.550	St. Louis	29	71	.290

## Games Scheduled For Today.

Pittsburg at Baltimore, Cleveland at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Chicago at New York, St. Louis at Philadelphia and Louisville at Washington.

## Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 3 runs, 11 hits and 1 error; New Castle, 4 runs, 11 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Norcom and Campbell; Minnehan and Zinram.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 1 run, 10 hits and 3 errors; Springfield, 1 run, 9 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Kellum and Belt; Peole and Graffius. Called end of sixteenth inning on account of darkness.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 7 runs, 11 hits and 6 errors; Youngstown, 8 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Wayne and Coto; Miller and Schreengost.

Dayton forfeited the game to Toledo by refusing to continue play in the tenth inning when the score was 6 to 4.



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News Review.



## TO THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,  
Owner and Manager.

## TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Asa Greer, of Gardendale, a son.

George Travis spent the day in New Cumberland on legal business.

The pressers at the Brunt knob pottery were laid off yesterday for a few days.

The steamer Princess passed up this morning with several flats of fire brick in tow.

Mrs. John A. Saint, of Calcutta road, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is slowly improving.

A valuable horse owned by Charles Forster died this morning at the stables at the foot of Washington street.

There will be no meetings in the Salvation Army barracks tomorrow as the improvements are not yet completed.

Workmen at the East End flint mill are making excellent progress, and it will not be long until all the machinery is installed.

A large number of young people are this evening expected to leave the city on the Keystone State for Cincinnati. They will return to the city next Friday afternoon.

A number of men from this place left at noon for Pittsburg where they this afternoon attended the races at McKee's Rocks. They will return home tonight at 1:30 o'clock.

The train due in the city at 8:30 this morning, did not arrive until 8:55. The delay was caused at Rochester, where the train was delayed by freights on the Ft. Wayne road.

A meeting of the Women's Good Citizen's union will be held at the First M. E. church, Monday evening, at 7:30. A full attendance is desired, and all others are invited.

The household effects of M. J. Allison, from Toronto, were received at the freight depot yesterday afternoon. It is the first moving to be received from the west for many weeks.

Paul Rhoades, a checkman at the freight depot, who sprained his back Tuesday is now able to be out. He is unable to lift anything, and can only walk with the aid of a cane.

Reverend Weary returned to the city this morning from Sandusky, and will conduct the usual services at St. Stephen's church tomorrow. He will return to the lakes next week.

Rev. George Menon, of New Cumberland, arrived in the city, this morning, and went to Columbiana where he will preach tomorrow. He is pastor of the Christian church at Cumberland.

Since Officer White took Jim Sharp to the workhouse the officers are counting how many are now spending their time in that institution. So far only two, including Sharp, are at the works from this place.

Evangelist Ditmore and several others of the church he represents spoke in the Diamond last evening and attracted a large crowd. He is here for the purpose of establishing, if possible, a branch of his church in this city.

The Sunday schools of Empire and Toronto are holding their annual outing on the Virginia side today. A special train composed of seven coaches and containing about 400 people arrived in the city at 9:15 this morning.

Yesterday at the freight depot a large amount of business was handled, and a large number of cars were sent out from the outbound platform. Receipts were very large, and business for the day was up to any day during the week.

Jethro street sidewalks in several places between Lisbon and Division streets are completely covered with dirt and pedestrians have to climb over small heaps of dirt in order to get along the street. The pavements in Eighth street are in very much the same condition and the newly paved gutters are used by pedestrians a great deal more than the sidewalks.

## MISSIONARIES KILLED.

Two Ladies, One From Ohio, Victims of a Frightful Accident in Yokohama Harbor.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 13.—The steamer Victoria, from the Orient, yesterday brought news of a frightful accident in Yokohama harbor, whereby two lady missionaries of the American mission board, Misses Simmons and Allen, lost their lives. The two ladies had a number of friends who were journeying to this side of the Pacific by the Empress of India, and they went out in a launch to see them off. While going ashore a junk struck the launch. Miss Simmons was killed instantly and Miss Allen died of her injuries in the Yokohama hospital on July 30, a few hours before the Victoria sailed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Miss Belle J. Allen and Miss Maude E. Simmons, the two missionaries who were killed in Yokohama harbor July 30, were graduates of the Chicago Methodist Training school for missionaries, and were well known in religious circles. Miss Allen came from Darbyville, O.

## THANKED GEN. SHAFTER.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union Pleased With His Stand Against Liquor Selling in the Army.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The last session of the national convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence union was held yesterday in Faneuil hall. The first business was the adoption of a resolution thanking General Shafter for the stand he had taken against the use and sale of intoxicating liquors in canteens in the army at Santiago and for his refusal to permit cargoes of beer from the United States to be landed there.

It was voted to hold the next national convention at Chicago on the second Wednesday in August, 1899.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President, Bishop Tierney of Hartford; first vice president, J. Washington Logue, Washington; second vice president, Walter J. Gibbons, Chicago; third vice president, Mrs. Leonora M. Lake, St. Louis; treasurer, Rev. D. F. McGillicuddy, Worcester; secretary, Rev. A. P. Doyle, New York.

## May Canonize Bishop Newman.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The tribunal of priests that has been conducting the investigations in connection with the effort to secure the canonization of the late Bishop Newman, fourth bishop of Philadelphia, has completed its work as far as this city is concerned. Rev. Joseph Wissel of St. Joseph's Catholic church, will leave for Rome on Aug. 20 with a copy of the acts of the tribunal.

## Our Expanding Boundaries.

Hereafter the man who says that he doesn't want to go to Europe until he has been all over his own country first will have to spend a pile going to Porto Rico and another pile going to Cuba and another on Manila before he can dream of dating his letters Paris and London.—Atchison Globe.

## A Union Bouquet.

As flowers gathered here and there,  
From mountain, grove and dingle,  
A singleness of beauty bear  
When in a mass they mingle.  
So will the hero deeds that grow  
In fields of Cuban story  
Blend in sweet harmony to show  
A welled nation's glory.  
—Richmond Dispatch.

## Spain's Big Three.

It is intimated in Paris that Polo, the late Spanish minister to Washington, will be named by Spain as one of her commissioners to negotiate peace with the United States. If he is chosen, De Lome and Weyer should also be appointed.—New York Mail and Express.

## As Well as Vexatious.

When American enterprise begins to build railroads in Cuba, it will be curious to hear conductors calling out the names of some of those stations.—Philadelphia Times.

## THRIFTY SOLDIERS.

A Guthrie (Mo.) soldier boy began his letter home from Siboney: "Inclosed find \$50, my army pay. Buy calves with it for me."

Not a few of the First Kentucky men in camp at Chickamauga have profited handsomely by plying their vocations. Private Lucas Seifker, the pugilist, is a barber. Last pay day he collected from the regiment over \$150. Private Becker, a saddler, has made \$100 or more in repairing leggings.

A Kentucky volunteer, Private Sam Tudor of Company L, Second regiment, has started a day school at Chickamauga for the instruction of those of his comrades who cannot read or write and who do not understand arithmetic. Tudor has about 20 pupils, and new applications are being filed every day.

One of the odd ways of making money at Chickamauga has been by tattooing the soldiers. The tattooing artist reached the camp of the First Missouri and in two days carried away \$170 from the regiment. He charged from 25 to 50 cents for a set of initials inclosed with a fancy scroll. Both officers and men patronized him liberally, and some of the "spread eagle," "flag" and other patriotic designs are quite artistic.—New York World.

## Where You May Spend A Delightful Vacation

A WEEK AMONG THE 10,000 ISLANDS OF GEORGIAN BAY ON THE EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMER.



LEAVING CLEVELAND EVERY MONDAY AT 7 P. M.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP,  
including meals and  
Cabin Berth . . . . .

**\$17**

W. J. BROWN, Passenger Agent.  
110 Woodward Ave. Detroit Mich.

## INCREASE IN TRADE.

Dun's Review Says the Peace Prospects Caused Large Orders to Be Placed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Prospects of peace have had a curious influence on business contracts, not quite explainable on common sense grounds. Nobody really feared disaster, or exhaustion of national resources and nobody feared that anybody else was afraid of either. Yet orders unusual in number and size have been placed since Spain asked for peace. In some industries the gains have been large for about two weeks, while in some textile manufactures it has only begun to appear this week, but involves a considerable increase in the working force. Crop prospects are on the whole more encouraging for the government's last report as to corn is much larger than the commercial estimates. Rarely has the financial outlook been more nearly unclouded.

While wheat is 4 cents higher for the week there is less doubt than a week ago that it will rule lower during the coming year. The general holding back of grain by farmers and consequent heavy shrinkage in western receipts have reduced the visible supply below all past records, but everybody understands that at this date many times that quantity is almost within a day's run of Chicago. The more effective change is the decrease in exports.

The price of corn has declined a shade for cash.

The iron and steel trade fully supports inferences drawn from recent events. The demand for steel is so heavy that some of the biggest concerns have been buying, one taking 40,000 tons, advancing the price at Pittsburg from \$14.50 to \$15.25, which was at last refused. Bessemer pig is steady, and other pig there and at eastern and western markets generally, but rails have been advanced by eastern makers to \$18 per ton, the makers of structural beams have advanced the price \$1 per ton and makers of merchant pipe have advanced the price 5 per cent, while plate makers are crowded to the point of refusing orders, both east and west, and bars are stronger, with many mills engaged for weeks ahead.

The demand for woolen goods is now much better, although not yet extensive enough to warrant paying the prices asked for new wool, and nearly all of the buying has been of old stock. The aggregate sales at three chief markets have been only 5,432,700 pounds for the week, about a third of the sales in the same week of 1897, while in 1892 for the corresponding week sales were 7,164,600 pounds.

For the week failures have been 196 in the United States, against 239 last year, and 18 in Canada, against 39 last year.

## Put Flags on Confederate Graves.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The Confederate soldiers of the rebellion, members of Pickett's division, who are visiting this city, yesterday placed small American flags on the graves of their fallen comrades who are buried in the National cemetery in Germantown. Rev. S. A. Grimsley, a Baptist minister of Richmond, who was in the thick of the fight at Gettysburg, delivered the oration. A volley was fired over the graves by the Sixty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers.

## ADMIRAL KIRKLAND DEAD.

An Operation on the Naval Officer Resulted Fatally.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug. 13.—Rear Admiral Kirkland, U. S. N., died at about 7 o'clock last evening. His death was the result of an operation.

The funeral will take place from St. Vincent's Catholic church of Vallejo on Sunday. The remains have been embalmed and will be placed temporarily in the vault at St. Vincent's cemetery. Later they will be removed to Brooklyn, for interment beside the remains of his daughter, who is buried there.

## Reber Appointed Chaplain.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Rev. John E. Reber of Rosborough was yesterday appointed by Governor Hastings chaplain of the Third Pennsylvania regiment at Fernandina, Fla.

## SPEECH OF THE QUEEN.

Little to Say on Eastern Controversy. Referred to Peace Negotiations.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Parliament was prorogued yesterday. The queen's speech of prorogation contained nothing of importance on the eastern question except the following:

"The changes which have taken place in the territorial relation of other powers with the Chinese empire have induced me to conclude agreements by which the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei and certain positions adjacent to my colony of Hongkong have been leased to me by the emperor of China.

"I trust that these arrangements will conduce to the maintenance of the independence and the sanctity of his empire, and will be favorable to the development of the extensive commerce which is carried on between the people of Great Britain and China."

Concerning the Spanish-American war the queen says:

"Her majesty has witnessed with the deepest sorrow the hostilities between Spain and the United States. The present negotiations give hope of an honorable and enduring peace."

## DAY TO BE A JUDGE.

Reported He Will Be Appointed to the Sixth U. S. Circuit.

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 13.—Secretary of State Day will be appointed United States judge for the Sixth circuit court as soon as he resigns from the cabinet at the close of the war. This was learned from the most reliable authority here yesterday.

## Condition of Mrs. McKinley's Uncle.

CANTON, O., Aug. 13.—Physicians have found that Joseph S. Saxton, Mrs. McKinley's uncle, was not injured internally when he was knocked down by a motor, therefore, they declare he will recover.

## Young Withdrew His Application.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Harry P. Young, one of the owners of the land near Middletown where the Second division of the Second army corps will camp, yesterday withdrew his application for an injunction to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad company from putting down sidings on the property.

Utah has the only deposit of pure pumice stone in the United States.

## YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—Boston, 8 runs, 10 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 2 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Klobedanz and Bergen; Young and O'Connor. Umpires, Snyder and Connolly. Attendance, 3,500.

At New York—New York, 4 runs, 5 hits and 1 error; Chicago, 3 runs, 12 hits and 6 errors. Batteries, Rusie and Warner; Callahan and Donahue. Umpires, Emslie and Hunt. Attendance, 3,000.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Cincinnati, 4 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Breitenstein and Peltz. Umpires, Lynch and Andrews. Attendance, 500.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; St. Louis, 2 runs, 5 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Platt and McFarland; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires, Swartwood and Warner. Attendance, 1,119.

Baltimore-Pittsburg game postponed on account of rain.

Washington-Louisville game postponed on account of rain.

## League Standing.

	W	L	Pc.		W	L	Pc.
Cincinnati	65	35	.653	Pittsburg	50	44	.528
Boston	62	35	.639	Philadelphia	44	49	.478
Cleveland	59	37	.615	Brooklyn	36	58	.383
Baltimore	53	38	.582	Louisville	38	61	.371
New York	54	43	.557	Washington	33	61	.351
Chicago	55	45	.550	St. Louis	29	71	.290

## Games Scheduled For Today.

Pittsburg at Baltimore, Cleveland at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Chicago, at New York, St. Louis at Philadelphia and Louisville at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.  
At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 3 runs, 11 hits and 1 error; New Castle, 4 runs, 11 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Norcom and Campbell, Minnehan and Zinram.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 1 run, 10 hits and 3 errors; Springfield, 1 run, 9 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Kellum and Belt; Peole and Graffius. Called end of sixteenth inning on account of darkness.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 7 runs, 7 hits and 6 errors; Youngstown, 8 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Wayne and Coto; Miller and Schrecongost.

Dayton forfeited the game to Toledo by refusing to continue play in the tenth inning when the score was 6 to 3.



## The Many Rich Prizes

Captured by Uncle Sam didn't drop into his hat through sheer luck—strength and shrewd judgment won them. Business successes are won in the same way. It isn't luck that enables us to offer you the most expert, scientific optical service to be found anywhere, at extremely low prices. It is full and perfect equipment, investment and enterprise. We employ a first class Oculist, a medical doctor especially educated in the treatment of the eye. When you come to us you take no chances, but are sure of first class service. Examination free of charge. Why not have the best?

## M. WADE, JEWELER.

205 Market St., East Liverpool, Ohio

## The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.  
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.  
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.  
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

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Original BOSS ICE CREAM.  
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Specialties: Syndicate Bldg.,  
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and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.

## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushion  
Rubber Stamps.

## THE NEWS REVIEW

ALL the News in the  
News Review.



## FORMAL END OF THE WAR

Instructions Sent to Commanders  
to Stop Fighting.

## PEACE PROTOCOL SIGNED.

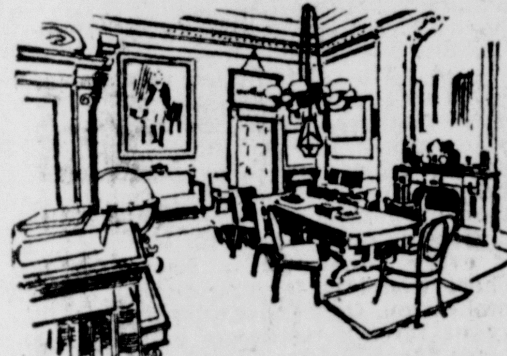
Day Acted For United States and Cam-  
bon For Spain.

## DONE IN PRESIDENT'S PRESENCE.

The Ceremonies Simple In Keeping With  
Republican Institutions—Cambon Had  
Received Cabled Authorization to Sign  
the Document—President McKinley  
Thanked, Through the French Ambassa-  
dor, the Republic of France For the  
Exercise of Her Good Offices In Help-  
ing Bring About Peace.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—With sim-  
plicity in keeping with republican in-  
stitutions the war which has raged  
between Spain and the United States  
for a period of three months and 22  
days was quietly terminated about 4:23  
o'clock yesterday afternoon when Sec-  
retary Day, for the United States, and  
M. Cambon, for Spain, in the presence  
of President McKinley, signed a proto-  
col which will form the basis of a defi-  
nite treaty of peace.

At about 2:45 o'clock Secretary Thie-  
bault of the French embassy appeared  
at the state department to inform Sec-



CABINET ROOM, WASHINGTON.

retary Day that the ambassador was in  
full possession of the note; was fully  
empowered to sign the protocol for  
Spain, and only awaited the pleasure  
of the state department. He intimated  
that the ambassador would be pleased  
to have the final ceremony conducted  
in the presence of President McKinley,  
where the negotiations were begun.  
Leaving the secretary of the embassy  
in his own office, Secretary Day made a  
short visit to the White House to learn  
the president's wishes in the matter.  
The latter immediately consented to  
accept the suggestion and Mr. Thiebaut  
hastened to inform his principal that  
the president would receive him at the  
White House at 4 o'clock.

A driving rainstorm prevailed, oblig-  
ing all the parties to resort to carriages  
for transportation to the White House.  
Secretary Day came first with a large  
portfolio under his arm, enclosing cop-  
ies of the protocol, of the proclamation  
to be issued by the president stopping  
hostilities and some other necessary  
papers. He was accompanied by As-  
sistant Secretary Moore, Second Secretary  
Adee and Third Assistant Secretary  
Orlender. They went immediately to the  
cabinet room, where the president sat in  
waiting. He had invited to be present  
the assistant secretaries, Pruden and  
Cortelyou, and Lieutenant Colonel  
Montgomery.

When Ambassador Cambon reached  
the White House he and Secretary  
Thiebaut were ushered inside. They  
went direct to the library, adjoining  
the cabinet room, on the upper floor.  
Later they were announced to the wait-  
ing party in the cabinet room and were  
ushered into their presence. After an  
exchange of diplomatic courtesies, un-  
necessary loss of time did not occur,  
and Assistant Secretary of State Or-  
lender, on the part of the United States,  
and First Secretary Thiebaut, on the  
part of Spain, retired to a window,  
where there was a critical formal ex-  
amination of the protocol.

This inspection had all outward form-  
alities due a document of this impor-  
tance. It was prepared in duplicate at  
the state department, one copy to be  
retained by the United States govern-  
ment and the other to become the prop-  
erty of Spain. The text is handsomely  
engrossed in running old English scrip.

Each copy of the protocol is arranged  
in double column, French and English,  
standing alongside for easy comparison  
as to the exactness of translation. The  
two copies are alike, except that this  
one, held by this government has the  
English text in the first column and the  
signature of Secretary Day ahead of  
that of M. Cambon, while the copy trans-  
mitted to Spain has French in the first  
column and the signature of M. Cam-  
bon ahead of that of Secretary Day.

The protocol sent to Spain was ac-  
companied by the credentials issued by  
President McKinley, specially empow-  
ering the secretary of state to affix his  
signature to this document. The auth-  
orization was brief and in typewriting,  
save for the president's bold signature.

Later the American copy of the proto-  
col will be accompanied by the writ-  
ten credentials of the Spanish govern-  
ment sent to M. Cambon, and bearing  
the signature of Queen Christina. The  
cable dispatch received by him yester-  
day conferred full authority to sign the  
protocol, and stated that the written  
authorization would follow signed by  
the queen regent in the name of the  
king. Prior to the ceremony of yester-  
day, M. Thiebaut showed the cable dis-  
patch to Secretary Day, and it was ac-  
cepted as sufficient to enable the am-  
bassador to sign in behalf of Spain.

The examination of the protocol was  
satisfactory and the document was  
handed to M. Cambon first, and then to  
Secretary Day, who affixed signatures  
in that order to each side of the two  
copies. Then the last detail in making  
the protocol binding was administered  
by Assistant Secretary Orlender, in  
charge of the chancery work, who at-  
tached the seal of the United States.  
Throughout the ceremony all but the  
two signers remained standing. M.  
Cambon, in signing for Spain, occu-  
pied the seat which Secretary of the  
Treaty Long, now away on a vacation,  
usually occupied. The president stood  
at the left hand corner at the head of  
the great cabinet table. Secretary  
Day, M. Thiebaut and M. Cambon in  
the order named on left side of the  
table. The rest of the party were  
standing in other portions of the room.

No credentials were produced dur-  
ing the meeting at the White House, the  
president accepting Secretary Day's as-  
surance that this had been settled to his  
satisfaction at the state department. It  
was about 4:23 o'clock when the final  
signatures were attached to the proto-  
col, and within the knowledge of all  
the officials present this was the first  
time that a protocol or treaty had been  
signed at the White House. As this  
ceremony concluded Acting Secretary  
Allen of the navy department, Sec-  
retary Alger and Adjutant General Cor-  
bin appeared, having been summoned  
to the White House by the president,  
and they were admitted into the cabi-  
net room just in season to witness one  
of the most important features of the  
ceremony when the president requested  
the hand of the ambassador and through  
him returned thanks to the sister re-  
public of France for the exercise of her  
good offices in bringing about peace.  
He also thanked the ambassador person-  
ally for the important part he has played  
in this matter, and the latter replied in  
suitable terms. As a further mark of  
his disposition, President McKinley  
called for the proclamation which he  
had caused to be drawn up suspending  
hostilities, and signed it in the presence  
of M. Cambon, who expressed his ap-  
preciation of the action.

Without delay Acting Secretary Allen  
hastened to the telephone and directed  
that cable messages be immediately  
sent to all of the naval commanders,  
Dewey in the Philippines, Sampson at  
Guantanamo, and the various com-  
mandants at navyyards and stations to  
cease hostilities immediately.

There is a dispatch boat at Hongkong  
and it is believed that it can reach Gen-  
eral Merritt in 48 hours at top speed.

On the part of the army, while Sec-  
retary Alger availed of the telegraph  
Adjutant General Corbin braved the  
storm and rushed across to the war de-  
partment, where he immediately issued  
the orders which had been prepared in  
advance to all of the military com-  
manders, to cease their operations. The  
state department filed its duty by noti-  
fying all diplomatic and consular agents  
of the action taken.

All the formalities having been dis-  
posed of the president spent about half  
an hour chatting with those present  
and then at 4:58, the ambassador and  
his secretary entered their carriage and  
were driven to the embassy.

## PREPARING CAMP WIKOFF.

Young and Forwood Trying to Get Thing  
Ready at Montauk Point.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Gen Young  
and Colonel Forwood are trying their  
utmost to get Camp Wikoff, at Mon-  
tauk Point, in shape for the great num-  
ber of troops expected there by rail  
and transports in the next 36 hours.

## TROOPS FOR MANILA.

Tenth Pennsylvania Recruits and Other  
Soldiers Likely to Sail Mon-  
day Morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—It has  
been definitely decided at headquarters  
that the Arizona shall weigh anchor  
Monday morning. On Sunday after-  
noon the troops will embark and the  
vessel will draw into the stream on the  
evening tide. The Scandia will be  
ready about Thursday.

It is announced authoritatively that  
the Third battalion of the Eighteenth  
infantry, Major Paul commanding; the  
Third battalion of the Twenty-third  
infantry, Major Goodale commanding;  
recruits for Tenth Pennsylvania, Lieut-  
enant Colonel Barnett; recruits for the  
First Colorado, for the Second Oregon  
and for the First Nebraska will go to  
Manila on the Arizona, the capacity of  
which is 1,600 enlisted men. The Sev-  
enth California and part of the Ne-  
braska and Colorado recruits will be as-  
signed to the Scandia.

## The Pope Has Recovered.

ROME, Aug. 13.—The pope has recov-  
ered his usual health. He rose yester-  
day morning and conferred for half  
an hour with Dr. Laponi, after which  
he received Cardinal Rampolla, the pa-  
pal secretary of state. During the  
afternoon the pontiff received others in  
audience.

## A PROCLAMATION

President Announced the Arrange-  
ment of Peace.

## WAS SENT TO COMMANDERS.

Spain Expected to Send Similar Instruc-  
tions to Officers.

## WHAT THE PROTOCOL PROVIDES.

An Official Statement Prepared For Pub-  
lication—The Questions of Cuba, Porto  
Rico and One of the Ladrone Islands  
Settled—Two Commissions Provided  
For—The Peace Commission to Meet  
In Paris—A Military Commission Is  
Intended to Meet In Havana.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The presi-  
dent has issued the following procla-  
mation:

By the President of the United States of  
America. A proclamation:

"Whereas, By a protocol concluded  
and signed Aug. 12, 1896, by William  
R. Day, secretary of state of the  
United States, and his excellency, Jules  
Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and  
plenipotentiary to the republic of  
France, at Washington, respectively  
representing for this purpose the gov-  
ernment of the United States and the  
government of Spain, the United States  
and Spain have formally agreed upon  
the terms on which negotiations for the  
establishment of peace between the  
two countries shall be undertaken; and,

"Whereas, It is in said protocol  
agreed that upon its conclusion and  
signature hostilities between the two  
countries shall be suspended, and that  
notice to that effect shall be given as  
soon as possible by each government to  
the commanders of its military forces;

"Now, therefore, I, William McKin-  
ley, president of the United States, do  
in accordance with the stipulations of  
the protocol, declare and proclaim on  
the part of the United States a suspen-  
sion of hostilities, and do hereby com-  
mand that orders be immediately given  
through the proper channels to the com-  
manders of the military and naval  
forces of the United States to abstain  
from all acts inconsistent with this  
proclamation.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto  
set my hand and caused the seal of the  
United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this  
12th day of August, in the year of our  
Lord, one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-eight, and of the independence  
of the United States, the one hundred  
and twenty-third.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY,  
"WILLIAM R. DAY,  
Secretary of State

A copy of the proclamation has been  
cabled to our army and navy com-  
manders. Spain will cable her com-  
manders like instructions.

An official statement for press pub-  
lication, setting out the provisions of the  
peace protocol, was read and approved  
at the cabinet session yesterday.

The protocol in general is a reitera-  
tion of the terms of the note given to  
Spain, with very little difference in the  
language of those terms, though with  
considerable supplementary paragraphs  
of an administrative nature. The most  
substantial difference is in regard to the  
evacuation of the captured territory.  
The note, as handed to Ambassador  
Cambon, called for immediate evacua-  
tion of Cuba and Porto Rico, while the  
protocol leaves the time of evacuation to  
be subsequently determined upon, the  
design being to have the date of with-  
drawal left to be fixed by joint military  
commission of the United States and  
Spain.

The protocol provides for two com-  
missions, first, the peace commission,  
which will meet in Paris, and second,  
the military commission, which will  
meet in Havana, probably within 15  
days. The military commission will be  
created immediately on the signing of  
the protocol. Its duties will be of great  
importance.

While the particular document signed  
is properly enough described as a proto-  
col, it is still technically nothing more  
than that. It is an agreement midway  
between that and the armistice which  
usually intervenes between active war  
and final peace. So far as it goes, this  
protocol is absolutely a peace treaty. Thus,  
having provided for the disposition of  
Cuba, Porto Rico and one of the Lad-  
rone islands, there is nothing more for  
any peace commission to do in relation  
to those subjects, their fate is sealed and  
the protocol in that respect is as bind-  
ing as any definitive treaty of peace.

Many details remain to be agreed  
upon, which are not even referred to in  
the protocol. Such of these as relate  
to purely military and naval subjects  
will by referred to a military commis-  
sion. This commission may encounter  
some difficulty in making a disposition  
of the Spanish soldiers in Cuba and  
Porto Rico, and the military and naval  
prisoners now in the United States.  
The Spanish government is showing a  
remarkable unwillingness to provide  
for the return of soldiers and sailors to  
Spain.

## NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

Sampson, Schley and Others Advanced,  
Pending Confirmation by the  
Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Among the  
promotions announced by the naval de-  
partment yesterday were these, for emi-  
nent and conspicuous action in battle,  
dating from Aug. 10, and dependent on  
action by the senate:

Commodore William T. Sampson, ad-  
vanced eight numbers and appointed  
rear admiral from Aug. 10, 1898, for  
eminent and conspicuous conduct in  
battle.

Commodore Winfield S. Schley, ad-  
vanced six numbers and appointed a  
rear admiral from same date and for  
same reasons.

Captain John W. Philip, advanced  
five numbers and appointed a commo-  
dore.

Captain Francis J. Higginson, ad-  
vanced three numbers.

Captain Robley D. Evans, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Henry C. Taylor, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Francis A. Cook, advanced  
five numbers.

Captain Charles E. Clark, advanced  
six numbers.

Captain French E. Chadwick, ad-  
vanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Richard  
Wainwright, advanced ten numbers.

Lieutenant Commander John A.  
Rodgers, advanced five numbers.

Lieutenant Commander Huse, ad-  
vanced five numbers.

Commander Bowman H. McCalla, ad-  
vanced six numbers and appointed a  
captain to restore him to his original  
place on the navy list.

Among others the following take  
rank from the same date, but different  
reasons are assigned for their advance-  
ment:

Lieutenant (junior grade) Victor  
Blue, advanced five numbers for extra-  
ordinary heroism. Lieutenant Colonel  
Robert W. Huntington, advanced one  
number and appointed a colonel in the  
marine corps for eminent and conspicu-  
ous conduct in battle.

## RAISING OF BLOCKADE.

The Dispatches Sent to Sampson and  
Remy—Word to Be Hurried  
to Dewey.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—In accord-  
ance with the proclamation issued by  
the president suspending hostilities or-  
ders were issued last evening to the  
naval commanders at the several sta-  
tions in the United States, Cuba and  
the Philippines carrying into effect the  
directions of the proclamation. The  
navy department not only transmitted  
the president's proclamation in full to  
the several commanders-in-chief, but  
also gave directions as to the disposi-  
tion of their vessels. The following or-  
ders are in that sense self-explanatory:

Sampson, Santiago.  
"Suspend all hostilities. Blockade of  
Cuba and Porto is raised. Howell or-  
dered to assemble vessels at Key West.  
Proceed with New York, Brooklyn, In-  
diana, Oregon, Iowa and Massachusetts  
to Tompkinsville. Place monitors in  
safe harbor in Porto Rico. Watson  
transfers his flag to Newark and will  
remain at Guantanamo. Assemble all  
cruisers in safe harbors. Order marines  
north in Resolve.  
(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."  
NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12. }

Remy, Key West:  
"In accordance with the president's  
proclamation telegraphed you, suspend  
immediately all hostilities. Commence  
withdrawal of vessels from blockade.  
Order blockading vessels in Cuban  
waters to assemble at Key West.  
(Signed) "ALLEN,  
"Acting Secretary."

The notification to Admiral Dewey  
was not made public, but Assistant Sec-  
retary Allen stated that besides being  
put in possession of the president's  
proclamation he was ordered to cease  
hostilities and raise the blockade of  
Manila.

In compliance with the orders sent,  
Admiral Sampson and Commodore  
Remy will each send a vessel around  
the coast of Cuba to notify the blockad-  
ing squadron that the blockade has  
been raised. Admiral Schley being on  
the Brooklyn and included in the orders  
to that vessel will come north with her.

## Shafter Received Word.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—About 11  
o'clock last night Adjutant General  
Corbin received from General Shafter  
an acknowledgement of the receipt by  
him of the proclamation of the presi-  
dent. Up to midnight no reply had  
been received from General Miles, it  
having been impossible to get into com-  
munication with him. All of the corps  
commanders of the army were notified  
of the suspension of hostilities.

## Immunes Arrived at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 13.—The  
Rio Grande arrived yesterday morning  
with the Fifth volunteer immune reg-  
iment, under Colonel Sargent, and the  
Second regular cavalry. The enlisted  
men are mainly from Mississippi and  
Alabama, but there are some from Illi-  
nois. The Rio Grande may leave today  
for Montauk Point with the Ninth and  
Tenth cavalry.

## RELIEF IS FELT.

President McKinley's Attitude  
Pleasing to Spain.

## LET THE CORTES ALONE.

Did Not Command Its Convocation to  
Approve Peace Preliminaries.

## CHANCE FOR EXTREMISTS TO COOL.

The Cortes Likely Will Not Be Sum-  
moned to Meet Until Autumn, by Which  
Time It Is Thought the Country Will  
Be More Inclined to Accept Accom-  
plished Facts—The Commission to Meet  
in the West Indies, It Is Thought, Will  
Be Composed of Military Men.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—The protocol will  
be published simultaneously in the offi-  
cial gazettes here and in Washington.  
The papers discuss the situation  
quietly, and great relief is felt in gov-  
ernment and court circles that Presi-  
dent McKinley has not demanded a  
convocation of the cortes to approve the  
peace preliminaries. The cortes will  
not be summoned until autumn, by  
which time it is expected that the agi-  
tation of the extremists will have cooled  
down and the country have become  
more inclined to accept accomplished  
facts.

The commission to meet in the West  
Indies will be composed, it is under-  
stood, of military officers, and it is be-  
lieved here that this commission will  
pave the way for commercial treaties  
and for a recognition by the United  
States or Cuba of a portion of the  
Cuban debt.

The suggestion that Senor Moret,  
former minister for the colonies, may  
preside over the Paris commission is  
not very popular. Various names are  
mentioned in connection with the com-  
mission's personnel, but nothing has  
yet been settled as to this.

## TO STOP FIGHTING.

The Orders Sent to Merritt, Miles and  
Shafter to End Hostilities  
Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The order  
sent to General Merritt yesterday to  
suspend hostilities was as follows:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12, 1898. }

Merritt, Manila:  
"The president directs all military  
operations against the enemy be sus-  
pended. Peace negotiations are near-  
ing completion, a protocol having just  
been signed by representatives of the  
two countries. You will inform the  
commanders of the Spanish forces in  
the Philippines of these instructions.  
Further orders will follow. Acknowl-  
edge receipt.

"By order of the secretary of war,  
"H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General."  
The order sent to General Miles and  
General Shafter were identical with  
the above save as to names.

As the order states, further instruc-  
tions will be sent to each general.  
General Merritt will be directed to con-  
fer with the Spanish commandant at  
Manila to carry out the terms of the  
protocol and to occupy Manila imme-  
diately. General Miles will put him-  
self in communication with the chief  
authority in Porto Rico, for the pur-  
pose of having Spanish forces turn  
over San Juan and other points to him  
preparatory to evacuation. Owing to  
conditions in Cuba, the orders to Gen-  
eral Shafter to be sent hereafter will  
be much different than those to other  
generals.

## MILLER REACHED HONOLULU

Believed the Flag Will Not Be Raised  
Until the Commissioners Arrive  
From United States.

HONOLULU, Aug. 4, via Victoria, B.  
C., Aug. 13.—The U. S. S. Philadelphia  
arrived here yesterday, six days and 20  
hours from San Francisco, with Ad-  
miral Miller and staff on board, who  
came for the purpose of raising the  
American flag over the Hawaiian is-  
lands. Admiral Miller has orders to con-  
fer with Minister Sewall, and after the  
conference nothing definite will be de-  
cided as to the flag-raising program.

A conference with the Hawaiian gov-  
ernment will be held this afternoon.  
It is generally understood that the flag  
will not be raised until the commis-  
sioners arrive on the 17th inst.

The Japanese imbroglio of 1897 has  
been settled by the payment of \$75,000  
to Japan. In making the payment the  
government does not admit the justice  
of the claim or right of Japan to in-  
demnify. The payment was made at  
the request of President McKinley.  
Queen Liliuokalani returned to Ha-  
waii on the 2d inst.

## Weather Forecast.

Fair, preceded by rains in eastern  
portions; light to fresh northwesterly  
winds.



## Clearance Bargains In Shoes.

For three days we will sell

### Tan Shoes

at unheard of prices. Cost will not be considered in this sale. What we want is, get rid of them.

W. H. GASS, 220 Diamond.

## PERFECT IN FIELDING

Toadix Carey Made a Record Last Week.

SHAW IS GETTING IN FORM

But Nothing Great Has Been Heard From Him Since He Returned to Pittsburgh. Sporting Notes of Interest to Local People.

George Carey in the last six games played with the Minneapolis club, out of 25 times at bat, has made eight hits which gives him a batting average of .320 for the week. In fielding he has 69 putouts and one assist without an error which gives him a perfect fielding average.

Bobby Cargo is playing splendid ball with the Canandaigua team in the New York league.

In the notes Sporting Life says: "Catcher Shaw, of the Pittsburg club who was injured in Little Rock during spring practice, joined the team last week. He had an operation performed on his knee that kept him in the house all summer, but is rounding into form again."

Joe Carey, George Kennedy, Ted Kennedy, Phillip McShane and Emmerling are today in Alliance playing with the Crescents, of Wellsville. If the Liverpool players were taken from the Wellsville team they would have no club.

The boys who will today play ball with New Cumberland against Toronto will do their utmost to win.

### STILL IN NEED.

Red Cross Society Wants More Helping Hands.

The Red Cross society will hold a meeting at the parish house of St. Stephen's church next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

A letter has come from headquarters which thanks the ladies for the 161 finished garments they have already sent and showing the need of others.

The society would like to have more ladies interested in the work, and earnestly request assistance. Material for garments can be had at the parish house, all of it cut ready for sewing.

### On the River.

Yesterday and today 260,000 bushels of coal went south on the river. The shipment was a very small one, and it is the last of the large amount of coal stored in the Pittsburg harbor.

The rain yesterday was general and reports from above indicate a rise in the river. At this point the Ohio fell several feet during the night and this morning the marks showed 14 feet. The present stage will last several days and will prolong packet business.

The Bedford and Cummings were down last night, and the Keystone State is due down tonight. The Virginia, Avalon and Kanawha are due up tomorrow, and all are scheduled to arrive on time.

### Synopsis of Middleman.

- Act. I. Reception room of Joseph Chandler.
- Act. II. A room in Blenkarm's house.
- Act. III. The kilns.
- Act. IV. Retribution.

### Looking For a Boy.

Chief Johnson has been requested by the Washington, D. C., police to look out for a 15-year-old boy who left his home a few weeks ago and went west.

The youth when last seen was in company with a man about 22 years of age, and was selling medicine

## THE TREATY OF PEACE.

Formalities Involved In Ending the War With Spain.

### THE COMMISSIONERS OF PEACE.

Their Duties, Rank, Number and Politics. The Opening Ceremonies—How a Treaty Is Prepared and Signed—It Will Be In Manuscript Form—Ceremony of Ratification—Commissioners' Seal Rings.

It has been exactly a half century since Uncle Sam has been party to a treaty of peace. Within that time many new chapters have been added to laws of diplomacy. Furthermore, just as we have done in our conduct of the war, we will establish many precedents in the method of its conclusion.

The peace commissioners to treat with Spain will rank as envoys extraordinary. The president is not limited as to who they shall be or how many he may appoint. Neither will it be necessary for him to select the same number as commissioned by our enemy. None of our treaties of peace has thus far been signed by a commission equally divided as to number. Our peace commissioners may be men of almost any position in official or civil life whom the president may select and whom the senate may see fit to confirm. Of course, it would be discourteous to Spain should men of inferior rank and ability be commissioned. It was charged that England endeavored to display her contempt for us by appointing men of little consequence to act for her in the treaty of Ghent, which closed the war of 1812. Our peace commissions thus far have included our most distinguished diplomats, a speaker of the house of representatives, an ex-United States senator, a chief clerk of the state department, and a citizen from private life. In 1814 the senate rejected Albert Gallatin, appointed on the commission to close the second war with Great Britain, because he was then secretary of the treasury, but he was afterward reappointed and confirmed.

Precedent will permit Mr. McKinley to represent both of the great political parties on the commission if it consists of more than one. There is no strict rule as to the place of meeting during the preparations of the treaty. In the usual order of diplomatic events a neutral state would be selected, but a precedent contrary to this was established for us in 1848, when the treaty concluding the Mexican war was signed in Mexican territory.

The peace commission will have attached to it a secretary, with several assistants, private secretaries, stenographers, interpreters and messengers. The first meeting of the two commissions will open with a ceremonious exchange of credentials, each commissioner on each side showing his power, certified to in writing by his minister of foreign affairs or secretary of state. The credentials of our commissioners will be modest typewritten sheets, while those of the Spanish commissioners will be very elaborate and verbose, giving at length the full title of each holder. The first named of our commissioners, who will act as president of and chief spokesman for his delegation, will probably begin the practical part of the negotiations by reading at length the demands and ultimatum of President McKinley. An adjournment will then be taken probably until the following day to enable the spokesman of the Spanish side to take time to communicate to his home government by cable if necessary and prepare his reply and the translation of it. A firm demand as to territorial distribution and the continuance of the war up to the ratification of the treaty will reduce parleying and diplomatic fencing to a minimum. Should Spain refuse our demands there will doubtless be an adjournment of the commission, the two delegations returning home and reporting their failure to their respective governments.

The treaty will be drawn upon large sheets of the heaviest white linen paper, folio size. It will be in manuscript throughout. The entire text will be in two columns, one in English and the other, an exact translation, in Spanish. All treaties signed in Washington are carefully written by an expert penman employed by the diplomatic bureau of the state department. He writes a steel plate, copybook hand, using only the very blackest of black inks. A great treaty, such as a treaty of peace, between nations usually commences "In the name of the Most Holy and Undivided Trinity." When Turkey, not a trinitarian nation, is party "In the name of Almighty God" is substituted. The former was written in bold, shaded letters across the head of the treaty of Paris, neither was employed in the treaty of Ghent, and the latter in the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, which concluded the Mexican war. At least two original copies and perhaps several certified copies will be signed, the latter for convenience. One original copy will be placed on file in the ministry of foreign affairs in Spain, the other in our state department. The latter will be kept in a large manilla envelope upon a pigeonhole shelf marked "Spain," in

one of a series of cupboards in the division of rolls and library. The pages will be bound together with silk baby ribbon, both ends of which will be brought around over the last page, bearing the signatures of the commissioners and sealed with the same wax as will be placed opposite each name. The signatures will be in a column running lengthwise with the page. Each American commissioner will do well to take with him on his mission a handsome seal ring. A peace commissioner is permitted to use his personal seal opposite his signature. These impressions will be to the left of the signatures, in red wax. The Spaniards' seals will doubtless be very elaborate, bearing their family coat of arms.

The treaty of peace having been signed, it need not even then be accepted by the president unless it thoroughly satisfies him. If it be consistent with his instructions to the commissioners, he will immediately transmit it to the senate, convened probably in special session for the occasion. The direct representatives of the people will have no vote upon it, and therefore will have no hand in the conclusion of the war. The senate's deliberations prior to ratification of the last treaty of peace lasted three weeks. Some interesting discussions are bound to occur pending ratification of the forthcoming treaty. By the stands they will take for and against so called "imperialism" senators will be the first legislators to lay what will doubtless be foundation stones for brand new political divisions in the future. After having been referred to the committee on foreign relations the treaty will be printed and considered if necessary behind closed doors. On the final vote two-thirds of the senators present will be necessary to ratify it. Then the final step in the making of peace will be the proclamation of the treaty by the president.

Should there be prospects of long drawn out deliberation by the peace commission over minor details it might be agreed to submit first a preliminary treaty. This would settle such points as the disposition of Spain's island possessions, other matters holding over for more leisurely treatment after the close of hostilities. A preliminary treaty, however, would be binding in every detail so far as it might go. The minor details would relate to the return of prisoners, the regulation of proprietary and personal rights and obligations, the resumption of commerce and the distribution of the lesser spoils of war.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### A Wise Answer.

It takes but an ordinary man to return an angry answer to an insult. The extraordinary man is he who, under such circumstances, holds himself so well under control that he controls his adversary also.

Persia once possessed such a man and was clear sighted enough to make him a judge. He was the chief judge of Bagdad in the reign of Caliph Hadee, and his name was Abou Yusuph. He was a very wise man, for he knew his own deficiencies and was actually sometimes in doubt as to whether he possessed sufficient wisdom to give a just decision in cases peculiarly shrouded in mystery.

It is related of him that on one occasion, after patient investigation of facts, he decided that he had not sufficient knowledge to pronounce on the case before him. There was in his presence a pert courtier, one of those men who take long to learn that wisdom and impudence are not closely related.

"Pray, do you expect that the caliph is to pay you for ignorance?" he asked, hoping to place the judge at a disadvantage.

"I do not," was the mild reply. "The caliph pays me—and pays me well—for what I do know. Were he to attempt to pay me for what I do not know the treasures of his empire would not suffice."—Youth's Companion.

### A Fascinating Stranger.

"A Worcester man," says the Worcester Gazette, "who makes frequent trips to Europe fell in with a fascinating stranger the last time he was across. The stranger, who may be designated as Ferguson because that does not sound at all like his real name, was an American, his manners were those of a gentleman, and he seemed to be well supplied with money and to know a great many people worth knowing. In conversation with the Worcester man one day Ferguson said: 'Worcester is a charming city, and I have some very dear friends there. I presume you know Colonel E. J. Russell? He is an old and highly esteemed friend, to whom I am deeply indebted for many favors.'

"When the Worcester man returned home, he met Colonel Russell one day and in course of conversation remarked that he had met a man in Europe who said that he was an old friend. Colonel Russell thought for a moment, and then he replied: 'Oh, yes, I remember Ferguson very well! I ought to, for he lived with me for seven years once. It was when I was warden of the state prison at Charlestown, and I will say that Ferguson was one of the quietest and best behaved prisoners that I ever had.'

### A New Industry.

Mrs. Marion Leland of New York has developed a new industry by giving readings from newspaper clippings of Hobson's exploit and the cutting of the cables at Cardenas.

## EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Lesson For the Week Beginning Aug. 14.

Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M. Topic, Helping Others.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Isa. xli, 6, 7. "They helped every one his neighbor, and every one said to his brother, Be of good courage."

That is the way true Israelites do. That is practical Christianity. It is not the spirit or style of the Ishmaelites. With them every man's hand is against his neighbor. It is a fight in which every man is for himself. One against all and all against every one.

Slowly the world is learning the lesson of mutual helpfulness. For long ages noblemen have been those who compelled others to serve them. Slaves were the ones compelled to serve. It has seemed impossible for any society to exist that was not founded on this distinction in classes. Physical strength, intellectual acuteness, hereditary transmission or whatever basis was assumed, the result was largely the same—some are destined to be servants and others to be served. The noble ones are the served, the base ones are the forced workers.

Oftentimes it has been held that the ignoble must have no hope of bettering their condition. Their highest virtue was submission and contentment in serving. Sometimes it has been recognized that the base could under favoring circumstances and in isolated cases rise into the ranks of the refined and masterful.

The spirit of Israelism is in direct antagonism to this genius of heathenism. It bases all human society on the recognition of the mutual rights of men and their mutual obligation to helpfulness. God is the Father of all. Hence men are brothers and should be brotherly in spirit and action. The world and its powers are the vineyard of Jehovah, where all must work as His children. This labor is the duty of all. Envy, jealousy, strife, should have no place.

Some are weak in body, others deficient in mind and many lack in the true spirit of manliness and godliness. Those more richly endowed are not to be contemptuous over their less favored fellows, but compassionate. No one lives or can live by himself. Each is in large measure dependent upon others. Each needs the love and helpfulness of all.

Not only is there the individual good to be reached. Society itself is to be enlarged and enriched. Combination is inevitable and necessary to the highest development and the noblest achievement. Co-operation of bodies, minds and spirits will bring grander results than any system of forced subordination can do. Slavery is as bad for the master as for the slave and ruinous to the free neighbor in competition.

The only possible permanent society of men must be based on mutual respect, regard and helpfulness. This is Christianity at work.

### Secretary A. B. Leonard.

The Missionary society is the most prominent connectional benevolent organization of the Methodist Episcopal church. Its secretaries are elected by the general conference every four years. Men of recognized ability in the management of affairs have always been sought for these positions. Dr. Leonard is recognized as a leader of great force of character, decided convictions and resourceful tact. He is an ardent advocate of total abstinence and prohibition as well as an inspiring leader of the



REV. A. B. LEONARD, D. D.

missionary forces. On the platform he speaks with energy and carries conviction to the minds of his hearers. He has traveled extensively among the conferences in the States and has made a visit to our missions in China and Japan. Two other secretaries share with him the work of administration of the affairs of the society. It needs men of strong physique, alert minds and genuine piety for these positions.

### Vacation.

"The devil never takes a vacation." How often that has been thrust at some overworked and tired out minister or Christian layman who was seeking change of scene and recuperation of exhausted energies. If the devil never rests, that is no reason men should not. The Master often called the disciples away from the crowd and from the perplexities of the work to rest body, brain and spirit. Some people boast that they never took a vacation in all their lives. Most likely they never needed or deserved one. Some never work hard



What infinite care and pride a woman takes in her wedding trousseau. How fine and fit every dainty gown and filmy bit of lingerie must be. But how about herself, her own fine and delicate physical organism? Has this most important of all considerations been neglected? Has she any weakness or ailment which is going to unfit and incapacitate her for happy marriage?

No woman is fit to marry who has any unhealthy condition of the special structure most intimately concerned in wifehood and motherhood. No modest reluctance should prevent her seeking immediate relief from such troubles. There is no need of the mortifying examinations so detestable to sensitive-minded women. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is daily curing thousands of women of these troubles in the privacy of their homes.

The "Favorite Prescription" is the only proprietary remedy of its kind prepared by an educated, authorized physician. There is hardly a case so obstinate that it will not completely and permanently cure.

Mrs. Emma G. Clover, of Redkey, Jay Co., Indiana, in a letter to Dr. Pierce, says: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to anyone who suffers with any female disease. When I was in my teens I was always sick. I took your medicines before I was married, and now I am a well person. I am now twenty-three. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and can recommend them all."

It is a druggist's business to sell you, not to tell you, what you want.

## VETERAN ANDERSON

Talks of War and the Legacy That Was Left Him for His Share in It.

Like every city in our republic, East Liverpool has its share of veterans, who, in spite of pensions, are paying dearly for the privilege that they had in enduring the exposure, hardships, toil, sickness and risk of death for the glory of their country in the "late unpleasantness." If the testimonials received from old soldiers who endorse all the claims for Doan's Kidney Pills—and these same are now disappearing in the localities where they were unearthed—were published in East Liverpool, they would fill every column of every newspaper in East Liverpool. There would be nothing gained by their publication, for neither quantity nor quality of foreign testimony can touch evidence furnished by a local citizen. Read what Mr. Wm. Anderson, of 305 Lisbon street, says:

"During the Civil War I enlisted and served three years in the 43d Ohio Infantry. From the exposure during the war I attribute my late trouble which bothered me more or less ever since, some attacks being much worse than others. Severe aching and weakness in the loins so bad at times that I could scarcely get around, and muscular rheumatism of recent years, all seemed to have centered in my kidneys. In the mornings when first getting up I was very dizzy until I had moved around for a time, and my nervous system became affected, causing a fluttering and fullness around the heart. Seeing an advertisement in the Review, I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the W. & W. Pharmacy, and took them. The first few doses gave me relief. The improvement was gradual, but continued as the medicine got more thoroughly in the system. I firmly believe Doan's Kidney Pills will, in every case, as they did in mine, prove the justness of the claims made for them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

## MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. Write for each case or send the money. Price 50 CENTS per package; or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 19 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

enough to feel tired and never carried enough weight on shoulders or heart to need much change.

The great mass of people need change and ought to get it. The more exhausting the work the more time is needed for restoration of the balance of energy. Take time to get away from your work. Rest the eyes by change of scene. See how beautiful the world is. Breathe deep, see afar. Rest every power in the best way. Sleep, eat, enjoy things, go slowly, take in much even if you do not go far. Avoid hurry and worry and work of your common kind. Rest that you may work better and longer.

### Gladstone and Ireland.

Only a stern sense of duty induced Mr. Gladstone in his seventy-seventh year to endeavor to bring about the pacification of Ireland. "I shall win," he said when he appealed to the country, "or be hunted out of public life." "What do you think of Mr. Gladstone now?" asked a Liberal M. P. of Mr. Healy at the close of Mr. Gladstone's speech introducing home rule. "I think," replied Mr. Healy, "that he has elected to be crucified for Ireland."—Birmingham (England) Post.



## WELLSVILLE.

### TWO CROWDED TRAINS

Carried Railroadmen and Their Families

TO THE ANNUAL PICNIC

Twenty-two Cars Loaded With Wellsville People, While Six Cars Came From Bellaire—Profane Language Caused an Arrest—All the News of Wellsville.

Wellsville was lost to a great many people today, the occasion being the twentieth annual picnic of the employees of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road.

All arrangements were completed some time ago, and this morning when the trains were ready to leave there were enough people to fill 22 coaches from Wellsville alone, while Bellaire sent six filled with a merry crowd. The train was made up of two sections, and the run to Alliance was made in sufficient time to give all a pleasant day's outing in Rockhill grove.

The morning was taken up with races, and in the afternoon the Crescents faced a ball team from Cleveland. A purse of \$20 doubtless made Wellsville's plucky team play their best. A balloon ascension by Professor Kincaid followed the game, and the Pennsylvania volunteers, on guard at the works of the Morgan Engineering company, gave an exhibition drill. Haines' band of Liverpool, and a Cleveland band were engaged for the day.

The excursionists will be home early this evening.

#### Church News.

Christian church, Rev. H. W. Miller, pastor—Owing to the pastor's absence there will be no preaching tomorrow. Other church services will be held as usual.

Methodist Episcopal church—The pastor being absent the regular morning and evening services will be dispensed with. Sabbath school and Epworth league services will be held at the usual hours.

First Presbyterian church—In the absence of the pastor Rev. C. S. McClelland, of Pittsburg, will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor—Services will be held morning and evening at the usual hours, conducted by the pastor.

Methodist Protestant church, Reverend Stephenson pastor—Morning and evening services will be conducted by the pastor at the usual hours.

#### Tendered a Reception.

A large number of people assembled at the United Presbyterian church last night, the occasion being a reception tendered Rev. J. G. Kennedy. Not only were many of his former parishioners present, but other friends in the city gathered to greet him.

Refreshments were served, and a delightful evening spent.

#### Chicken Fights.

A number of Wellsville boys crossed the river to Congo yesterday afternoon, and before they returned had lost almost all the money they had on the chickens they hoped would whip the Liverpool birds present. It is also said a number of parties from Chester were in the crowd. The number of birds is not known.

#### An Arrest.

Joseph E. Wilkinson was arrested on complaint made by W. J. Horten, and taken before Squire Riley. Wilkinson was charged with using profane and threatening language. The case was dismissed.

#### Vacation Ended.

The vacation of the attorneys ended today, and as almost all have returned from their visits business will be brisk Monday morning, when every office will be open.

#### The News of Wellsville.

Miss Maggie Smith, who has been visiting Mrs. Ed Anderson for three weeks, was summoned to Wheeling this morning by the death of her little niece at that place.

Reverend and Mrs. R. C. Ackerman, of Elizabeth, Pa., are spending a short vacation with Mrs. Ackerman's parents Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Tarr. Reverend Ackerman will fill the pulpit of a brother minister in Youngstown tomorrow and return again to complete his visit.

Many people from this place have attended campmeeting during the week, and others will be at Hollow Rock next week.

The parties who are interested in the

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

## SPECIALS

For Friday, Saturday and Monday.

### Table Linens, Towels and Crashes.

500 yards 5c bleached cotton crash, 3c a yard.  
1000 yards 7c bleached and checked linen crash, 5c a yard.  
10 pieces good Turkey red damask, 15c a yard.  
5 pieces 64 inch wide 60c bleached damask, 39c yd.  
10 doz. 20c linen towels, 18x36, for 12½c each.  
5 doz. 40c fine linen towels, 24x45, 25c each.

### Ready Made Garments.

All our 39c wash waists for 25c each,  
All our \$1.25 and \$1.35 wash waists for 95c.  
All our \$1 light wrappers for 50c each.  
All our \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 light wrappers for 98c each.  
A lot of \$1.75 and \$2.00 separate skirts for \$1.25 each.  
A lot of \$5 and \$6 separate skirts for \$3.50 each.  
A lot of 50 and 59c ladies' corsets for 38c a pair.  
Odd lots of ladies' muslin underwear, in gowns,

skirts, corset covers and drawers, at about 50c on the dollar.

A lot of children's lace caps at 9c each.

A lot of children's dresses at 24c each.

### Wash Goods and Domestics.

A lot of 10 and 12½c wash goods; your choice 5c a yard.

A lot of 15 and 18c wash goods; your choice 7½c a yard.

25 yards good white tennis flannel for \$1.

Remnants of 10c unbleached canton flannel, 7c a yard.

The best 5c light calicos 3c a yard.

### Three Drives in Umbrellas.

A good 26 inch school umbrella at 38c each.

A better grade, plain or fancy handle, 48c each.

A regular \$1 grade, steel rod, celluloid handle, 79c each.

## A Ribbon Bargain.

Selling lots of Ribbons, and why not, when we are selling 35c Fancy Ribbons at 14c a yard. You can buy yourself rich this week by taking advantage of these Special Bargains. **Don't forget to visit our Remnant Counter.**

# THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

extension of the street railway through the West End are not discouraged, and propose to push the matter until it is finally settled.

#### The English Smart Set.

To what a condition has "smart society" fallen! Any one may become a leading light in it, provided that he or she is ready to pay the footing. He or she can at any moment find a person to bid guests to their feasts and any number of guests, guaranteed to be "smart people," will accept the invitations. A year or two ago an American lady intent on fashion took a large house, and an introducer sent out her invitations. At her first party there were many of her own friends present. The introducer explained to her that the right set of people would not come if they were exposed to this promiscuity with those who were not in it. Finally it was agreed that the hostess might invite ten friends to each party, but not more.

What I have never understood is where the pleasure comes in of going to several parties the same evening. Yet there are many apparently sane persons who do this every evening during the season. At each party they probably have to wait at least half an hour before getting out of their carriage and getting back into it when they want to go away. They struggle up stairs, show themselves, stay perhaps half an hour and then hurry off to the next party. Why they should like this mode of spending their evenings no one except themselves can imagine. There is no costermonger's donkey so overworked as a woman bent on society.—London Truth.

#### Land For Homesteads.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Three hundred and sixty-seven thousand acres of land will be restored to the public domain in Minnesota, and on Oct. 5 next entries for homestead titles can be made. The land is in the Duluth and Crookston districts and is a part of the Red Lake Indian reservation.

#### WANTED.

WANTED—A limited number of persons to do writing at their homes. Twenty-five cents paid for every hundred words. Promptness and good work necessary. Applications must be accompanied by ten cents for particulars. Address The Sioux City Business College, Sioux City, Ia.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

#### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three front rooms for offices. Inquire of the Eagle Hardware company.

## SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



### Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

## ELECTRICITY!

THE OHIO ELECTRIC CO.

Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

J. A. SWANEY.

Telephone 130-3.

### Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM \$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the

POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY  
Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

The Press OF THE NEWS REVIEW.  
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Inspected What?

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JOB and BOOK WORK  
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FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

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## The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY  
**THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.**  
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.  
 (Entered as second class matter at the East  
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.)

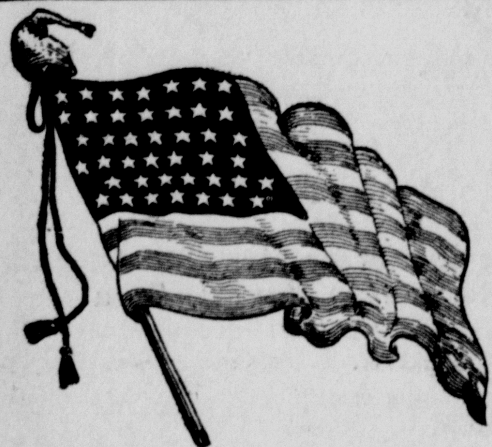
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 13.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



"REMEMBER THE MAINE."

The handsome posters announcing the Labor day demonstration are from the job department of the NEWS REVIEW.

SPAIN'S position is, if anything, worse now than at any time since the recent troubles began. She now stands shorn of her power, and the world is anxiously awaiting that display of honor it has heard so much about.

SOME of the Democratic leaders have been talking of the probable issues of the campaign. They should get together before submitting to interviews, and thus prevent swallowing some nasty words before election day.

### OUR SOLDIERS.

The story has been sent out from Santiago that East Liverpool's soldiers have broken away from the restraint of military discipline and among other things have looted a jewelry store, returning to camp with the sparkling evidences of the guilt on their fingers.

THE NEWS REVIEW has at present no definite information on the matter, but its correspondent, Sergeant Trump, reported the trip to Santiago in question in his last letter, and said nothing of robbery and lawlessness, hinting only that some of the members of the company had neglected the formality of a pass and were being punished.

THE NEWS REVIEW does not believe that any members of Company E are guilty of the crime charged to them. When the boys marched away on that bright morning last April they were young men of good character. Everybody knows almost all of them, and no one could question their morals. They have since that time been located at Columbus, Camp Alger and Santiago, but never until this time has there been one word against them. They have done their duty like the men they are, each one feeling that they had the honor of the city they represented in their keeping. They have been praised because they proved to be the best company of the best regiment of Ohio, and have always been recognized as good soldiers. Their friends visited them before they left the country, and in every instance the report they brought to this place was one which made the average citizen feel proud of Captain Hill and his men.

SINCE leaving the country we have heard nothing except from members of the command and the correspondent of a Pittsburg paper who seems to have lost cast in the regiment. The boys have recounted their joys and sorrows on Cuban soil, and the other source of information uses a portion of his paper to brand certain of the company as guilty of robbery. East Liverpool prefers to believe the boys, and will take the word of its townsmen before they swallow that which seems to be the imagination of a stranger. The city is glad Company E is made up of Liverpool men, and looking upon everyone as innocent until he is convicted on evidence better than the word of a sensational correspondent, takes off its hat and cheers the boys. They deserve it, for have they not done their duty to their country, are they not worthy the highest confidence? And one word spoken against them at this time is treason to the city.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hill, of Third street, spent the day in Pittsburg.

## WILL KNOW SOON

Whether the Trust Will Be a Reality.

### FOREIGN CAPITAL INVESTED

While Some New York Men Are Interested, the Greater Part of the Purchase Price Is to Come From Over the Sea. Personal Representative of Intending Investors Will Be Here Next Week to Look Over the Plants—All Options Have Been Turned Over to the Company—Fear of a Strike Is One Cause Assigned For the Willingness of Local Men to Sell.

SINCE it was announced a few months ago that an effort was being made to place all the potteries of the United States under one management so much mystery has surrounded the matter that it was next to impossible to secure facts. Every manufacturer approached either did not know anything about the negotiations, or he had given his promise to say nothing. As the weeks passed and the deal was not consummated there were leading men connected with the enterprise who feared it would never become a success. This week, however, has brought out some developments, and now it is known that the very near future will see the matter settled.

THE first really important bit of information to come to light is the fact that J. P. Morgan, the great New York trust maker, has nothing whatever to do with it, even if he knows of the existence of the project. The men who will go down into their pockets for the millions required to buy the potteries of East Liverpool and Trenton are foreigners, with the possible exception of a few New York capitalists, and they are not heavily interested. They have, as a matter of course, abundant means at their command, and are in position to make the deal, provided they can see in it the return they expect from all large investments. Whether they are English, German or French is not known, but there are reasons for the belief that the last named nationality will at least be represented very well. Any Americans who may become interested will not control a sufficient amount of stock to dictate the policy of the combination. That will be done by the others.

ANOTHER matter of importance is that the agent who visited this place a few months ago and took options upon almost all the potteries in town, has transferred the options to the personal representative of the syndicate. He in turn went to Europe recently to confer with the men of means who are behind the plan. He was expected home this week, and if he arrived he will come to East Liverpool next week. Then will begin the real work of purchasing plants. The business of each will be carefully gone over, and the value of the good will, placed at a high figure by some corporations, will be determined. The plants will also be inspected with care, the equipment and capacity for turning out ware being given special attention. The coming visit of this representative is eagerly expected because on it depends in a large measure the success of the enterprise.

IT is learned upon the highest authority that a number of manufacturers who did not favor the trust have during recent weeks agreed to sell their plants to the combination. Some who own a considerable amount of real estate have felt that it will not be to the city's interests to have the potteries operated by the combination and have steadily refused to sell, but now they have taken a different position, and on this argue that they would rather be out than experience trouble.

THIS position is that it is only a matter of time until there will be differences between manufacturers and men which may result in a strike of more or less proportions. Trade at this time, they say, is such that it is necessary to put new things on the market almost constantly, and there is always more or less friction in arranging the price of production. Some say they cannot stand any further advance, yet the tendency is in that direction, without any hope of increase in the market price. They claim that profits are by no means what they were when men made fortunes in the manufacture of crockery, and if it must come to what they seem to think it is tending, they would much prefer to see a strike handled by a trust than themselves be at variance with men they have known for years, it matters not whether the strike be two years or five years away.

"These are the reasons why," said a prominent potter last night to the NEWS REVIEW, "that the indications say that

within the next few weeks, the majority of potteries of America will likely be in the hands of a syndicate. I am sorry to be obliged to leave a business with which I have been identified all my life, and at first I refused to listen to such a proposition as I felt it would not be to the best interests of the city. But prices are cut to pieces, and the cost of manufacture is such that I hesitate to make contracts ahead. I am therefore now ready to enter the trust."

ANOTHER manufacturer in speaking of the trust and its prospects said he believed it would be a paying investment and the men who were looking for an investment would find it so. He said Trenton had jumped at the chance and it seemed as though a part of Liverpool had done likewise while a number of others had afterward come in. He believes that when potteries can get along as well as have the American potteries separately there was no reason, with office expenses reduced and the cost of marketing goods placed at a minimum, why the syndicate could not make as much if not more money from its investment, even though it did happen to be big.

THERE, however, is many a slip, as the old adage hath it, and not all the manufacturing potters of this place at least believe the project will ever go any farther than the visit of the representative next week. They argue that there are many things to consider in the purchase of a pottery, and when it comes to considering so many potteries the chances are not so bright and shining. The NEWS REVIEW questioned a number of manufacturers, and while some were enthusiastic in their belief the trust would be formed others shook their heads and remarked that there had been talk of pottery trusts before.

### CHURCH CHIMES.

Rev. George H. Vibbert will preach a temperance sermon tomorrow morning at the First U. P. church and in the evening at the First Presbyterian. Services at the tent when all young people's societies are invited at 7 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor—Services at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 o'clock.

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Taggart, pastor—Sabbath school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching by the temperance evangelist, Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert, at 11 a. m.; Y. P. C. E. meeting at 7 p. m.; preaching service at 8 p. m.; Mr. John Hanley will preach.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer, 10:45 a. m., by Reverend Weary; evening service, 7:30 p. m.

Christian, Prof. O. S. Reed, pastor—Morning, "Questions Answered;" evening, "Joy In Christ."

West End chapel—Preaching by Reverend George in the evening 8 o'clock.

Preaching at the Methodist Protestant by the pastor on Sabbath at 10:45 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. C. F. Swift, pastor, subject for both morning and evening "The Power and Light of the Present Day." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Junior meeting at 3:30 p. m., Young People's meeting 6:30 p. m. Educational offering will be made by the congregation tomorrow.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. Nelson M. Crowe, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m., "The Science of Divine Mensuration;" 8 p. m., "Paul and Rome;" 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor; Sabbath school 10 a. m. All are invited, and members of the church are urgently requested to attend these services.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R. Green, pastor—Services in Taggart building, East End, at 11 a. m., "Will Your Life's Work Stand?" at 8 p. m., "Impressions From Saratogo."

Second M. E. church, Rev. S. B. Salmon, pastor—At 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., preaching, subject, "The Church;" 2 p. m., Junior League; 7:15 p. m., Epworth League; 8 p. m., preaching, subject, "Peace."

### A FLAG OF PEACE

Will Be Raised Over the Association Thursday Evening.

Secretary Sully is collecting subscriptions for a flag raising to take place at the Young Men's Christian association rooms next Thursday evening, to commemorate the end of the present war. A handsome flag has been ordered, and appropriate ceremonies will be held.

### No More Street Car Jumping.

Chief Johnson is determined to break the practice of small boys jumping on street cars.

The arrest of young Rollin yesterday was more for the purpose of warning others, and if any more are captured for the same offense, they will be severely dealt with.

The great pottery play for the last time. Opera house Saturday evening, Aug. 13.

There is no Kodak but the . . . .  
**Eastman Kodak.**

1898 Kodaks are up to date.

**HAMMOCKS.**

Large assortment to select from at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers and Bicycles.

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**THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,**

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

134 and 136 Fifth Street.



## EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

**Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills**

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O. For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

At **Kinsey's.**

**WALL PAPER. WINDOW BLINDS.**

Many are taking advantage of our **SUMMER SALE** of Wall Paper and Window Blinds.

10 patterns 25c grade paper at ----- 12 to 15c  
 10 patterns 15c grade paper at ----- 8 to 10c  
 Odd bolts paper at ----- 1, 2 and 3c  
 Hammocks at Closing Out Prices.  
 Floor Oil Cloths ----- 20, 25 and 30c  
 Mrs. Potts' sad irons, set ----- 85c

**KINSEY'S 5 & 10,**  
 Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

### THE LADRONE ISLANDS.

Facts Concerning the New Acquisition of the United States.

Original inhabitants of the Ladrone were called "Chamorro."

Swine and oxen run wild in the islands. They are hunted when desired.

There are 17 islands in the Ladrone group.

Rice is the most valuable product.

"Isles de Ladrone" means "Islands of the Thieves." Before Magellan they were called the Mariana islands.

Only five of the 17 islands are inhabited.

Thirty-five rivers traverse the country.

There are few high mountains; the highest is 2,700 feet.

Numerous birds of variegated colors occupy the dense, impenetrable forests.

Fish abound on the seashore and in the rivers.

Women wear petticoats of many colors and white chemisettes or jackets of white cotton stuff.

Women weave the native cloth and make the fish lines and nets.

Guns and sticks are used for hunting weapons.

Boys in the Mariana islands marry between the ages of 15 and 18.

When working, the men and women strip to the waist.

The Spanish king claimed the Mariana islands on the right of discovery.

There are no schools in the islands.

In 1897 an epidemic carried off nearly one-third of the population.

Before the conquest by Spain the population of the islands was between 40,000 and 60,000.—San Francisco Examiner.

### Queer Reckoning.

Indian street peddlers throughout Mexico sell bananas for 12 cents a dozen, but when offered 24 cents on payment for two dozen bananas the peddlers refused it and demanded 25 cents.

The course of reasoning is that 1 real is 12 cents; 2 reals, 25 cents; 8 reals make a dollar.

So the traveler must pay a real for one dozen bananas, but 25 cents for two dozen, and no amount of argument will convince the peddler that this is not right.



# HOW THEY LIVE

Life Is Not All Burden at Camp Lookout.

## CAPTAIN HILL'S COLLECTION

He Has Enough Bugs on Hand to Satisfy Even His Craving For Science—Lieutenant Anderson Talks In His Sleep, and Lieutenant Hall at Times Looks Sad. Sergeant Kinsey Has a Suggestion and Corporal Hackworth Would Have the Regiment Garrison Babb's Island.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE]

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 1.—The boys are jubilant. News has been received that our regiment will move to Long Island as soon as transports can be secured. It is also said that the war is over, but at this writing the report has not been verified. This is the one thing that makes life miserable—a week's wait for news from Washington. Of course all important news is cabled to headquarters promptly, but only such as they choose is given to the soldiers.

We are still located at Camp Lookout, and will not be moved until orders come that means a march to Santiago harbor. Something must be done by the government, and that at once, to remove the troops, or there will be a greater death rate by disease than violence. Every command has more or less sickness, in some cases as high as 60 per cent. Two more soldiers from our regiment have passed away, and there are several others whose deaths are momentarily expected. Our battalion, comprising the companies from home, Alliance, Akron and Wadsworth, is by far the most healthy on the island. We have perhaps a dozen cases of sickness, which are serious, and about 80 cases that only incapacitate the patient from duty. In Company E Privates Eck and Gladfelter are suffering from a peculiar fever, which is epidemic in other camps. It is a sort of malaria, and termed by the Cuban physicians as mountain fever and swamp fever. Under proper care a week or ten days is sufficient to restore the patient to health, but the suffering during this time is almost unbearable. The symptoms are excruciating pains in all parts of the body, a bad stomach and dull headache. Our two cases are getting along nicely, and by the time this letter reaches you the boys will be as spry as fighting cocks. Measles is still in camp, and each day sees a victim enroute to the hospital. There have been no fatalities from this disease as the cases are all mild, and a few days always sees the boys back in camp none the worse for their illness. We have two cases in our camp, and one patient was discharged today. Dysentery is the fatal malady, and all the fatalities thus far have resulted from this disease. Fortunately Company E is free from that which is most feared. Battalion Adjutant Weybrecht is a victim of malaria, and was placed on board one of the hospital ships. The payrolls for the month of July were made out today and signed, but the boys are in no hurry for their money, as they cannot get out to spend it.

Our second consignment of fresh bread arrived this afternoon, and the boys are glad. How a firkin of butter would be enjoyed, but it cannot be secured for love or money. Private "Pete" Eoff started up the mountain sides for a few hours hunt and succeeded in shooting a guinea which he presented to the officers' mess, and the savory smell that is arriving from the stew pan is making more than one mouth water. Sergeant Smith has volunteered as chef for the officers' mess, and as he has put in considerable time as steamboat cook, knows just how to tickle the palates of hungry men who surround the board. Sergeant Kinsey suggests that Uncle Sam charter all the available tugs and tow this island to a more comfortable latitude, while Corporal Hackworth would like to see the regiment garrison Babb's or Line island instead of Cuba. Corporal Wood has composed a new song entitled "All Punk (bread) Looks Alike to Me" to the air of the popular negro song.

Captain Hill annoys his bedfellows by jumping out of his couch at all hours of the night in search of bugs, particularly a species of beetle with two phosphorous spots on his head, which gives forth a continuous light sufficient to read a newspaper. He has already a collection of bugs that would make any entomologist turn green with envy. A large swift of the lizard family is among his captures, and he is endeavoring to keep

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

it alive until he reaches the states. It is about 14 inches in length, of emerald hue, and derives its name from its fleetness. They are not rare hereabouts, but are very seldom captured alive.

Lieutenant Anderson talks in his sleep, and the boys would like to know why he talks continually of dairy farms, etc., as they cannot see what that has to do with one who is so well versed in the sewer pipe business.

Lieutenant Hall is invariably jolly, and making the best of army life, but has a fit of the blues every time he gazes upon the picture of a boyish looking young man and Wooster maiden mounted on a tandem, and his sighs can be heard a block.

Company E has been fitted out with the pretty fatigue uniforms, and are endeavoring to keep them in good shape for their arrival in East Liverpool. They are made of light brown canvas, trimmed in ultramarine blue, and, while intended for fatigue work, make a very dressy appearance.

Private Tim Williams left his command several days ago, and on his return will get a salty dose from a court martial. The charges that will be preferred against him will consist of absence without leave, insubordination and threatening an officer, which means a term in Leavenworth, should the charges be prosecuted.

Another mail for our regiment arrived yesterday, and Company E received its share. Still there were a great many disappointments when the mail was distributed.

TRUMP.

### THE KOUNTZ JURY.

Names From Which the Jurors Will Be Chosen.

Mayor Bough is preparing for the trial of John Kountz next Monday afternoon, and the following jurors have been drawn, 12 of whom will constitute the jury:

H. Davidson, Robert Andrews, Joshua Poole, J. G. Tolbert, Rev. S. B. Salmon, Frank Croxall, Thomas Manley, Doctor Ogden, James McCormick, H. L. Simms, John Orr, N. T. Ashbaugh, William Brunt, Sr., R. B. Watson, Hon. David Boyce, J. S. Mear.

### A CONSUMPTIVE

Was Sent to the Infirmary This Morning.

The township trustees this morning sent Samuel Reed, aged 23, to the infirmary.

The young man came here from Sistersville several weeks ago and has been living with a family in a shanty boat. He is in the last stages of consumption, and being an orphan without any person to care for him the trustees took pity on him and placed him in the county institution.

### NOT ON PUBLIC GROUND.

That Pottery Is Right, According to the Recent Survey.

The members of council have lately listened to numerous complaints to the effect that one of the river potteries was building a new addition on the road. The matter was investigated, and it was found that the pottery in question was building upon its own ground, as determined by the recent survey of the road.

### A GOOD BOOK.

New City Directories Are Being Distributed Today.

The new city directory, published by the Polk company, is being distributed today, and a handsome book it is. The directory is complete in every detail, and is remarkably free from errors. It shows a great many more streets than the last directory, and indicates a largely increased population.

### New Revenue Stamps.

Harry Yates, day manager of the telegraph office, has received a large supply of internal revenue stamps. The stamps are blue in color, and are of the one-cent denomination.

## LIQUOR PAYMENT MADE

The Amount Paid In by Saloonkeepers.

### HOW THE COUNTY IS DIVIDED

Liverpool Leads, With Salem Second and Wellsville Third—Of the Smaller Towns Leetonia Leads—A Divorce Action Was Filed.

LISBON, Aug. 13.—[Special]—The semi-annual liquor settlement made in July shows the total assessment for the liquor traffic for the year in Columbiana county to be \$44,511.76, and the semi-annual payments as made by the different corporations is as follows:

East Liverpool, \$7,271.54; Wellsville, \$2,359.23; Columbiana, \$826.05; Salineville, \$1,417.88; Lisbon, \$1,896.88; Washingtonville, \$522.38; Leetonia, \$2,743.38; Salem, \$3,692.33; Unity township, \$643.48; Salem township, \$118.63.

Annie Cornish asks for a divorce from Samuel W. Cornish claiming that he has been guilty of extreme cruelty. She says that they were married in October 1895 and asks to be restored to her maiden name, Annie McPherson. Cornish is now out of the state and the plaintiff does not know his place of residence.

### WONDERFUL RECOVERY

Strange Case of Mrs. W. J. Moore, of West End.

For over a year Mrs. W. J. Moore, a highly esteemed resident of West End, has been a hopeless cripple from rheumatism, her body being racked with pain whenever she attempted to move. It was impossible for her to sit at the table without support, and had not walked farther than the yard for a year, when it was necessary for someone to stand by and support her. For eight years had she been afflicted with rheumatism, and each year the disease seemed to grow in power.

Dr. E. F. Larkins was called to give the lady treatment without medicine, and after the third treatment she threw away her canes and crutches. She found she could walk without difficulty, and was soon going around West End. Her pain is almost all gone, and she and all her neighbors are rejoicing over her wonderful recovery.

The matter has become noised around, and people have come some distance to see Mrs. Moore. She, when she retires at night, is fearful that she will awake in the morning and find it all a dream.

### FOUND A GRIP.

It Was Floating In the River, but the Mystery Was Cleared.

Thursday afternoon a man named Guilderslee, living near Georgetown, caught, while crossing the river, a satchel, which gave promise of furnishing the clew of a mystery. When the satchel was taken ashore the name of Mr. Rill, 14 Amber street, Pittsburg, was found inside. A message was sent to that address, and last night a message was received in Georgetown stating that Mr. Rill was employed by Best, Fox & Co. as a salesman, and several weeks ago was robbed.

This morning the satchel was forwarded to the firm, and the finder is now awaiting a reward.

### LIBRARY PICNIC.

It Will Be Held at Columbian Park Next Wednesday.

The trustees of the public library have decided to hold the benefit picnic next Wednesday. Following is the program for the afternoon, beginning at 4 o'clock:

One mile open colored bicycle race. Mile open bicycle race. Two mile open bicycle race. Five mile open bicycle race. Half mile dash, horses under saddle. Mile horse race, for a purse. Dancing during the afternoon and evening. Admission 10 cents.

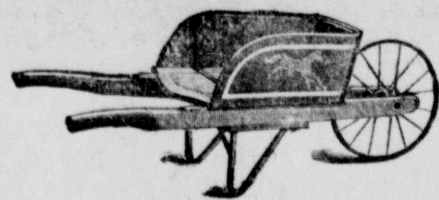
### A SOLDIER'S WIFE

Is Sick and Sadly In Need of Assistance.

When Company E marched away from the city some of the members left their wives at home to care for themselves.

This morning an extreme case of destitution was called to the attention of several people by a prominent citizen. The wife of one of the members of the company is seriously ill and has no support for herself and child and is wanting for the necessities of life. The case should be looked after at once.

See facsimile of the McNicol kilns, opera house, Saturday evening. \*



W. A. HILL

5 AND 10,

Wholesale and Retail.

Wagons at 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Mason's 1 qt. jars.....50c  
Mason's 1/2 qt. jars.....85c  
Tin cans (warranted).....25c  
Hammocks.....50c to \$3.00  
4 qt. coffee pot.....10c  
3 qt. granite coffee pot.....25c  
Clark's O. N. T.....4  
Window Shades.....10c, 15c, 25c

TABLE OIL CLOTH 12 1/2c and 15c.

Wall Paper Remnants. Having gone through our stock and assorted out all odds and ends, we have yet a lot of Remnants to sell you at less than half price. Come now, they will not last long.

Two Second Hand Bikes Cheap.

W. A. HILL, 5 & 10.

### Poisons In Food.

Decomposition in animal products often develops poisonous alkaloids, and cases of illness from eating canned goods are usually traced to this source. There is also an element of danger in salts that may be formed by the action of the contents of the can. Both these sources of danger have been reduced to a minimum by improved methods of canning, but it is idle to deny that they exist, and they demand reasonable precaution in purchasing and using canned goods.

### Not James Cannon.

In the report of police court, as it appeared in the NEWS REVIEW yesterday, was the name of James Canan. Some people confounded this with James Cannon, a well known resident of Franklin avenue, but there was no occasion for it, although it gave the gentleman some annoyance. Mr. Cannon was not arrested for being drunk or on any other charge.

### Not Much to Do.

The board of education will hold its regular meeting next Monday evening.

The only important business to transact is the payment of bills and the electing of a primary teacher for the Third street building in the place of Miss Gould, resigned. This is the second meeting before the opening of the new school year.

### Did It Over Again.

Section Foreman Hickey and his force today were busily engaged in repairing the damage to the tracks caused by yesterday's heavy rain. Just before the rain yesterday the tracks at the Walnut street had been repaired, but now they are worse than ever.

### Ready to Drill.

Drilling for gas on the Cunningham farm two miles back of Chester, will begin next Tuesday morning. For several days men have been engaged in placing the machinery. The work will be completed Monday afternoon.

### Took a Swing.

Rev. M. E. Chatley, of this city, swung around the circle lately, visiting Wellsville, East Liverpool, Pittsburg, Allegheny, Darlington, and succeeded in reaching home safely, and none the worse from the trip.—Lisbon Patriot.

### In Their Old Places.

Conductor Jordan, of the pony crew, who has been spending a two-weeks' vacation in New York state, has resumed his run. Harry Phillips, who was acting in his place, has been transferred to the Wellsville yards.

### Attended an Institute.

Superintendent Rayman, after attending the annual teachers' institute of Jefferson county at Toronto yesterday, returned to the city last evening. The institute was in session all week.

### Nancy Made Repairs.

The trolley wire yesterday afternoon was down for some distance between the Jethro and Walker switches. It caused no inconvenience, and was soon repaired by Nancy Hanks.

### Temperance Meetings.

Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will conduct meetings this evening in the Diamond at 7:30 and in the tent at 8 o'clock. The meetings last evening were largely attended.

Special arrangement has been made for street cars after the play Saturday night. \*

Bright and spicy—NEWS REVIEW.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

—Miss Mary Mahony, daughter of Officer Mahony, is visiting her grandparents in Vanport.

—Miss Minnie Brown, of Toronto, who has been spending days in the city, has returned to her home.

—Mr. Sample, of Seventh street, who has been spending several weeks with friends in Columbus, has returned to the city.

—Miss Mayme Adams, Miss Bessie Adams and Miss Millicent Thompson left yesterday afternoon for Chautauqua where they will remain several weeks.

### A Lost Opportunity.

The Chicago Record says that some time ago a young organist secured permission to practice on the big organ in the Auditorium. An elderly man walked in and took a seat a few rows away from the musician. The young organist noticed him, and was encouraged to "show off" and do a few tricks of playing for his audience. He rambled on for an hour, and the elderly man sat there, apparently impressed. The young man tired at last and was about to lock the organ when the elderly man approached him and said in broken English that he wished to play for a few minutes.

"They don't allow any one but an experienced organist to touch the instrument," said the young man loftily.

With a little gesture, suggestive of meekness and humility, the stranger presented his card, "Alexandre Guil-mant, Paris."

Then it was time for the young organist to swoon. He had missed the chance of his life. For an hour he had been entertaining the great master with homemade drivel.

### Well Rebuked.

It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host.

The latter looked at them and said: "Yes, it is a pretty stone. I have a mantelpiece made of it in the next room."

Nature has given us two ears, two eyes and but one tongue, to the end that we should hear and see more than we speak.—Socrates.

A whale of 50 tons weight exerts 148 horsepower in swimming 12 miles an hour.

## Spring Grove

CAMP MEETING,  
EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

## Glorious Meetings

Every Day and Night.

### MINISTERS IN CHARGE.

Rev. B. S. TAYLOR,

Rev. J. H. NORRIS,

Rev. J. DAWSON,

Rev. S. SPRAGUE,

Rev. A. B. RIGGS,

and others.

## Splendid Music.

Admission -----10c

Hack from street cars to ground 10 cents.

Everybody Invited.



## WARE WILL BE SCARCE

For Imports From England  
Have Fallen Off.

### DEALERS HAVE VERY LITTLE

When the Rush Comes the American Pot-  
teries Will Get Their Share of the Busi-  
ness—It Will Be a Boom, and an Unusual  
Condition Is Expected.

The Crockery Journal, in reviewing  
the trade, has an important prophesy. It  
follows:

"With an occasional exception, buyers  
say that their stocks are under the aver-  
age, and that they will undoubtedly re-  
quire many goods. Where, one would  
like to ask, do they expect to get them, if  
they wait much longer before placing  
their orders? We wonder if buyers  
will see that imports have fallen off to  
an alarming extent, and that the stocks  
in the hands of importers and in bond  
are very light in all classes of goods ex-  
cept French china. Owing to the 'hold  
up' by the custom authorities, French  
china has accumulated in the public  
stores till there is said to be about \$1,-  
000,000 worth in bond. English crockery  
has fallen off nearly 20,000 crates, and  
most of the English potteries are run-  
ning on short time and short handed,  
waiting for trade on this side to pick up.  
They are not piling up stock. The  
American potters have started up, and  
are making goods in anticipation; but  
when their warehouses are full they  
have only a stock sufficient for a short  
time, and the entire capacity will only  
satisfy three-fifths of the consumption  
in a normal year. With this state of  
things, it looks very much as if some-  
body will be wanting crockery and  
china later on and find it hard to get de-  
sirable goods."

### SCHIVEREA'S WORK.

He Is Converting the Soldiers Down  
South.

Rev. D. L. Moody, the great evange-  
list, has issued an address to the public  
concerning the work done among soldiers  
in various camps of the country, and  
among others compliments Reverend  
Schivera who is so well known to East  
Liverpool people. He says:

"Ferdinand Schivera has just gone  
to Jacksonville and reports that the  
spirit of God is already doing mighty  
work there. Everywhere the interest  
in the meetings is unabated; from all  
the camps comes the news of scores of  
men earnestly seeking Christ. At one of  
Mr. Schivera's meetings last week, over  
200 men made a public confession of  
their desire to live Christian lives."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } SS.  
LUCAS COUNTY,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he  
is the senior partner of the firm of F. J.  
Cheney & Co., doing business in the city  
of Toledo, county and state aforesaid,  
and that said firm will pay the sum of  
one hundred dollars for each and every  
case of catarrh that cannot be cured by  
the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in  
my presence, this 9th day of December,  
A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally  
and acts directly on the blood and  
mucous surfaces of the system. Send  
for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.  
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

At Spring Grove.

The services at the campground last  
evening were very largely attended, and  
resulted in several conversions.

Tomorrow will be the last day of  
campmeeting, and a few families will  
move to the city next week, but the ma-  
jority will remain at the ground for sev-  
eral weeks.

The Tombstones will endeavor to  
make arrangements to play one more  
ball game before the season closes.

See the discovery of the "lost art" by  
the Middleman, Saturday evening, Aug.  
13. Prices, 35c, 25c and 15c. Reserved  
seats now on sale at Reed's drug store. \*

Will Finish Monday.

The water works force will next Mon-  
day complete the work of laying 300  
feet of six inch pipe about the East End  
flint mill.

### MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

As was announced in the News  
Review several days ago, con-  
tributions for the Red Cross so-  
ciety will be received at this of-  
fice.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 14.  
Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.  
TOPIC.—Exalt Christ.—Math. xxi, 1-11.

This passage in Matthew tells us the  
familiar story of Christ's triumphant  
entry into Jerusalem a few days be-  
fore His crucifixion. It is the one soli-  
tary instance in the life of Christ where  
He allowed Himself to receive the hom-  
age and adoration due Him. It was a  
magnificent, spontaneous demon-  
stration, showing the estimation in which  
He was held by the multitudes of His  
countrymen, but the fact that perhaps  
a few days later the voices that cried,  
"Hosanna!" then cried "Crucify Him!"  
makes it stand forever as an illustration  
of the fickleness of the human heart and  
of the ease with which the minds of the  
masses of the people may be swayed by  
artful and designing men. But it was  
an exaltation of Christ at the time and  
suggests to us a study in the exalta-  
tion of Christ.

1. The triumphant entry was an en-  
thusiastic exaltation of Christ. Enthu-  
siasm characterized the demonstration  
throughout. The multitudes were wil-  
dely enthusiastic. They stripped the trees  
of branches and spread them before  
Him; they took off their cloaks and  
with these made paths for Him; they  
cheered and cried "Hosanna!" Christ  
is worthy of enthusiastic exaltation.  
Enthusiasm is a good thing when there  
is anything to be enthusiastic over.  
What is worthier of our greatest enthu-  
siasm than the life and work of Christ?

2. The triumphant entry was a public  
exaltation of Christ. In a sense it was  
national as well as local. People from  
various parts of the nation participated  
in it. Christ should be exalted publicly,  
in the community, in the state, in the  
nation. Every Endeavorer should throw  
all the influence of his public life  
strongly in favor of the exaltation of  
Christ.

3. The triumphant entry was an ex-  
altation of the real Christ. Christ was  
there before the people. He was a real  
Christ. To many Christians Christ is  
not as real as He ought to be. Many  
have some sort of a hazy idea that away  
back in the centuries such a person lived,  
but their ideas about Him are very  
unsatisfactory and indistinct. We should  
study more thoroughly the life of  
Christ, live more closely to Him in  
prayer, so that He may become as real  
as an earthly friend standing beside us.  
Then we will present a real Christ to  
the world, and this is what the world  
needs.

4. The triumphant entry was an ex-  
altation of Christ that produced results.  
When He came into Jerusalem, "all  
the city was moved, saying, 'Who is  
this?'" One great object of our exalta-  
tion of Christ should be to lead men to  
inquire about Him and to learn to ad-  
mire Him. If we exalted Christ more  
in our daily walk and conversation, in  
all our private and public actions, men  
would more often say, "Who is this?"  
And this would give us the opportunity  
to tell them who our Christ is and to  
urge them to believe in, profess and ex-  
alt Him.

Bible Readings.—Ps. xxiv, 1-10;  
xxiv, 3; Isa. xlv, 22-25; Math. xvi,  
13-20; xxviii, 18-20; John xiii, 31, 32;  
Acts i, 1-11; iv, 10-12; xv, 25, 26; Rom.  
xiv, 7-12; Gal. ii, 20, 21; Phil. ii, 1-12;  
Col. iii, 1-4, 16, 17; Rev. v, 1-14.

### The True Church.

The note of the true church is not  
correctness, but catholicity. We long  
for a church that shall indeed be "the  
mother of us all." She is not the mother  
of the saints and of the confessors only;  
she is also the mother of heretics and  
reformers. She has room for all. Her  
children must not only have food and  
discipline, but they must also have free-  
dom and light. She does not cast them  
off when they make mistakes. They  
must have room to grow; they must  
have opportunity for experiment and  
adventure. The great thing, after all,  
is not a well kept house, but a healthy,  
happy household.—Christian Register.

### Friendship.

Friendship is the nearest thing we  
know to what religion is. God is love,  
and to make religion akin to friendship  
is simply to give it the highest expres-  
sion conceivable by man.—Ruskin.

### Into the Life.

To be "without natural affection"  
is to lack that element of character up-  
on which the Holy Spirit lays His hand  
in lifting us out of the life of sin and  
into the life of holiness.—American  
Friend.

### The Blackest Misery.

A closed heaven represents the black-  
est misery that humanity is capable of  
suffering.—Rev. W. S. Cassmore.

### Resist Its Arrogance.

Try to cultivate the moral courage  
that will resist the arrogance of fashion.  
—Philadelphia Methodist.

### Dwell With Me.

Gracious Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would gracious be,  
And with words that help and heal  
Would Thy life in mine reveal,  
And with actions bold and meek  
Would for Christ my Saviour speak.

Truthful Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would truthful be,  
And with wisdom kind and clear  
Let Thy life in mine appear,  
And with actions brotherly  
Speak my Lord's sincerity.

Tender Spirit, dwell with me!



## A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the  
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron  
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of  
starch, so that you may find out for yourself  
that all claims for its superiority and econ-  
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,  
at great expense, a series of

## GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given  
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.  
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of  
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No  
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its  
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in  
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,  
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each  
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

### ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION

packages of this brand were sold  
last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell  
you about Elastic Starch. Accept  
no substitute.

### How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or  
six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch  
(Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to re-  
ceive from their grocer one of these  
beautiful Game Plaques free. The  
plaques will not be sent by mail.  
They can be obtained only from your  
grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer  
is for a short time only.

I myself would tender be,  
Shut my heart up like a flower  
At temptation's darksome hour.  
Open it when shines the sun,  
And His love by fragrance own.

Mighty Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would mighty be—  
Mighty so as to prevail  
Ever by a mighty hope  
Pressing on and bearing up.

Holy Spirit, dwell with me!  
I myself would holy be.  
Separate from sin, I would  
Choose and cherish all things good  
And, whatever I can be,  
Give to him who gave me Thee.

—Thomas T. Lynch.

### REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylv-  
ania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylv-  
ania Lines as indicated in the following  
paragraphs. Although concessions in fare  
are authorized for meetings of certain Or-  
ders, tickets may be obtained by any person  
whether a member of the order or interested  
in the event. The reduced rates will be open  
to everybody.

To Richmond, Ind.—August 19th and 20th,  
3000 returning until August 28th, account  
Society of Friends Conference.

To Indianapolis, Ind.—August 29th, 31st  
and 32nd, for Knights of Pythias Grand En-  
campment and Supreme Lodge Session. Re-  
turn limit August 30th, with privilege to ex-  
tend until September 10th.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th  
and 6th, for the G. A. R. National Encamp-  
ment. Good returning until September 13th,  
with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th,  
11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until Oc-  
tober 17th, account Knights Templar Tri-  
ennial Conclave. Return limit may be ex-  
tended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates  
will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines  
for special and local events. For particular  
information please apply to the nearest  
Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or  
address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger  
Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

### Summer in Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a  
summer haven. The climate is remark-  
able for its invigorating effect, and the  
state is rich in grand scenery and points  
of interest where a vacation may be  
pleasantly spent. Special arrangements  
are being made for the entertainment of  
visitors who are this season expected to  
be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of  
the Rockies and the hills and canyons  
of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in  
former years. The fast schedules of the  
Pennsylvania route and connecting lines  
bring the centennial state within easy  
reach, and the cost of a trip thither is  
no longer a luxury. The special low  
rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania  
lines places the cost for transportation  
within the limit of the usual allowance  
for vacation trips. For special informa-  
tion about rates, time of trains and other  
details please apply to nearest Pennsylv-  
ania lines ticket agent or address J. K.  
Dillon, D. P. agt., Pittsburgh, Pa. \*

### Summer Havens.

Illustrated information about America's  
popular summer resorts is being distributed  
by passenger and ticket agents of the Penn-  
sylvania Lines. It includes descriptions of  
leading places of summer sojourn along the  
ocean, in the mountains of the east, and in  
the lake region and Northern Michigan, all  
of which are within easy reach over the  
Pennsylvania route. For a copy please ap-  
ply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket  
agent, or address your requests to J. K. Dil-  
lon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59	Through coaches on Trains 336, 359, 357 and 360 between Cleveland and Bellaire.
		AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	
Pittsburgh	lv	6:45	11:40	14:30	11:00	8:20	
Rochester	"	6:40	2:15	7:25	11:50	8:35	
Beaver	"	6:45	2:20	7:30	11:55	8:30	
Vanport	"	6:50				8:34	
Industry	"	7:00		5:50	12:10	8:44	
Cooks Ferry	"	7:03		5:55	12:11	8:48	
Smiths Ferry	"	7:11	2:40	6:04	12:20	8:55	
East Liverpool	"	7:20	2:49	6:14	12:30	9:05	
Wellsville	ar	7:33	3:00	6:28	12:40	9:15	
Wellsville	lv	7:42	3:05			12:45	
Wellsville Shop	"	7:46				12:50	
Yellow Creek	"	7:52				1:00	
Hammondsville	"	8:01				1:03	
Irontdale	"	8:06	3:22			1:06	
Sallenville	"	8:25	3:38			1:27	
Bayard	"	9:09	4:10			2:05	
Alliance	ar	9:40	4:33			2:30	
Ravenna	lv	10:05	4:58			3:35	
Hudson	"	11:02	5:55			4:30	
Cleveland	ar	12:10	6:25			4:30	
Wellsville	lv	7:47	3:10	6:55	15:55	11:02	
Wellsville Shop	"	7:52	3:13	6:58	5:59	11:05	
Yellow Creek	"	7:57	3:18	7:04	5:59	11:10	
Port Homer	"	8:03	3:23	7:09	5:59	11:15	
Empire	"	8:10	3:28	7:14	6:17	11:21	
Elliottsville	"	8:17	3:33	7:18	6:21	11:23	
Toronto	"	8:21	3:38	7:23	6:30	11:28	
Costonia	"	8:28	3:43	7:30	6:37	11:35	
Steuensburg	ar	8:44	4:00	7:45	6:55	11:45	
Mingo Je	lv	8:51	4:07	7:53	7:05	11:53	
Brilliant	"	8:58	4:14	8:00	7:14	12:01	
Rush Run	"	9:07	4:23	8:09	7:24	12:10	
Portland	"	9:14	4:30	8:15	7:30	12:16	
Yorkville	"	9:19	4:35	8:20	7:37	12:21	
Martins Ferry	"	9:24	4:40	8:25	7:42	12:26	
Bridgeport	"	9:30	4:46	8:31	7:48	12:32	
Bellaire	ar	9:50	5:05	8:45	8:10	12:45	
		AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	
Eastward.		3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	3:42	Daily Meals 3:42
		AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	
Bellaire	lv	14:45	19:00	14:45	19:00	2:45	
Bridgeport	"	14:53	19:08	14:53	19:08	2:45	
Martins Ferry	"	15:01	19:15	15:02	19:16	2:45	
Yorkville	"	15:10	19:25	15:09	19:21	2:45	
Portland	"	15:15	19:30	15:15	19:28	2:45	
Rush Run	"	15:20	19:33	15:19	19:34	2:45	
Brilliant	"	15:28	19:41	15:28	19:41	2:45	
Mingo Je	"	15:35	19:48	15:35	19:48	2:45	
Steuensburg	ar	15:44	19:56	15:44	19:56	2:45	
Costonia	lv	16:00	20:12			14:15	
Toronto	"	6:07	10:17			14:20	
Elliottsville	"	6:11	10:19			14:24	
Empire	"	6:13	10:20			14:27	
Port Homer	"	6:20	10:28			14:37	
Yellow Creek	"	6:26	10:35			14:43	
Wellsville Shop	"	6:31	10:38			14:50	
Wellsville	ar	6:39	10:50			14:55	
Wellsville	lv	7:42				3:05	
Wellsville Shop	"	7:46				3:05	
Yellow Creek	"	7:52				3:05	
Hammondsville	"	8:01				3:05	
Irontdale	"	8:06				3:05	
Sallenville	"	8:25				3:05	
Bayard	"	9:09				3:05	
Alliance	ar	9:40				3:05	
Ravenna	lv	10:05				3:05	
Hudson	"	11:02				3:05	
Cleveland	ar	12:10				3:05	
Wellsville	lv	6:45	10:57	6:51	3:10	2:50	
East Liverpool	"	6:57	11:07	7:00	3:20	4:10	
Smiths Ferry	"	7:07	11:18	7:08	3:30	4:12	
Cooks Ferry	"	7:20	11:28	7:21	3:38	4:14	
Industry	"	7:25	11:30	7:22	3:42	4:25	
Vanport	"	7:31	11:40	7:32	3:45	4:30	
Beaver	"	7:40	11:45	7:36	3:52	4:40	
Rochester	"	7:50	11:50	7:42	3:58	4:45	
Pittsburgh	ar	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	5:40	
		AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos.  
341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337  
and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via  
Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects  
at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown,  
Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and  
intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie,  
Ashtabula and intermediate stations.  
Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for  
New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas  
Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with  
Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.  
L. F. LOREE, E. A. FORD,  
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feel a boundless energy in  
your blood? You can have  
these and renewed vitality  
by taking a dose of Paragon  
Tea before retiring. Our  
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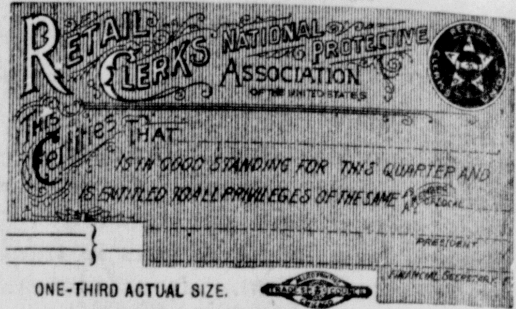
## UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of  
all union workmen and union sympa-  
thizers, and particularly those members  
of the different organizations of East  
Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union  
Label goods, in preference to all others.  
And why not? If we ask fair wages for  
our labor, why should we buy goods  
made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is  
a guarantee of fair wages, decent work-  
ing hours, and union labor employed.

### PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card  
Ask for it when making your purchases.  
Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.  
Good only during months named in lower left corner and when  
properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

### UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe  
Workers' union is  
the national head of  
the trade, and is a  
new combination of  
all the branches of  
boot and shoe work-  
ers. The above  
trade-mark when  
found on the sole or  
lining of a boot or  
shoe, is a guarantee  
that the same is made by union labor. Look  
for the above design stamped on the sole of  
every pair of boots or shoes you buy.



# WAS A VERY BUSY DAY

Mayor Bough Had as Much as He Could Do.

## M'CONNAUGHY GONE TO LISBON

The Bond Was Not Given, and the Authorities Wanted the Matter Settled. Cases Disposed of at the Hearing This Morning.

"It was a busy day, one of the best we ever had."

That was what Mayor Bough said to a reporter this morning, and the lot of news he gave out bore out his statement. All the officers did some part of the work yesterday although not many arrests were charged to them. No less than eight boys, who were before the mayor yesterday, stand a good chance of being sent to Lancaster.

James Feenan, who has been before the bar of justice upon several occasions, was arrested by Officer Woods in West Market street yesterday afternoon. Feenan was drunk and became disorderly. The patrol was called, and he was taken to jail, where a charge of disorderly conduct was placed against him. This morning Mayor Bough recognized Feenan, and after thinking of his former case fined him \$7.60 and committed him to the works. His friends this morning were trying to secure his release.

John Cannon, arrested Thursday night by Officer Grim for being drunk, was fined last evening. Unless he can make arrangements to pay \$7.60 by Monday morning he will be taken to the works.

James Hanlon was arrested by Officer Grim yesterday afternoon on a charge of fighting. He was in a quarrel several days ago and the information was filed against him Thursday. He was given the choice of paying \$7.60 or going to the works until the amount is paid.

James McConnaughy was taken to Lisbon this morning by Chief Johnson. In speaking of his case Mayor Bough said: "I understood since last Monday that the bond would be given by the middle of the week. I got tired of waiting indefinitely for it, and just sent him to jail. Of course the bond can be given at Lisbon, but it will cost more."

Edward Schneider, for whom a warrant was issued yesterday afternoon for fighting, had not appeared at city hall up to noon today. It is thought he will appear by this evening.

Frank Ward, a boy of 14 years, appeared at city hall, last night, on a complaint filed by Grocer DeBee, of West Market street. Ward took several pears from the complainant's store. He was released last night after a severe lecture.

Mrs. Knapp, who lives in a boat on the beach near Second street, filed a complaint yesterday morning against Carlos Braden, John Owets and Samuel Dawson. The boys are not over 13 years old, and were charged with throwing stones and using abusive language. The boys denied all the charges, last night, and were let off with a lecture. They will be sent to the reform school if they appear again.

An officer this morning at the instance of Mayor Bough removed four produce wagons from the Diamond. If the owners take them there again they will be arrested.

## TO HARRISBURG

Prof. O. S. Reed Will Carry the Resolutions of Gen. Lyon Post.

At the meeting of General Lyon post last evening, it was decided that Prof. O. S. Reed, chaplain, should take the resolutions asking that a commission be given Captain Palmer. He will personally deliver them to Governor Hastings.

Professor Reed is now arranging for a meeting with the governor.

## Fixing the Approaches.

The work of filling the approaches to the Jethro bridge was commenced this morning, and the first step was to tear down the unnecessary stone wall. The approaches will at last be put in first class condition, as a man has been secured who understands the work.

## CANCELING STAMPS.

According to the new revenue law you must cancel every stamp you put on a check, and you must put a stamp on every check you draw. The News Review has the best canceler. Leave your order to once.

## Notice.

By special request the great pottery play, "The Middleman," will be repeated Saturday evening, Aug. 13.

## ANGLO-SAXON UNION.

Lord Wolseley Advocates Close Alliance Between America and England.

Hiram S. Maxim, the inventor of the Maxim gun, and a staunch American, has received a letter from Lord Wolseley, commander of the British army, who expresses the warmest advocacy of close union between the United States and Great Britain.

Mr. Maxim arrived from England recently. He says that everywhere he found the greatest enthusiasm when the project of a union of the branches of the Anglo-Saxon races was mentioned. The inventor has begun a campaign for the unity of the race on his own account. It was in reply to a communication from him advocating his cherished plan that Lord Wolseley wrote this



LORD WOLSELEY.

letter, a copy of which, with the permission of the English commander, Mr. Maxim has given to the New York Herald. The letter is as follows:

WAR OFFICE, LONDON, S. W., May 19.

DEAR MR. MAXIM—Your letter of the 18th inst. is intensely interesting to me, and I fully indorse all you say about the absolute necessity of the closest possible union between all sections of the Anglo-Saxon race. If we two nations—Great Britain and the United States—were one in our aims and objects and determined to have that peace on earth which insures good will among men, no foreign nation would dare fire a shot without our leave.

I am sending on your letter to be read by others, for I think your proposed "campaign" would be worth to us far more than a dozen Wei-Hai-Wei's or Sudans and to the United States far more than Cuba, Manila and the whole kingdom of Ferdinand and Isabella thrown in. I will let you know by and by. With very kind regards to you and Mrs. Maxim, believe me to be very truly yours,

WOLSELEY.

To Hiram S. Maxim, Esq., 18 Queen's Gate Place, S. W.

"Recent talk of complications with Russia," says Mr. Maxim, "have brought the attention of England still more to the discussion of an alliance with the United States. It is the general feeling that Russia is trying to crowd England out of the trade with China. Englishmen feel that they should have the moral support of the United States and that in matters of keeping open the ports of China for trade the two nations who are so near akin should stand together."

## THE HOPE OF PORTO RICO.

Manuel Argueso Says the Natives Want Nothing So Much as Annexation.

Manuel Argueso is a member of the firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. Like the head of the firm, he is a citizen of the United States. The firm of Juan M. Ceballos & Co. represents the Spanish transatlantic steamship line which has received the contract to return the Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain. Mr. Argueso is a native of Porto Rico, but a naturalized American. His interests and his family relations are in the island. Mr. Argueso says the natives of the entire island will welcome Americans with open arms just as they have done at Ponce and Yauco. But there are 40,000 to 50,000 wealthy Spaniards who will be so bitter that they will feel they can no longer live in Porto Rico. These people, Mr. Argueso says, constitute a landlord class and own some of the most valuable plantations on the island. He thinks they will be so anxious to leave that they will sell for what they can get and hurry to Spain. Mr. Argueso thinks it will be a great thing for the island if these estates are bought by Americans and the Spanish owners find the way easy to leave.

Americans, he says, would introduce improved machinery and enterprise in the management of the estates and greatly increase the productiveness. The agricultural labor of the country is divided four-fifths in sugar raising and one-fifth on coffee plantations. The sugar estates are in the eastern part. Most of the product goes to the United States. The coffee plantations are on the slopes of the hilly west. The Porto Rican coffee goes to France, where it holds first rank as a favorite. The people of Porto Rico, Mr. Argueso says, do not want independence. They will hail annexation as the best for them. There is a large illiterate population which is incapable of self government. Annexation, the intelligent believe, will bring in American enterprise and capital. The island is very rich and nearly all investments yield large returns, but under the policy of Spanish government the resources and earnings of the island have for three centuries been drained by Spain. The people understand this thoroughly, and that is why they so enthusiastically welcome the Americans and want nothing so much as annexation.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## BACK FROM THE WAR

BRAVE CHARLES ESCUDERO CARRIED WATER TO FIGHTING SOLDIERS.

Went With His Father's Company to Santiago—Ministered to the Comfort of the Wounded and Dying at San Juan Hill. Had Fever, but Recovered.

Bronzed by the sun of a southern clime and in his ears still ringing the whiz of Mauser bullets which he heard at the battles of San Juan hill and Santiago, there arrived in New York recently Charles Escudero, 13 years old, who marched by the side of his father, a regular army soldier, during the campaign in Cuba. This lad carried by his side during the battles a canteen, which he replenished from time to time with cold spring water, drafts of which he gave to those who were active in battle or lying helpless and wounded on the field.

This child started at 8 o'clock the other night over the Pennsylvania railroad to join his mother and little brothers and sisters in Columbus, O., to tell them stories of the scenes he had witnessed. He was sent home by the Children's Aid society, for he arrived here almost penniless and without a friend to greet him. He wore a dirty campaign hat on which he had inked his initials, "C. E.," and the figure "9" to tell that he was of the Ninth United States infantry. Over a blue flannel shirt, much the worse for wear, the lad wore a seersucker coat, wrinkled and worn. His trousers, of the same material, were spotted and grimy, and it needed no words to tell that these garments had been worn night and day while fighting men about him depended upon him for aid and comfort.

The boy's father, William A. Escudero, joined the army 26 years ago, and is now a member of Company F, Ninth infantry. The company was stationed at Madison barracks, Sacket's Harbor, N. Y., when orders were received to start for Tampa. It happened that Charlie had left his home in Columbus a few weeks before to visit his father, and when the orders came he was visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Louise Escudero, in Sacket's Harbor.

Charles is a bright little chap and became a great favorite with his father's companions. So when the orders came for the company to go to the front the men and even the boy's father asked Charles to accompany them. Since then he has seen the hardships of war, and the other day there were still upon him the effects of malarial fever that has claimed so many victims. He was stricken with the fever, and at one time his life was despaired of, but the sturdy lad overcame disease, and on his father's suggestion came north on the transport Louisiana, which arrived the other night.

The lad left the transport and inquired his way to the army building, where in a manly fashion he told his story to Major William Ewall, in charge of transportation. Major Ewall wrote this letter to Samuel Carpenter, general eastern passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad:

"This will introduce to you Charles Escudero, a young soldier who has returned from Santiago, Cuba, on one of the transports, where he was engaged in carrying water for the soldiers during the fight. He is very anxious to get to his home at Columbus, O., and being without means I recommend him to you for your consideration."

Mr. Carpenter was ready to give Charles reduced rates, but as the lad had no money save a few pennies Mr. Carpenter wrote a letter to Ernest H. Opitz of the Children's Aid society, and Charles presented it. Mr. Opitz scanned the boy closely and questioned him minutely. Mr. Opitz noticed that the lad's shoes were torn and mutely told the story of his long marches.

"All right, my lad, we'll send you home," Mr. Opitz said. "When? Why, tonight, if you are in a hurry. You are, eh? Well, we'll give you new clothes and something to eat and put you on the train for Columbus."

"All right," Charles replied. "I'm nervous and want to get home. I don't want to waste any time. I've been through enough."

"I don't want to talk," the boy said when I accosted him. "I'm too tired and nervous. All I want is to get home."

"Tell me how you came to go away."

"Why, the fellows, the boys of my father's company, asked me to and I did; that's all. They said I'd be their mascot. We staid in Tampa for two months. I worked as 'helper' to the cooks. Then we took the Santiago to Cuba from Port Tampa. We landed in the sand at Siboney. We staid there one day and then moved up six miles the next day, and then we got into the fight. That was the battle of San Juan hill. Only one man in our company was wounded. He was shot in the foot before we got into battle."

"Where was I? Why, by my father's side most of the time, but I carried water to all the fellers. I kept filling my canteen. I got water from a spring. Why, the further we marched the further away the spring was. Say, the Spaniards had sharpshooters up in trees, but we got on to them, and the negro troops just hunted those sharpshooters like squirrels."

"Tell me how the battle looked to you."

"Looked to me? Why, it looked to me as if they ought to massacre the Americans. I didn't have time to look around much, I was too busy. Certainly I was scared at first, but I was too busy to look round. I was giving water to the men on the fighting line and the wounded men. I couldn't keep track to see what was going on. Yes, I saw the battle of Santiago, but that was just like the other. Father's company is quartered in a theater in Santiago now—that is, it was when I left him."—New York Herald.

## THE CUBAN ALLIES.

Experiences of General Young With the Insurgent Soldiers at Santiago.

Since he came back from Santiago General S. B. M. Young has been telling his experiences with the Cuban soldiers. On the day before the battle of



GENERAL S. B. M. YOUNG.

July 1 General Castillo came over to General Young's headquarters, and this conversation took place:

General Young—We are going into the battle early in the morning. Can you give us some help?

General Castillo—Certainly, sir.

General Young—How many men can you put in?

General Castillo—I will have 800 ready to obey any command you give.

General Young—Very well. We shall open the battle at 5 o'clock in the morning. That means 5 o'clock—no later. Will you be ready?

General Castillo—We will.

General Young—Send a staff officer to me at 4:30 in the morning for orders. Whom will you send?

General Castillo—I will send no one. I will come myself to receive the orders.

The time appointed came and went without the appearance of General Castillo or any staff officer of the Cubans. Five o'clock passed, without any Cubans. The day went by, and General Young saw no Cubans.

"But," said General Young, "when the fighting was over and snapper time arrived the Cubans were on hand."—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Wanted—A Patent.

Among the strange applications which reach the patent office one, filed some years ago, was most extraordinary, it being a petition for a patent for an ant guard which consisted in merely drawing a chalk mark around a table or other place by which it was claimed the approach of ants was stopped. It seems that chalk makes an ant's legs slip as soaping a track prevents a railway engine from starting. The petition was novel and caused considerable amusement. The application, however, was refused on the ground that there was nothing new in the invention, that chalk had been used for such purposes before and that such ideas were not patentable.

## Jes' Keep Yer Eye on Miles!

Our hero list is stretchin out  
In hefty shape, an, full of glee,  
The people whoop, hooray an shout  
For valiant men on land an sea,  
And while yer watchin them same Yanks  
An floodin 'em with grateful smiles  
An loadin 'em with joyful thanks  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

We sing of Dewey's gallant work,  
Of Schley in that Cervera play,  
Of Hobson an his collier cork,  
Down there at Santiago bay;  
Of Shafter chasin Spanish dons  
Through tangled brakes an deep defiles,  
But while ye cheer these noble sons  
Jes' keep an eye on Miles!

We snickered at his gaudy dress,  
His overshov of golden lace,  
An hinted that sich gorgeousness  
Was dandified an out of place.  
His famous bathtub was the brunt  
Of volleys of contemptuous smiles,  
But now that he is at the front  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Back in the civil war he made  
A name that echoed o'er the earth.  
He caught a fightin hand an played  
The game for all that it was worth.  
He stacked up martial glory then  
In frequent an heroic piles,  
An now that he's at work again  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

Out here back in the troublous days  
When savage reds was huntin hair  
His fightin glory seemed to blaze  
Like gleamin meteors in the air,  
An, though of late his martial fame  
Was built on flashy, dressy styles,  
He's that same fighter Jes' the same,  
So keep yer eye on Miles!

Jes' watch the Porto Rican news,  
An one of these hot summer days  
You'll feel like jumpin from yer shoes  
An split the echoes with his praise!  
Won't be a bit of ridicule,  
But up in air will go yer tiles,  
Accompanied with whoops, if ye'll  
Jes' keep yer eye on Miles!

—Denver Post.

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Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

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The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.



## TO THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,  
Owner and Manager.

## TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Asa Greer, of Gardendale, a son.

George Travis spent the day in New Cumberland on legal business.

The pressers at the Brunt knob pottery were laid off yesterday for a few days.

The steamer Princess passed up this morning with several flats of fire brick in tow.

Mrs. John A. Saint, of Calcutta road, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is slowly improving.

A valuable horse owned by Charles Forster died this morning at the stables at the foot of Washington street.

There will be no meetings in the Salvation Army barracks tomorrow as the improvements are not yet completed.

Workmen at the East End flint mill are making excellent progress, and it will not be long until all the machinery is installed.

A large number of young people are this evening expected to leave the city on the Keystone State for Cincinnati. They will return to the city next Friday afternoon.

A number of men from this place left at noon, for Pittsburg where they this afternoon attended the races at McKee's Rocks. They will return home tonight at 1:30 o'clock.

The train due in the city at 8:20 this morning, did not arrive until 8:55. The delay was caused at Rochester, where the train was delayed by freights on the Ft. Wayne road.

A meeting of the Women's Good Citizen's union will be held at the First M. E. church, Monday evening, at 7:30. A full attendance is desired, and all others are invited.

The household effects of M. J. Allison, from Toronto, were received at the freight depot yesterday afternoon. It is the first moving to be received from the west for many weeks.

Paul Rhoades, a checkman at the freight depot, who sprained his back Tuesday is now able to be out. He is unable to lift anything, and can only walk with the aid of a cane.

Reverend Weary returned to the city this morning from Sandusky, and will conduct the usual services at St. Stephen's church tomorrow. He will return to the lakes next week.

Rev. George Menon, of New Cumberland, arrived in the city, this morning, and went to Columbiana where he will preach tomorrow. He is pastor of the Christian church at Cumberland.

Since Officer White took Jim Sharp to the workhouse the officers are counting how many are now spending their time in that institution. So far only two, including Sharp, are at the works from this place.

Evangelist Ditmore and several others of the church he represents spoke in the Diamond last evening and attracted a large crowd. He is here for the purpose of establishing, if possible, a branch of his church in this city.

The Sunday schools of Empire and Toronto are holding their annual outing on the Virginia side today. A special train composed of seven coaches and containing about 400 people arrived in the city at 9:15 this morning.

Yesterday at the freight depot a large amount of business was handled, and a large number of cars were sent out from the outbound platform. Receipts were very large, and business for the day was up to any day during the week.

Jethro street sidewalks in several places between Lisbon and Division streets are completely covered with dirt and pedestrians have to climb over small heaps of dirt in order to get along the street. The pavements in Eighth street are in very much the same condition and the newly paved gutters are used by pedestrians a great deal more than the sidewalks.

## MISSIONARIES KILLED.

Two Ladies, One From Ohio, Victims of a Frightful Accident in Yokohama Harbor.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 13.—The steamer Victoria, from the Orient, yesterday brought news of a frightful accident in Yokohama harbor, whereby two lady missionaries of the American mission board, Misses Simmons and Allen, lost their lives. The two ladies had a number of friends who were journeying to this side of the Pacific by the Empress of India, and they went out in a launch to see them off. While going ashore a junk struck the launch. Miss Simmons was killed instantly and Miss Allen died of her injuries in the Yokohama hospital on July 30, a few hours before the Victoria sailed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Miss Belle J. Allen and Miss Maude E. Simmons, the two missionaries who were killed in Yokohama harbor July 30, were graduates of the Chicago Methodist Training school for missionaries, and were well known in religious circles. Miss Allen came from Darbyville, O.

## THANKED GEN. SHAFTER.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union Pleased With His Stand Against Liquor Selling in the Army.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The last session of the national convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence union was held yesterday in Faneuil hall. The first business was the adoption of a resolution thanking General Shafter for the stand he had taken against the use and sale of intoxicating liquors in canteens in the army at Santiago and for his refusal to permit cargoes of beer from the United States to be landed there.

It was voted to hold the next national convention at Chicago on the second Wednesday in August, 1899.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President, Bishop Tierney of Hartford; first vice president, J. Washington Logue, Washington; second vice president, Walter J. Gibbons, Chicago; third vice president, Mrs. Leonora M. Lake, St. Louis; treasurer, Rev. D. F. McGillicuddy, Worcester; secretary, Rev. A. P. Doyle, New York.

## May Canonize Bishop Newmann.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The tribunal of priests that has been conducting the investigations in connection with the effort to secure the canonization of the late Bishop Newmann, fourth bishop of Philadelphia, has completed its work as far as this city is concerned. Rev. Joseph Wissel of St. Joseph's Catholic church, will leave for Rome on Aug. 20 with a copy of the acts of the tribunal.

## Our Expanding Boundaries.

Hereafter the man who says that he doesn't want to go to Europe until he has been all over his own country first will have to spend a pile going to Porto Rico and another pile going to Cuba and another on Manila before he can dream of dating his letters Paris and London.—Atchison Globe.

## A Union Bouquet.

As flowers gathered here and there,  
From mountain, grove and dingle,  
A singleness of beauty bear  
When in a mass they mingle.  
So will the hero deeds that grow  
In fields of Cuban story  
Blend in sweet harmony to show  
A welded nation's glory.  
—Richmond Dispatch.

## Spain's Big Three.

It is intimated in Paris that Polo, the late Spanish minister to Washington, will be named by Spain as one of her commissioners to negotiate peace with the United States. If he is chosen, De Lome and Weyler should also be appointed.—New York Mail and Express.

## As Well as Vexatious.

When American enterprise begins to build railroads in Cuba, it will be curious to hear conductors calling out the names of some of those stations.—Philadelphia Times.

## THRIFTY SOLDIERS.

A Guthrie (Mo.) soldier boy began his letter home from Siboney: "Inclosed find \$50, my army pay. Buy calves with it for me."

Not a few of the First Kentucky men in camp at Chickamauga have profited handsomely by plying their vocations. Private Lucas Seifker, the pugilist, is a barber. Last pay day he collected from the regiment over \$150. Private Becker, a saddler, has made \$100 or more in repairing leggings.

A Kentucky volunteer, Private Sam Tudor of Company L, Second regiment, has started a day school at Chickamauga for the instruction of those of his comrades who cannot read or write and who do not understand arithmetic. Tudor has about 20 pupils, and new applications are being filed every day.

One of the odd ways of making money at Chickamauga has been by tattooing the soldiers. The tattooing artist reached the camp of the First Missouri and in two days carried away \$170 from the regiment. He charged from 25 to 50 cents for a set of initials incised with a fancy scroll. Both officers and men patronized him liberally, and some of the "spread eagle," "flag" and other patriotic designs are quite artistic.—New York World.

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## INCREASE IN TRADE.

Dun's Review Says the Peace Prospects Caused Large Orders to Be Placed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Prospects of peace have had a curious influence on business contracts, not quite explainable on common sense grounds. Nobody really feared disaster, or exhaustion of national resources and nobody feared that anybody else was afraid of either. Yet orders unusual in number and size have been placed since Spain asked for peace. In some industries the gains have been large for about two weeks, while in some textile manufactures it has only begun to appear this week, but involves a considerable increase in the working force. Crop prospects are on the whole more encouraging for the government's last report as to corn is much larger than the commercial estimates. Rarely has the financial outlook been more nearly unclouded.

While wheat is 4 cents higher for the week there is less doubt than a week ago that it will rule lower during the coming year. The general holding back of grain by farmers and consequent heavy shrinkage in western receipts have reduced the visible supply below all past records, but everybody understands that at this date many times that quantity is almost within a day's run of Chicago. The more effective change is the decrease in exports.

The price of corn has declined a shade for cash.

The iron and steel trade fully supports inferences drawn from recent events. The demand for steel is so heavy that some of the biggest concerns have been buying, one taking 40,000 tons, advancing the price at Pittsburg from \$14.50 to \$15.25, which was at last refused. Bessemer pig is steady, and other pig there and at eastern and western markets generally, but rails have been advanced by eastern makers to \$18 per ton, the makers of structural beams have advanced the price \$1 per ton and makers of merchant pipe have advanced the price 5 per cent, while plate makers are crowded to the point of refusing orders, both east and west, and bars are stronger, with many mills engaged for weeks ahead.

The demand for woolen goods is now much better, although not yet extensive enough to warrant paying the prices asked for new wool, and nearly all of the buying has been of old stock. The aggregate sales at three chief markets have been only 5,432,700 pounds for the week, about a third of the sales in the same week of 1897, while in 1892 for the corresponding week sales were 7,164,600 pounds.

For the week failures have been 196 in the United States, against 239 last year, and 18 in Canada, against 39 last year.

## Put Flags on Confederate Graves.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The Confederate soldiers of the rebellion, members of Pickett's division, who are visiting this city, yesterday placed small American flags on the graves of their fallen comrades who are buried in the National cemetery in Germantown. Rev. S. A. Grimsley, a Baptist minister of Richmond, who was in the thick of the fight at Gettysburg, delivered the oration. A volley was fired over the graves by the Sixty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers.

## ADMIRAL KIRKLAND DEAD.

An Operation on the Naval Officer Resulted Fatally.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug. 13.—Rear Admiral Kirkland, U. S. N., died at about 7 o'clock last evening. His death was the result of an operation.

The funeral will take place from St. Vincent's Catholic church of Vallejo on Sunday. The remains have been embalmed and will be placed temporarily in the vault at St. Vincent's cemetery. Later they will be removed to Brooklyn, for interment beside the remains of his daughter, who is buried there.

## Reber Appointed Chaplain.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Rev. John E. Reber of Rosborough was yesterday appointed by Governor Hastings chaplain of the Third Pennsylvania regiment at Ferdinand, Fla.

## SPEECH OF THE QUEEN.

Little to Say on Eastern Controversy. Referred to Peace Negotiations.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Parliament was prorogued yesterday. The queen's speech of prorogation contained nothing of importance on the eastern question except the following:

"The changes which have taken place in the territorial relation of other powers with the Chinese empire have induced me to conclude agreements by which the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei and certain positions adjacent to my colony of Hongkong have been leased to me by the emperor of China."

"I trust that these arrangements will conduce to the maintenance of the independence and the sanctity of his empire, and will be favorable to the development of the extensive commerce which is carried on between the people of Great Britain and China."

Concerning the Spanish-American war the queen says:

"Her majesty has witnessed with the deepest sorrow the hostilities between Spain and the United States. The present negotiations give hope of an honorable and enduring peace."

## DAY TO BE A JUDGE.

Reported He Will Be Appointed to the Sixth U. S. Circuit.

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 13.—Secretary of State Day will be appointed United States judge for the Sixth circuit court as soon as he resigns from the cabinet at the close of the war. This was learned from the most reliable authority here yesterday.

## Condition of Mrs. McKinley's Uncle.

CANTON, O., Aug. 13.—Physicians have found that Joseph S. Saxton, Mrs. McKinley's uncle, was not injured internally when he was knocked down by a motor, therefore, they declare he will recover.

## Young Withdrew His Application.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 13.—Harry P. Young, one of the owners of the land near Middletown where the Second division of the Second army corps will camp, yesterday withdrew his application for an injunction to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad company from putting down sidings on the property.

Utah has the only deposit of pure pumice stone in the United States.

## YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—Boston, 8 runs, 10 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 2 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Klobedanz and Bergen; Young and O'Connor. Umpires, Snyder and Connolly. Attendance, 3,500.

At New York—New York, 4 runs, 5 hits and 1 error; Chicago, 3 runs, 11 hits and 6 errors. Batteries, Rusie and Warner; Callahan and Donahue. Umpires, Emslie and Hunt. Attendance, 3,000.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors; Cincinnati, 4 runs, 11 hits and 4 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Breitenstein and Peitz. Umpires, Lynch and Andrews. Attendance, 500.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; St. Louis, 2 runs, 5 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Platt and McFarland; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires, Swartwood and Warner. Attendance, 1,119.

Baltimore-Pittsburg game postponed on account of rain.

Washington-Louisville game postponed on account of rain.

## League Standing.

	W	L	Pc.		W	L	Pc.
Cincinnati	66	35	.653	Pittsburg	50	44	.528
Boston	62	35	.639	Phila	44	49	.473
Cleveland	59	37	.615	Brooklyn	36	58	.383
Baltimore	53	38	.582	Louisville	36	61	.371
New York	54	43	.557	Wash	33	61	.351
Chicago	55	45	.550	St. Louis	29	71	.290

## Games Scheduled For Today.

Pittsburg at Baltimore, Cleveland at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Chicago at New York, St. Louis at Philadelphia and Louisville at Washington.

## Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 3 runs, 11 hits and 1 error; New Castle, 4 runs, 11 hits and 3 errors. Batteries, Norcom and Campbell; Minnehan and Zinram.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 1 run, 10 hits and 3 errors; Springfield, 1 run, 9 hits and 5 errors. Batteries, Kellum and Belt; Peole and Graffius. Called end of sixteenth inning on account of darkness.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 7 runs, 1 hit and 6 errors; Youngstown, 8 runs, 10 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Wayne and Coto; Miller and Schreengost.

Dayton forfeited the game to Toledo by refusing to continue play in the tenth inning when the score was 3 to 4.



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